# SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY, Tirupati-517502

# MSc programme in Biotechnology CBCS pattern (with effect from 2016-17) Semester-I

S. No	Components of Study	Title of the Paper	Instruction hours per week	Credits	Internal Assessment Marks	End Semester Exam Marks	Total
1	Core 1	Structure and functions of Biomolecules	6	4	20	80	100
2	Core 2	Advanced tools and techniques	6	4	20	80	100
3	Core 3	Practical related to Biochemical Preparations and Analysis	6	4	-	-	100
4	Core 4	Practical related to Analytical methods	6	4	-	-	100
5	Compulsory Foundation	Microbiology and Immunology	6	4	20	80	100
6	Elective foundation	Human values and Professional ethics-I	6	4	20	80	100
	Total		36	24	-	-	600

## **Core 1: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS OF BIOMOLECULES**

#### **UNIT - I: Carbohydrates**

- 1.1 Chemistry of carbohydrates Definition and classification of carbohydrates.
- 1.2 Outlines of structures and properties of important mono- (Glucose & Fructose), di- (Lactose, Sucrose, Maltose) and polysaccharides (Glycogen, Cellulose, Chitin).
- 1.3 Physical and Chemical reactions of carbohydrates
- 1.4 Analysis of carbohydrates- Qualitative and Quantitative

#### **UNIT - II: Amino acids and Proteins**

- 2.1 Chemistry of amino acids and proteins Classification of amino acids, Structures of amino acids, Chemical reactions of amino acids.
- 2.2 Peptide bond Nature of peptide bond,  $pi/\phi$  rotation. Ramachandran plot, Secondary structure predictions, helices and beta-sheets, Determination of primary structure.
- 2.3 Proteins and their classification, properties of proteins, determination of amino acid sequences (N and C terminus) Tertiary/quaternary structure of proteins (myoglobin/ hemoglobin model).
- 2.4 Structural organization of proteins Outline structures and biological functions. Protein folding and significance.

## **UNIT - III: Lipids**

- 3.1 Chemistry of lipids Classification of lipids, Properties of lipids,
- 3.2 Outline structures of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, fats and waxes,
- 3.3 phospholipids, glycolipids, cholesterol, prostaglandins, leukotrienes. Lipids as signaling molecules.
- 3.4 Structure and functions of, heterocyclic molecules, porphyrins and vitamins.

#### **UNIT - IV: Nucleic acids**

- 4.1 Chemistry of nucleic acids Structure of purines and pyrimidines, modified bases nucleosides and nucleotides;
- 4.2 Properties of nitrogen bases and nucleotides
- 4.3 Structure, variation and properties of DNA and RNA.
- 4.4 DNA denaturation and renaturation kinetics, Determination of DNA complexity, Hyperchromacity, Tm, cot curves and their significance.

- 1. Biochemical techniques: Theory and Practical. 1987. J.p. Robft and B.J. White, Waveland Press, Inc. Prospect heights, IL, pp. 407.
- 2. Biochemistry. 1992. R.H. Abeles, Panima Publication. PP 894.
- 3. Principles of Biochemistry. 2nd ed. 1993. A.L. Lehninger, D.L.Nelson.M.Cox. Paniama Publications. PP. 1090.
- 4. Harper's biochemistry. 1988. R.K. Murray. O.K. Granner, P.A. Mayes. Printice Hall International.
- 5. Biochemistry. 1988. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Zubay. Addision-Sesley Publication.
- 6. Biochemistry. 1988. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Luber Stryer. Freeman International.
- 7. Biochemistry of the Nucleic acids. 1992. 11<sup>lh</sup> ed. R.L.P Adams, J.T. Knowler, D.P Leader, Chapman and Hall.
- 8. Proteins: Structure, function and evolution. Dickerson & Geis, 2"d Edn.Banjamin/Cummings, Meulopark, Calif 1983.
- 9. The Proteins: Neurath and Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn. Academic New York.

- 10. Biochemistry, A problem approach, 2<sup>ntl</sup> ed. Wood, W.B., Addison Wesley, 1981.
- 11. Biological Chemistry, Mahler & Cordes.
- 12. Text book of Biochemistry West, W.S. Todd, Mason & Vanbruggen, Macmillian & Co.
- 13. Principles of Biochemistry White -A, Handler, P and Smith E.LMc.Graw-Hill.
- 14. Biochemistry-Cantrow, A. Sehepartz. B. Sunders-Japan.
- 15. The Carbohydrates: Pigman & Hartman Vol.II -A& ll-B.
- 16. Biochemistry Voet & Voet.
- 17. Comprehensive biochemistry Florkin & Storz, Academic Press.
- 18. Organic Chemistry, T.L. Eeunar, ELBS.
- 19. Organic Chemistry, J.P. Cohen, Vol.3, Edward Arnold & Co.
- 20. Basic principles of organic chemistry Roberts & Cashino (Benjamin).

#### **Core 2: ADVANCED TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES**

## **UNIT** - **I:** Cell and its components analysis

- 1.1 Isolation techniques Cell disruption techniques sonication, french press, enzymatic, non-enzymatic techniques.
- 1.2 Isolation of proteins salting in/out, ammonium sulphate fractionation. Nucleic acids polar solvents precipitation. Lipids extraction by differential solubility.
- 1.3 Concentration of macromolecules flash evaporation, lyophilization, pressure dialysis, reverse dialysis, hollow fiber membrane filters and reverse osmosis.
- 1.4 Microscopic studies (principles and applications): Light, compound, phase contrast, confocal and SEM

#### **UNIT -II:** Separation techniques

- 2.1 Adsorption chromatography principles, counter current distribution and its significance, Adsorption materials - paper, silica gel, cellulose acetate, affinity chromatography, merits and demerits –Instrumentation -TLC, GLC, HPLC.
- 2.2 Size- Filtration, Dialysis, principles and applications-molecular sieve chromatography principle. Determination of void volume, extension co-efficient and molecular mass of native molecules. Density- Centrifugation technique density gradient sucrose, cesium chloride, Determination of sedimentation co-efficient, Molecular mass.
- 2.3 Charge- Ion exchange chromatography Matrices Principles of separation of charged molecules. Chromatography separations
- 2.4 Electrophoresis principles governing the movement of charged molecules in the electric field. Relationship of voltage, current and the mobility of biomolecules. Matrices used in electrophoresis starch, cellulose acetate, agarose, polyacrylamide. Use of PAGE for separation of proteins, molecular mass determination. Immunoelectrophoresis, Separation of nucleic acids using agarose gel electrophoresis. Blotting techniques western, southern and northern blotting techniques.

## **UNIT - III: Spectroscopy**

- 3.1 Characterization of biomolecules by Spectroscopy Electromagnetic spectrum of light, simple theory of absorption of light by molecules, Beer-Lambert law, Types of detectors.
- 3.2 UV-visible spectrophotometry, infrared Spectroscopy, Raman Spectroscopy, fluorescence Spectroscopy, flame photometry, atomic absorption, plasma emission, mass, ESR and NMR spectrophotometry.
- 3.3 Optical rotatory dispersion (ORD) and Circular Dichroism (CD)
- 3.4 X-ray diffraction and X-ray crystallography.

## **UNIT - IV: Radiobiology**

- 4.1 Radioisotope tracer techniques Nature and types of radioactivity, half life, decay units, Preparation of labeled biological compounds,
- 4.2 Detection and measurement of radioactivity (GM counter, scintillation counter), quench correction, Autoradiography.
- 4.3 Labeling of carbohydrates ( $C^{14}$  acetate), proteins ( $S^{35}$  methionine,  $I^{125}$  aminoacid) and nucleic acids ( $P^{32}$  dATP).
- 4.4 Biological uses of radioisotopes, Isotope dilution techniques, Safety measures in handling radioisotopes.

#### **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Biochemical techniques: Theory and Practical. 1987. J.F. Robft and B.J. White, Waveland Press, Inc. Prospect Heights, IL, PP407.
- 2. Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry, 1994. 4th ed, Eds. K. Wilson and J. Walker.
- 3. Physical Biochemistry: Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. David Freifelder. W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 4. Affinity Chromatography: Bio selective adsorption on insert matrices. 1992. W.H. Scouten, John Wiley & Sons, New York, PP 348.
- 5. Applications of HPLC in Biochemistry; Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. 1987. A. Fallen, R.F.G. Booth and L.D. Bell, eds. Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, the Netherlands. PP 338.
- 6. Electron microscopy; Principles and Techniques for biologists. 1992. J,J. Bozola and L.D. Rusel, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Boston, M.A. PP 542.
- 7. Electrophoresis: Theory, techniques and biochemical applications. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1986. A.T. Andrews, Oxford University Press, Oxford. PP 452.
- 8. Enzymatic analysis : A practical guide. 1993. Janet. V. Passonneau and Oliver. H. Lowry, Humana Press, Totowa, N.J. PP400.
- 9. Enzyme assay : A Practical Approach. 1992. R. Eisenthal and M. J. Danson, Eds. IRL Press. PP. 351.
- 10. Flow Cytometry: A practical approach. 1990. M.G.
  - a. Ormerod. Ed. IRL Press. PP 279. 11- Introduction to Biophysical methods for protein and
  - b. Nucleic acid research. (1995). J.A, Glasel; and Murray
  - c. P. Deutscher. Academic Press. PP 505.
- 11. Special Analytical techniques in Nutritional Biochemistry. 1991. Gopalakrishna and S.K. Ranjhan. Kalyani Publishers,
- 12. Methods in Non-radioactive deteraction, 1993. Gary C Howard. Ed. Appleton & Lange Earwalk. CT PP. 342.
- 13. Preparative centrifugation: A Practical approach. 1992. D. Rickwood. Ed.IRL Press, PP400.
- 14. Principles of Laboratory Instruments. 1993. L.E. Schoeff, R.H. Williams, Mosby Year-book Inc. Pp 473.
- 15. Radioisotopes in Biology; A Practical approach. 1990. R.J. Slater, Ed., IRL Press, PP307.
- 16. Physical Chemistry. 1986. P.W. Atkins, W.H. Freeman. Sanfrancisco Pub.
- 17. Principles and techniques of Practical biochemistry, 1994 (4<sup>th</sup> ed.) by K. Wilson and J. Walker (eds).

## **Core 3P: ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES**

- 1. General reactions of carbohydrates. Specific reactions of different sugars: arabinose, xylose, fructose, galactose, sucrose, maltose and lactose.
- 2. General reactions of proteins and amino acids. Precipitation reactions of albumins and globulins.
- 3. General reactions of lipids and cholesterol.

- 4. Isolation and estimation of cholesterol from brain.
- 5. Isolation and estimation of glycogen/starch.
- 6. Preparation of Casein from milk.
- 7. Crystallization of albumin.
- 8. Estimation of proteins in biological samples:
- a. Biuret method.
- b. Folin-Lowry method.
- c. UV method.
- d. Bradfords dye binding method.
- 9. Titration curve of amino acid and calculation of PK and PI value.
- 10. Estimation of amino acids by formal titration.
- 11. Estimation of amino acid by Ninhydrin method.
- 12. Estimation of tyrosine by Million's –reaction.
- 13. Identification of N-terminal group of proteins by Sanger's method.
- 14. Estimation of fructose in Fruit-juice.

## **Core 4P BIOCHEMICAL PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS**

- 1. Effect of solvent system on the Rf value of two solutes using TLC.
- 2. Separation of purines and pyrimidines by Paper Chromatography.
- 3. Separation of amino acids by Paper Chromatography.
- 4. Separation of sugars by TLC.
- 5. Isolation & Characterization of Brain Lipids by Solid phase extraction and TLC.
- 6. Separation of amino acids by Paper Electrophoresis (Demonstration).
- 7. Separation of amino acids by Ion-exchange Chromatography (Demonstration).
- 8. Separation of Serum proteins by Paper Electrophoresis.
- 9. Measurement of pH of a biological fluid using pH meter.
- 10. Absorption spectra of phenol red, amino acids and nucleic acid.
- 11. Verification of Beer's law and determination of molar extinction coefficient using p-nitro phenol.
- 12. Isolation and spectrophotometric characterization of plant pigments.
- 13. Isolation of Mitochondria from Rat liver by density gradient centrifugation (Demonstration).
- 14. Viscosity measurement of Bovine serum albumin.
- 15. Measurement of inversion of sucrose by Polarimetry.
- 16. Measurement of refractive index of Biological sample.
- 17. Dialysis.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Hawk's Physiological chemistry
- 2. Practical Biochemistry by T Plummer
- 3. Practical Biochemistry by J Jayaraman
- 4. Klemir and others: practical Biological chemistry.
- 5. Practical Biochemistry Koch and Hank Dunn and Drell.
- 6. Practical Biochemistry-Sawhney (2000)
- 7. Varley's Practical clinical Biochemistry-Ed. Alan W.Gowenlock (Heinemann Medical Books, London,

## COMPULSORY FOUNDATION 5: MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

#### Unit I

## **Introduction to Microbiology**

1.1 Discovering the microbial world. Classification of micro organisms up to order level - bacteria, algae, fungi, protozoa.

- 1.2 Structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms. General and distinctive characteristics of the major groups of microorganism bacteria, mycoplasma, chalmidae, rickettsias, actinomycetes, fungi, algae, protozoa Prions and viruses.
- 1.3 Isolation, cultivation and enumeration of microorganisms direct and indirect methods, Maintenance of culture.
- 1.4 Outlines of characterization and identification of common bacteria, fungi, algae and protozoa.

#### Unit II

## Microbial nutrition, growth and regulation

- 2.1 Nutritional requirements to microorganisms Mode of nutrition phototrophy, chemotrophy methylotrophy organotrophy, mixotrophy, saprophytic, symbiotic and parasitic, Interaction of microbes.
- 2.2 Growth of microorganism (bacteria) normal and biphasic growth curve, batch and continuous cultures, chemostats, shift up and shift down. Growth determination, Microbial metabolism energy yielding and energy requiring processes.
- 2.3 Control of microorganisms principles, physical and chemical agents, Assay of antimicrobial action. Batch and continuous sterilization of media and air. Viruses nature, cultivation and assay methods, structure, physico-chemical properties, classification, pathogenicity, Replication of viruses.
- 2.4 Microbes of biotechnological importance examples of bacteria, yeast, algae and viruses.

#### Unit III

## Architecture and types of immune system:

- 1.1 Immunity- innate and acquired, innate immune mechanisms, acute phase reactants, properties of acquired immunity, Toll-like receptors.
- 1.2 Immunogens and antigens Properties, factors governing immunogenicity, haptens, epitopes-size and identification. Adjuvants-properties and mechanism of action.
- 1.3 Cells involved in the immune response- T cells, B cells, CD antigens, neutrophils, eosinophils and natural killer cells. Macrophages, dendrites, Phagocytosis
- 1.4 Lymphoid tissues- Primary and secondary lymphoid organs, structure and cellular organization. Lymphocyte traffic.

#### Unit IV

#### **Humoral Immunity**

- 2.1 Functions of antibody in relation to structure. Antigen-antibody interactions- affinity of antibody, avidity, bonus effect, classical precipitin reaction, antigen-binding site of antibody, forces involved in antigen-antibody complex formation
- 2.2. Generation of antibodies, Theories of antibody formation. Monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies.
- 2.3 Complement nature, physicochemical properties, complement cascade pathway, complement fixation.
- 2.4 Antibody response-primary and secondary antibody response, antibody response to haptens, enumeration of antibody-forming cells, T-dependent and T-independent antigens, MHC, Interleukins, cytokines

#### **ELECTIVE FOUNDATION 4: HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-I**

#### Unit I

Definition and Nature of Ethics- Its relation to Religion, Politics, Business, Law, Medicine and Environment. Need and Importance of Professional Ethics- Goals- Ethical Values in various Professions.

## Unit II

Nature of Values – Good and Bad, Ends and Means , Actual and potential Values, Objective and Subjective Values, Analysis of basic moral concepts- right , ought, duty, obligation, justice, responsibity and freedom , Good behavior and respect for elders, Character and Conduct.

#### Unit III

Individual and Society:

Ahimsa (Non- Violence), Satya (Truth), Brahmacharya (Celibacy), Asteya (Non possession) and Aparigraha (Non- stealing). Purusharthas (Cardinal virtues) — Dharma (Righteousness), Artha (Wealth), Kama (Fulfillment Bodily Desires), Moksha (Liberation).

#### Unit IV

Bhagavad Gita- (a) Niskama Karma (b) Buddhism- The Four Noble Truths- Arya astanga marga, (c) Jainism- mahavratas and anuvratas. Values Embeded in various Religions, Religious Tolerance, Gandhian Ethics.

#### Unit V

Crime and Theories of punishment (a) Reformative , Retributive and Deterrent. (b) Views on manu and Yajnavalkya.

## **BOOKS FOR STUDY**

- 1. John S Mackenjie: A manual of ethics.
- 2. The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard .D. Irwin Inc.
- 3. Management Ethics-integrity at work" by Joseph A. Petrick and John F. Quinn, Response Books: New Delhi.
- 4. Ethics in management" by S.A.Sherlekar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today.
- 6. Maitra, S.K: Hindu Ethics.
- 7. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics
- 8. Sinha: A Manual of Ethics
- 9. Manu : Manu Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu : Comprising the Indian System of Duties: Religious and Civil (ed.) G.C. Haughton.
- 10. Susruta Samhita : Tr. Kaviraj Kunjalal ,Kunjalal Brishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit series, Vol I,II and III, Varanasi, Vol 1 OO, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 11. Caraka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi Vol 100, 16-20,21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 12. Ethics:Theory and Contemporary Issues, Barbara Mackinnon Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
- 13. Analysing Moral Issues, Judith A. Boss, Mayfield Publishing Company, 1999.
- 14. An Introduction to Applied ethics (Ed.) John H.Piet and Ayodhya Prasad, Cosmo Publications.
- 15. Text Book for Intermediate logic, Ethics and Human Values .Telugu Academic Hyderabad.
- 16. I.C.Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India, Nagin & Co Julundhar.

# Semester-II

S. No	Components of Study	Title of the Paper	Instruction hours per week	Credits	Internal Assessment Marks	End Semester Exam Marks	Total
1	Core 1	Enzymes and Intermediary metabolism	6	4	20	80	100
2	Core 2	Molecular Biology	6	4	20	80	100
3	Core 3	Practical related to Enzymology	6	4	-	-	100
4	Core 4	Practical related to Molecular Biology	6	4	-	-	100
5	Compulsory Foundation	Technical writing, Biostatistics and Bioinformatics	6	4	20	80	100
5	Elective foundation	Human values and Professional ethics- II	6	4	20	80	100
	Total		36	24	-	-	600

#### Core 1: ENZYMES AND INTERMEDIARY METABOLISM

#### **UNIT - I: Enzymes**

- 1.1 Classification of enzymes and their significance Isolation and purification of enzymes assay of enzyme activity
- 1.2 Determination of  $K_M$ , Vmax and K cat. Enzyme inhibition competitive, non-competitive, un competitive allosteric regulation and irreversible enzyme inhibition.
- 1.3 Enzyme action, Active site determination
- 1.4 Isoenzymes detection, characterization and significance. Ribozymes, Abzymes, multicomplex and multifunctional enzymes,

## **Unit-II: Metabolism of carbohydrates**

- 2.1 Bioenergetics Free energy change in biological transformations, thermodynamic principles in biology, Redox potential, high energy compounds
- 2.2 Glycolysis Biochemical steps involved in glycolytic pathway, TCA cycle and their Regulatory mechanisms.
- 2.3 Glyoxalatye cycle, gluconeogenesis, HMP shunt, interconversion of hexoses and pentoses, amylogenesis, glycogen metabolism.
- 2.4 Brief account of enzymes and co-enzymes involved in biological oxidations, Organization of respiratory electron transport system, Mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation. Biological energy transducers, Chemiosmotic regeneration of ATP.

## **Unit III: Lipid metabolism**

- 3.1 Biosynthesis, degradation and regulation of saturated fatty acids.
- 3.2 Degradation of lipids from membranes, Oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids and synthesis of UFA by enzymatic (synthesis of prostaglandin and leukotrines) and non-enzymatic (free radicals and lipid peroxidations) mechanisms.
- 3.3 Cholesterol and ketone bodies Metabolism and regulation
- 3.4 Metabolism of triglycerides, phospholipids, glycolipids.

## UNIT - IV: Proteins, nucleic acids and heterocyclic compounds metabolism

- 4.1 Metbolism of amino acids and proteins Hydrolysis of proteins, proteases, Biosnynthesis of essential amino acids and their catabolism (deamination, decarboxylation, and transamination), Coordinated control of metabolism, Formation of ammonia and urea. Nitrogen fixation by bacteria,
- 4.2 Metabolism of purines and pyrimidines, Biosynthesis and catabolism of Nucleosides and nucleotides, role of DNases and RNases on nucleic acids.
- 4.3 Outlines of biosynthesis of porphyrins (Chlorophyll and Haeme)
- 4.4 Inborn errors in metabolism Phenylketonuria, Alkaptonuria, Sickle cell anaemia, Fructosaemia, galactosuria, Gaucher's and Krabbe's disease..

- 1. Principles of Biochemistry: White. A, Handler, P., and Smith.
- 2. Biochemsitry, Lehninger A.L.
- 3. Biochemistry, David E. Metzler.
- 4. Biochemistry, Lubert Stryer.
- 5. Review of Physiological Chemistry: Harold A. Harper.
- 6. Outlines of Biochemistry, Conn and Stummf.
- 7. Text of Biochemsitry, West and Todd.
- 8. Metabolic Pathways Greenberg,

- 9. Mitochondria, Munn.
- 10. Biochemistry, 2<sup>na</sup> Edition, G. Zubay (1988). Practical Course
- 11. Practical Biochemistry H. Varley.
- 12. Methods in Enzymology S.P. Colowick & N.O. Kapalan, Academic Press.
- 13. Methods in Biochemical analysis.
- 14. Oser: Hank's Physiological Chemistry.
- 15. Fod analysis Woodman.

#### **Core 2: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY**

## **UNIT - I: Replication**

- 1.1 DNA replication Enzymes involved in DNA replication. Accessory proteins. Structures of oriC. Replisome oriC accessory protein interactions Mechanism of formation of oriC open complex. 1.2 Replication initiation elongation okazaki fragments synthesis and processing Direction of replication fork movement. Termination Nature of termination sequences Interactions between polymerase III and *ter* sequences
- 1.3 Mode of DNA replication Messelson and Stahl experiments. Replication of single stranded DNA  $\acute{O}$ X174. Replication of bacteriophage lambda DNA (rolling circle). Replication of closed covalent circular DNA ( $\acute{O}$  model of DNA replication).
- 1.4 Problems associated with replication of linear DNA molecules Structure and synthesis of telomere sequences. Cell cycle and its regulation Interphasing of cell cycle and DNA replication.

## **UNIT - II: Transcription**

- 2.1 Prokaryotic RNA polymerase  $\sigma$  factors: - $\sigma$  <sup>70</sup>,  $\sigma$ <sup>32</sup>,  $\sigma$ <sup>54</sup>,  $\sigma$ <sup>28</sup> promoter elements-Structural differences between E  $\sigma$  <sup>70</sup>,  $\sigma$ <sup>54</sup> dependent promoters Promotor polymerase interaction Foot printing assays Mapping of transcription start point (TSP).
- 2.2 Gene structure, Upstream activating sequences and their role in regulation of transcription. Transcription elongation and termination.
- 2.3 Eukaryotic RNA polymerases Transcription factors transcription. Structure and functions of RNA pol I, II and III dependent promoters. Enhancer sequences.
- 2.4 Post transcriptional modification of RNA and its regulation, Mechanism of tissue specific transcription.

#### **UNIT - III: Translation**

- 3.1 Translation Central dogma theory and flow of genetic information, Genetic code and its elucidation, Wobble hypothesis, Structure and composition of prokaryotic and eukaryotic ribosomes, Structures of mRNA and tRNA,
- 3.2 Events of protein synthesis (amino acid activation, initiation, elongation and termination) in prokaryotes and eukaryotes,
- 3.3 Post-translational modification of proteins, Inhibitors of translation.
- 3.4 Protein trafficking Concept of signal peptide transport and membrane targeting of proteins Sec pathway Alternative protein transport mechanisms.

#### **Unit IV: Regulation of gene expression**

- 4.1 Regulation of gene expression. Constitutive and inducible gene expression, Use of mutants in gene expression. P and O site determination.
- 4.2 Regulation of catabolic gene expression Eg: lac operon, ara operon and gal operon.
- 4.3 Regulation of anabolic gene expression Eg: Trp and His operons
- 4.4 Hormonal regulation of genes.

#### **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Molecular Biology. 2"13 ed. 1994. D. Freifelder. Springer.
- 2. Molecular Biology by G. Padmanabhan, K. Sivaram Sastry, C. Subramanyam, 1995, Mac Millan.
- 3. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology 2<sup>na</sup> ed. J.M. Walker and E.B. Gingold. Panima Publications. PP 434.
- 4. Dictionary of microbiology and molecular biology. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1994. Sigleton. P. and Sainsbury, D. Sciential Publication.
- 5. Molecular Biology of the Gene, 1S87. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. J.D. Watson, N.H.Hopkins, J.W. Roberts, J.A. SteitzandA.M. Weiner, 2 Vol. Benjmin/Cummings.
- 6. Biochemistry of the Nucleic acids. 1992. 11<sup>th</sup> ed. R.L.P. Adams, J.T. Knowler, D.P. Leader, Chapman and Hall.

## **Practical Course**

- 1. Techniques in molecular biology. Vol.2. 1987. ed. J.M. Walker and Wim Gaestra. Panima Publications. PP 332.
- 2. Methods in Plant Molecular Biology. 1989. M.A. Schuler and R.E. Zielinski. Academic Press.
- 3. Methods for cloning and Analysis of eukaryotic genes. 1990. ABothwell, G.D. yancoponlos and F.W.Alt: Jones and Bartlett Publishers. PP 1990.
- 4. PCR; A Practical approach. 1991. M.J. McPherson. P. Quirke and GR. Taylor. Eds. IRL Press, PP 253.
- 5. Short Protocols in Molecular Biology. 1992. P.M. Ansubel et al., Academic Press, PP 800.
- **6.** Essential molecular biology: A Practical approach, Vol. I, II. 1991. T.A. Brown. Ed. IRL Press, PP 318-. PP 320.

## Core 3P: PRACTICALS RELATED TO MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

- 1. Amylase from Saliva.
- 2. Urease from Horse-gram.
- 3. Acid phosphatase from Potato.
- 4. Alkaline phosphatase from Serum.
- 5. Cholinesterase from Blood.
- 6. SDH from Liver.
- 7. Invertase from yeast.
- 8. Trypsin
- 9. LDH from Serum (Isoenzymes).
- 10. Enzyme purification and enzyme kinetics (Determination of Vmax, Km and Ki).
- 11. Effect of pH, Temperature, Activators, Inhibitors.
- 12. Immobilization of enzymes (demonstration only).

## **Core 4P: PRACTICALS RELATED TO ENZYMOLOGY**

- 1. Isolation of DNA from bacterial, plant and animal cells.
- 2. Estimation of DNA by Diphenylamine method.
- 3. Isolation RNA from yeast cells.
- 4. Estimation of RNA BY Orcinol method.
- 5. Estimation of DNA and purity determination by UV absorption method.
- 6. Determination of melting temperature (Tm).
- 7. Isolation of plasmid DNA from *E.coli*.
- 8. Detection and differentiation of open circular, linear and closed covalent circular plasmid DNA by submarine gel electrophoresis.
- 9. Transformation of *E.coli* with ampicillin resistant plasmid.
- 10. Trasfection of M13 DNA into E. coli JM103.
- 11. Isolation of phage M13.

- 12. Isolation of single and double standard M13 DNA.
- 13. Conjugation: Use of broad host range plasmid RP in demonstrating conjugation transfer of plasmid bacteria
- 14. Catabolite repression: Evidence of B-Galactosidase induction in presence of lactose in *E. coli* lac strains.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Hawk's Physiological chemistry
- 2. Practical Biochemistry by T Plummer
- 3. Practical Biochemistry by J Jayaraman
- 4. Klemir and others: practical Biological chemistry.
- 5. Practical Biochemistry Koch and Hank Dunn and Drell
- 6. Practical Biochemistry-Sawhney (2000)
- 7. Varley's Practical clinical Biochemistry Ed. Alan W.Gowenlock (Heinemann Medical Books, London)

# <u>COMPULSORY FOUNDATION 5 : TECHNICAL WRITING, BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS</u>

#### Unit I

**Technical writing**: Sentence writing, paragraph writing, story writing, review writing, various types of letters writing, critical comments writing.

**Project proposal preparation**: Preparation of informal proposal, modified proposal and formal proposal. Experimental design and Collection of results, submission of progress report (year wise) and submission of technical report (Format: Title page, Introduction, Aims of the proposal/research, methodology, results, references, acknowledgments, budgetary preparation). Submission of final technical Report. Patenting and intellectual property rights.

**Introduction of computation**: Computers components, storage devices, graphic devises, concepts of hardware and software, methods and types of networks. Basics of operating systems and types python, cython.

#### Unit II

**Bio-Statistics**: Data - Data types, collection of data, classification and tabulation. Measures of central tendencies. Mean, median and mode. Measures of variation - Range, quartile deviation, mean deviation and standard deviation. Coefficient of variation. Probability. Addition and multiplication theories, conditional probability and probability distributors. Binomial, poission and normal distribution. Correlation and linear regression. Regression: Regression coefficients and properties. Small sample testst, F and chi square tests. ANOVA - one way and two way classifications.

#### Unit III

**Bio-Informatics—I**: Origin of bioinformatics biological data (genome projects), Disciplines of bioinformatics, transcriptomics, functional genomics, structural genomics, metabolomics, pharmacogenomics, structure prediction, drug design and Microarrays.

Genome projects - General introduction to genome projects (rice and Mycobacterium tuberculosis genome project). Special emphasis on Human Genome Project (HGP). Science behind HGP, benefits of HGP, ELSI of HGP in use of genetic information, genetic testing standard, quality and commercialization.

Biological database - Introduction of database (DB), need, organization, search of DB. An over view of biological databases - NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ, SWISS-PROT, PDB, KEGG. Decoding of the genome (Nathan blow study), Ribosomal bar codes, Molecular signatures.

#### Unit IV

**Bio-Informatics–II:** Database querying with NCBI using key words, sequences (proteins and genes), finding similarities, identifying genes and proteins from different organisms.

Sequence alignment - Introduction, significance of sequence alignments and use of dot matices. Pair wise and multiple sequence alignment (MSA) using Clustal programs.

Sequence analysis - concepts of sequence analysis and their importance. BLAST. blastn, blastp, blastx, tblastx, output analysis matrix BLOSSUM, PAM, e-value.

Proteomics - Introduction, principle, technique, 2-D data base. Gel analysis, post gel analysis, MALDITOF. Significance and applications of proteomics in modern biology.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Statistical methods. S.P. Gupta
- 2. Fundamentals of mathematical statistics. S.C Gupta & Kapoor
- 3. Statistical methods in biological and Health Science. J. S. Milton & J.O. Tsokan.
- 4. Primrose SB. Principles of Genome Analysis: a guide to mapping and sequencing DNA from different organisms. 2nd Ed. 1998. Blackwell Science: Oxford. ISBN 0-632-04983-9.
- 5. Genome Mapping: A practical approach. Dear P (Editor). 1st Ed. 2000. Oxford University Press: Oxford.
- 6. Developing Bioinformatics Skills. Alfonso Valencia and Blaschke. L (2005) Oreille.s Publication.
- 7. Bioinformatics sequence, structure and data banks ed. By Des Higgins Willie Taylor. (2006).
- 8. Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins" (Andreas D. Baxevanis, B. F. Ouellette), Paperback, 2nd ed., 470 pp., ISBN: 0471383910, Publisher: Wiley, John & Sons, Inc., Pub.
- 9. David W. Mount, Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, 2nd edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2004, ISBN 0-87969-687-7.
- 10. Introduction to Bioinformatics by T.K.Altwood and D.J Parry-Smith (Pearson Education Asia 1999).
- 11. Voet D, Voet JG & Pratt CW, Fundamentals of Biochemistry, 2nd Edition. Wiley 2006
- 12. Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition-A. Malcolm Campbell and Laurie J. Heyer (ISBN 0-8053-4722-4)-Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory press and Benjamin Cummings, 28 Feb 2006.
- 13. Campbell AM & Heyer LJ, Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and

## ELECTIVE FOUNDATION 4: HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-II

#### Unit I

Value Educattion- Defination- relevance to present day- Concept of Human Values- self introspection-Self esteem- Family Values – Components, Structure and responsibilities of family- Neutralization of anger- Adjustability- Treats of family life – Status Of women in family and society- Caring for needy and elderly – Time allotment for sharing ideas and concerns.

#### Unit II

Medical ethics- Views of Charaka, Sushruta and Hippocratus on moral responsibility of medical practitioners. Code of ethics for medical and Health care professionals. Euthanasia, Ethical obligation to animals, Ethics issues in relation to health care professionals and patients. Social justice in health care,

Human cloning, Problems of abortion. Ethical issues in genetic engineering and Ethical issues raised by new biological technology or knowledge.

#### Unit III

Business ethics- Ethical standards of business- Immoral and illegal practices and their solutions. Characteristics of ethical problems in management, ethical theories, causes of unethical behavior, ethical abuses and work ethics.

#### Unit IV

Environment ethics- Ethical theory, man and nature- Ecological crisis, Pest control, Pollution and waste, Climate change, Energy and population, Justie and Environmental health.

## Unit V

Social ethics- Organ trade, Human trafficking, Human rights violation and social disparities, Feminist ethics, Surrogacy/ pregnancy. Ethics of media- Impact of Newspaper, Television, Movies and Internet.

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. John S Mackenjie: A manual of ethics.
- 2. The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard .D. Irwin Inc.
- 3. Management Ethics-integrity at work" by Joseph A. Petrick and John F. Quinn, Response Books: New Delhi.
- 4. Ethics in management" by S.A.Sherlekar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today.
- 6. Maitra, S.K: Hindu Ethics.
- 7. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics
- 8. Sinha: A Manual of Ethics
- 9. Manu: Manu Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties: Religious and Civil (ed.) G.C. Haughton.
- 10. Susruta Samhita: Tr. Kaviraj Kunjalal ,Kunjalal Brishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit series, Vol I,II and III, Varanasi, Vol 1 OO, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 11. Caraka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series Office, Varanasi Vol 100, 16-20,21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 12. Ethics: Theory and Contemporary Issues., Barbara Mackinnon Wadsworth/ Thomson Learning , 2001.
- 13. Analysing Moral Issues, Judith A. Boss, Mayfield Publishing Company, 1999.
- 14. An Introduction to Applied ethics (Ed.) John H.Piet and Ayodhya Prasad, Cosmo Publications.
- 15. Text Book for Intermediate logic, Ethics and Human Values , board of intermediate Education & Telugu Academic Hyderabad.
- 16. I.C.Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India, Nagin & Co

## **Semester-III**

S. No	Components of Study	Title of the Paper	Instruction hours per week	Credits	Internal Assessment Marks	End Semester Exam Marks	Total
1	Core 1	Genetic Engineering	6	4	20	80	100
2	Core 2	Cell and Tissue culture	6	4	20	80	100
3	Core 3	Practical related to Microbiology	6	4	-	-	100
4	Core 4	Practical related to Tissue culture	6	4	-	-	100
5	Generic Elective (Two papers out of three)	a) Bioprocess Engineering and Technology b) Legal, ethical and implications of	6	4	20 20	80	100
		Biotechnology c) Food and Industrial Biotechnology					
6	Open Elective to others (For other department students)	<ul><li>a) Plant tissue culture</li><li>b) Bioethics</li><li>c) Bioinformatics</li></ul>	6	4	20	80	100
	Total		36	24	-	-	600

## **Core 1: GENETIC ENGINEERING**

#### **UNIT - I: Introduction to gene Cloning**

Requirements and steps involved in gene cloning, Isolation of gene/DNA fragments. Purification of genes, Mechanical shearing, restriction digetion, cDNA synthesis, and chemical synthesis of gene.

Enzymes involved in gene cloning: polymerases, kinases, ligases, nucleases

Restriction enzymes - Outlines of bacterial restriction and modification systems - Classification of restriction enzymes - Type II restriction enzyme: Nomenclature, Production of DNA fragments with cohesive ends and blunt ends and their significance, vectors and hosts.

#### **UNIT – II: Plasmids and Vectors**

Vectors for construction of genomic libraries - cosmids, bacterial artificial chromosomes (BACs), yeast artificial chromosomes (YACs) - vectors for construction of cDNA libraries - lamda ZAP. Multipurpose vectors - pUC 18/19, Blue script vectors - multiple cloning site - Strategies for unidirectional deletion of cloned DNA fragments - Generation of sequence of cloned DNA fragments. Site directed mutagenesis.

Expression vectors – structure – promoters used in expression vectors – lac, tac,  $\lambda pL$ , T7 promoters and their significance in constructing expression vectors. Promoter-probe vectors – Structure promoter probe vector – Reporter genes (lacZ, gfp, gus, luciferase) and strategies used to assay promoter activity. Vectors used for cloning in to mammalian cells – SV40. Vectors – Cloning in plants by Ti and Ri vectors.

## UNIT - III: cDNA and chimeric DNA sysnthesis

cDNA synthesis - Mechanism of cDNA synthesis, Strategies used to obtain full length cDNA. 5' and 3' RACE. Chemical synthesis - solid phase synthesis of oligonulceotides - Designing of gene from amino acid sequences, *In vitro* synthesis of gene. Ligation between cohesive and blunt end DNA fragments - T4 DNA ligase - Conversion of blunt end DNA fragment into cohesive ended DNA - linkers, adapters, homopolymer tailing.

## **UNIT - IV: Gene Transfer and Screening methods**

Cloning strategies: Introduction of cloned genes into host - Transformation, transduction, conjugation, transfection, electroporation, particle bombardment, microinjection, liposome mediated DNA delivery. Identification and characterization of cloned genes - Screening of genomic/cDNA libraries - genetic, molecular hybridization - immunochemical techniques. PCR - Concept and technology- Properties of primers -Taq DNA polymerase and its significance Inverse, multiplex PCR, RAPD, RFLP, AFLP and its significance. Real time PCR. Applications of genetic engineering

- 1. DNA replication, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1991. A. Kornberg and T.A. baker. W.H. Fre.eman and Company, New York. Ny. PP931.
- 2. Gene transfer and expression protocols: Methods in Molecular Biology, Vol.7,1991. E.J. Murray Ed. Human Press, Clifton, NJ. PP 439.
- 3. Genes IV, 1990. B. Lewin. Oxford University Press. PP 857.
- 4. Microbial genetics. 1994. Freifelder, D. Springer.
- 5. Glossary of Genetics. 5 ed. Classical and molecular, 1994, Reiger. R. et aL, Springer.
- 6. Gene regulation, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1994. D, latchman. Sciential Publication.
- 7. Bacterial and Bacteriophage genetics. 1994. E.A. Birge. Springerscan Publication.
- 8. Genetics: A molecular approach. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1992. T.B. Brown. Panima Publications. PP 496.
- 9. Principles of Gene Manipulation. 1991. R.W. Old and S.B. Prim-Rose. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Blackwell Scientific.

#### **Practical Course**

- 1. Molecular Biology, Vol. 7,1991. E.J. Murray ed. Humana Press. Clifton, NJ. PP 439. Genes IV. 1990. B. Lewin. Oxford University Press. PP 857.
- 2. Guide to molecular cloning techniques: Methods in enzymology. Vol. 152. 1987. S.L. Berger and A.R. Kimmel Ed. Academic Press. PP812.
- 3. Methods in molecular genetics: Molecular microbiology techniques Vol.3. 1994, Kenneth W. Adolph. Ed, Academic Press. PP 2150.
- 4. Laboratory Manual in Molecular Lgenetics. 1994. Z.F. Burton and J.M.Kaguni. Harcourt Brace. PP 224.
- Methods in Molecular Genetics. Vol.5, 1994. Kenneth. W. Adolph. Harcourt Brace. PP 425.
- Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. 1989. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. J. Sambrook, E.F. Fritsch and T. Maniatis. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.
- 7. Methods in Enzymology. Vol.152. Guide to molecular cloning techniques. 1987. S.L. BergerandA.R. Kimmel. Eds. Academic Press.
- 8. Recombinant DNA Laboratory manual. 1989. J.W. Zyskind and S.I. Bernstein. Academic Press
- 9. Methods in Molecular Genetics. Vol. 7, Viral Gene Techniques. Ed. By Kenneth W. Adoph, Academic Press, 1995.
- 10. Gene transfer and expression protocols; Methods in Molecular Biology, Vol.7.1991. E.J. Murray Ed. Humana Press. Clifton, NJ. PP 439.

## **Core 2: CELL AND TISSUE CULTURE**

#### **UNIT - I: Plant cell and culture**

Introduction to plant tissue culture: Preparatory techniques - cleaning, sterilization, sterile handling tissue culture lab requirements. Media - Composition, preparation and sterilization. Genetic manipulation through tissue culture techniques - Concepts of differentiation and dedifferentiation.

Callus - growth pattern/characteristics, Organogenesis and plant regeneration. Somatic embryogenesis. Anther, endosperm and pollen cultures, Significance and advantages of haploid plants. Production of virus-free plants by meristem tip and other tissue culture techniques.

## **UNIT - II: Micropropagation**

Cell culture techniques for micropropagation of elite plants - Food and fruit crops, forest trees, fibre crops, ornamental plants, medicinal plants and endangered plants.

Cell culture techniques for production of useful compounds - Hairy root cultures - transformed roots using Agro bacterium rhizogenesis - Production of secondary metabolites of commercial importance - Elicitors - factors affecting their yield, immobilized cell systems, bioreactors.

Selection of clones for nutritional, disease resistance, salt and drought resistance. Germplasm preservation by tissue technology, Artificial synthetic seeds. Protoplast culture -isolation of protoplasts, culture and fusion methods, Somatic hybrids and cybrids.

#### **UNIT - III: Animal and stem cells**

Introduction to animal cells and tissue culture - Components of cell culture, cell types and cell lines, different substrates, types of culture.

The biology of stem cells: Overview; different types of stem cells - embryonic stem cells, fetal tissue stem cells, adult stem cells; nuclear transfer of stem cells; human and animal cloning.

Embryonic stem cells: The blastocyst and inner cell mass cells - primitive endoderm implantation; blastocyst development *in vitro*; Isolation and propagation of embryonic stem cells; chimeras; Generation of knockout mice.

Stem cell plasticity: Overview; Self renewal potential; differentiation versus stem cell renewal; Transdifferentiation; Cell cycle dynamics of different stem cells.

Stem cell assays and protocols: Isolation of defined stem cell populations; progenitor cell assays, sources of progenitor cells, cytokine and chemotherapy approaches to mobilization of progenitor cells; Flow cytometric techniques; Methods of cell selection using monoclonal antibodies; magnetic approaches to cell separation, Dyna beads, nano particle preparations; growth factors and *ex-vivo* expansion of hematopoietic stem / progenitor cells bioreactors for expansion.

## **UNIT - IV: Applications of cell culture**

Nuclear transfer technology: Transfer of nuclei into eggs; development potential of transplanted nuclei; reprogramming a nucleus.

Stem cell therapies: Clinical applications of stem cell therapy; Neurodegenerative diseases-parkinson's disease, Alzeimer's, spinal cord injury, other brain syndromes; tissue systems failures - diabetes, cardiomyopathy, kidney failure, liver failure - hemophilia, lymphoma and leukemic malignancies requiring stem cell therapy.

Animal cloning and application in wild life and life stock: Overview; Challenges in human therapeutic cloning; Somatic cell nuclear transfer in humans; Pronuclear early embryonic development.

Human embryonic stem cells and society: The religious, legal, ethical and scientific debate; the failure of the debate; the regulatory aspects of therapeutical use of stem cells

- 1. Bioprocessing engineering principles. 1995. P.M. Doran. Har court Brace. PP 464.
- 2. Biochemical engineering. 1992. James. M. Lee Prentice-Hall.
- 3. Biochemical engineering fundamentals. 2 ed. 1986. J.E. Bailey and D.F. Oilis. Me Graw-Hill Publication.

- 4. Chemical Process Control: An introduction to theory and practice. 1984. G. Stephanopoulos. Prentice-hall.
- 5. Modelling and control of Fermentation Process. Ed. J.R.Leigh.
- 6. Biochemical Engineering by S. Aiba, AE Humphery, NF Miltis, University of Tokyo press,
- 7. Chemical Engineering by JM Coulson and JF Richarson, Pergamen Press.
- 8. Fundamentals of Biotechnology by P. Prave, U, Faust. W.Sitting and DASukatsch, VCH.
- 9. A Text Book on Biotechnology by HD Kumar, Affliated East West Press Private Ltd.

#### Core 3P: PRACTICAL RELATED TO MICROBILOGY

- 1. Handling of Microscopes: Calibration of Microscopes.
- 2. Sterilization techniques: Autoclaving (Moistened-heat), Oven sterilization (dry-heat), Filtration, UV irradiation and Chemical.
- 3. Preparation of media: For Bacteria and Fungi.
- 4. Isolation and cultivation of pure cultures: Serial dilution, Pour plate method, Spread plate method and streak plate method
- 5. Methods for the estimation of Growth (Growth rate and generation time in bacteria).
- 6. Staining techniques for bacteria and yeast: Gram Staining and Spore staining for bacteria; Methylene blue staining for Yeast.
- 7. Antibiotic sensitivity test.
- 8. Starch hydrolysis assay for the identification amylase-producing microorganisms.
- 9. Gelatin hydrolysis assay for the identification protease-producing microorganisms.
- 10. Preparation of wine from Grapes.
- 11. Production of Alcohol from molasses and its estimation by specific gravity method.
- 12. Production of Citric acid and its estimation by Marrier and Boulet method.
- 13. Production of Lactic acid and its estimation by Barker and Summerson method.
- 14. Induction of mutation in bacteria using physical and chemical mutagens.
- 15. Isolation of nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) from bacteria and yeast.
- 16. Water analysis for bacteria and determination of BOD and COD of water.
- 17. Observation of *Rizobium* from root nodules of groundnut plant.
- 18. Isolation of phages from sewage and quantification by plaque assay.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Microbiology laboratory Manual 4th Edit. By Cappuccino
- 2. Microbiology laboratory Manual (2001) by Aneja, K.M
- 3. Laboratory Manual in Microbiology by P.Gunasekaran (1996), New Age Publ.

## Core 4P: PRACTICALS RELATED TO TISSUE CULTURE

- 1. Organizing Plant tissue culture Laboratory
- 2. Culture of plant cells, tissues and organs.
- 3. Preparation of Tissue Culture Media
- 4. Callus Induction
- 5. Shoot tip culture
- 6. Embryo / Endosperm Culture
- 7. Organogenesis
- 8. Somatic Embryogenesis
- 9. Hardening and Planting infield
- 10. Isolation of protoplasts
- 11. Cell suspension culture
- 12. Anther and Pollen cultures
- 13. Isolation, purification and culture of protoplasts

#### 14. Economics of micropropagation project

#### **References:**

1. Atlas Ronald M. (2004)

Handbook of Microbiological Media (Third Edition) CRC Press London, New York, Washington DC

2. De Kalyan Kumar

An Introduction to Plant tissue culture (1995)

3. Narayanaswamy S. (1998)

Plant cell and Tissue culture

4. Smith Roberta H. (2005)

Plant Tissue Culture

Techniques and Experiments Second Edition

Academic Press An Imprint of Elsevier New Delhi India

## **GENERIC ELECTIVE 4 a: BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

#### **UNIT -1: Role of Microbes in Bioprocessing**

Isolation, screening and maintenance of industrially important microbes; microbial growth and death kinetics (an example from each group, particularly with reference to industrially useful microorganisms); Strain improvement for increased yield and other desirable characteristics.

#### **UNIT - II: Bioreactors**

Bioreactor designs; types of fermentation and fermenters; Concepts of basic modes of fermentation – batch, fed batch and continuous; conventional fermentation v/s biotransformation; Solid substrate, surface and submerged fermentation; Fermentation economics; Fermentation media; Fermenter design – mechanically agitated; pneumatic and hydrodynamic fermenters; Large scale animal and plant cell cultivation and air sterilization: Upstream processing; media formulation; sterilization; aeration and agitation in bioprocess; Measurement and control of bioprocess parameters; Scale up and scale down process.

## **UNIT - III: Bioreactors - Enzyme kinetics**

Kinetics of Enzyme catalyzed reactions - immobilization - Kinetics of immobilized enzyme catalyzed reactions - Kinetics of balanced growth - Transient growth kinetics. Gas-liquid mass transfer in cellular systems - Aeration - Agitation - Estimation of oxygen transfer rates.

## **UNIT - IV: Bioseparation and purification**

Bioseparation - filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, flocculation; cell disruption; Liquid-liquid extraction; Purification by chromatographic techniques; reverse osmosis and ultra filtration; drying; crystallization; Storage and packaging; Treatment of effluent and its disposal. Large scale production and purification of recombinant therapeutics (streptokinase, epidermal growth factor, insulin)

- 1. Bio processing Engineering principles. 1995. P.M.Doran. Har court Brace. PP 464
- 2. Biochemical engineering . 1992. James .M.Lee Prentice -Hall.

- 3. Biochemical engineering Fundamentals, 2ed 1986 J.E.Bailey and D.F.Oilis. Me Graw-Hill Publication.
- 4. Chemical Process Control: An Introducation to theory and practice. 1984.G.Stephanopoulos, Prentice-hall.
- 5. Modelling and controlling of fermentation Process. Ed. J.R.Leigh
- 6. Biochemical Engineering by S.Aiba, AE Humphery, NF Millis, University, of Tokyo Press.
- 7. Chemical Engineering by JM Coulson and JF Richarson, Pergamen Press.
- 8. Fundamentals of Biotechnology by P.Prave, U.Faust W.Sitting and DASukatsch, VCH.
- 9. A Text Book on Biotechnology by HD Kumar, Affliated East West Press Private ltd.

# GENERIC ELECTIVE b: LEGAL, ETHICAL & MORAL IMPLICATIONS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### UNIT - I: IPR

Intellectual property rights - Definition - types -patents - copy rights-trade marks: essential requirements for IPR, procedures of filing patents-provisional and complete specifications-Pan-Co-operation treaty (PCT)-application: GATT and IPR: WTO Act - Global and Indian Biodiversity Act- Indian Patnt Act and their revised versions.

#### **UNIT - II: Ethics**

Legal and Ethical aspects of Biotechnology -Prenatal diagnosis - Genetic screening - Surrogate mothers and exploitation of women - designing of plants and animals- gene therapy - cloning - Manipulation of human genome -Technology transfer.

## **UNIT - III: Society and Government roles**

Social and Moral aspects of Biotechnology -Biotechnology and International trade - Privatisation and patenting of Biotechnology products - Role of Government, Industries and society in promoting, accepting and regulating the rDNA research.

## **UNIT – IV: Health Measures**

Environmental and Health aspects of Biotechnology - Generally engineered organisms - Introduction of novel species and natural equilibrium - Environmental security and safety -Precautionary measures - Genetically modified foods - health safety.

- 1. Gene cloning Brown
- 2. Concepts in Biotechnology- Balasubramanyam.D
- 3. Basic Biotechnolgy Colin Rotledge and Kristainsen
- 4. Gene Biotechnology Jogdand
- 5. From Genes to Clones, Introduction to Gene Technology-Winnacker, Ernst.L
- 6. Safety, Moral, Social and Ethical issues related to geneticalls modified foods Smith J.E.
- 7. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology Meyer R A
- 8. Environmental Biotechnology- Forster and wase
- 9. Biotechnological Innovations in Environmental Management Leach and Van Dam-mieras

## GENERIC ELECTIVE c: FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

## **UNIT - I: Food and Spoilage**

Scope of biotechnology in the food and drink industry: Contamination of foods by pesticides, fertilizers, industrial waste and chemical contaminants. Principles under lying food spoilage - chemical, physical and physiological changes caused by microorganisms. Control measures for food poisoning. Principles of food preservation, foods produced by microorganisms. Milk and Dairy products, Cereal products, Brewing, Protein products, Food additives and ingredients, Fruits and vegetables, large scale cultivation of edible mushrooms, meat and sausage products.

#### **UNIT - II: Alternate Foods**

Nitrogen fixation and mass production of biofertilizers - diazotrophic microorganisms, Biochemical aspects of diazotrophy. Genetics of free living and symbiotic diazotrophs. Blue Green Algae and Azolla, Micorrhizae, Vermiculture, Mass cultivation of commercially valuable macro and micro algae for agar agar, alginates, single cell protein and other products

## **UNIT - III: Microbes use in food industry**

Energy and Biotechnology: Biomass, solar energy technology, Agriculture and forestry, conversion to fuel, bio fuel cells and other devices. Biogas production – design and types of biogas digesters. Production of biohydrogen.

Microbial leaching, Metal transformation, accumulation and immobilization by microbes. Application of microbes in mining and petroleum industry. Microbial enhanced oil recovery. Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds, Hazards from xenobiotics.

#### **UNIT - IV: Neutraceuticals**

Materials and Biotechnology: Biomolecules production - microbial polysacchrides, organic acids, amino acids, vitamins, antibiotics, enzymes, alcohols, food flavours, significance of Agrobacterium in enhancing food quality and yield Microbial toxins.

Pharmaceuiticals - vaccines, hormones, diagnostics. Applications of enzymes in industry and medicine; immobilized enzymes - their preparation and applications. Use of microbes in biodegradation of organic wastes. Industrial production of fungal, bacterial and viral biopesticides.

- 1. Fermentation: A Practical approach. 1990. B. Me Neil and L.M. Harvey. IRL Press. PP 226.
- 2. Biofertilizers in Agriculture and Agroforestry. 3ed. 1994. Subbarao. Oxford & IBH Publications.
- 3. Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology. 1986. Edited by Arnold L. Demain and Nadine. A. Solomon. PP 466.
- 4. Bioreactors in Biotechnology-A Practical Approach. AR. Seregg.
- 5. Downstream Process: Equipment and Techniques. Advances in Biotechnological Process. Vol. 8,1988. Ed. A. Mizrahi, Alan R. Liss. Ince.
- 6. Biotechnology and the Food Industry. 1989. Ed.P.L.Rogers and G.H. Plat, Gordon & Breach. Sci. Publication.

- 7. Principles of fermentation technology. 1984. P.F. Stanbury and A. Witaker. Perman Press.
- 8. Biochemsitry and genetic regulation of commercially important antibiotics. 1983. L.C. Ving,
- 9. Enzymes in industry and Medicine. 1987. G.F. Bickerstaff. Edward Arnold Publishers.
- 10. Biotechnology: Principles and Applications, 1994, by J. Hrggins, D.J. Best and J. Jones.
- 11. Fundamentals of Biotechnology, 1987. P. Prave, V. Paust, W. Sitting and D.A. Sukatsch (eds). VCH.
- 12. Crueger, W., and Crueger: Biotechnology; A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Sinauer Associates. Inc. Sunderiand Mass/1990.
- 13. Demain, A.L., and N.A. Solomon, eds., Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, American Society for Microbiology. Washington. D.C., 1986.
- 14. Frazier, W.C., and D.C. Esthoff: Food Microbiology, 4th ed., Me Graw-Hill, New York, 1988.
- 15. U.S. Congress, Office of Technology Assessment: "Biotechnology in a Global Economy" OTA-BA-494, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1991.
- 16. Industrial microbiology, Prescott and Dunn. 1997. Ed. Gerald Reed.

## **Practical Course**

- 1. Manual of Industrial microbiology and biotechnology. 1986. Edited by Arnold L. Demain and Nadine. A. Solomon. PP466.
- 2. Vanderzant, C., and D. Splittstoesser.: Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods, American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C. 1992.

## **OPEN ELECTIVE a: PLANT TISSUE CULTURE**

#### **UNIT - I: Plant cell and culture**

Introduction to plant tissue culture: Preparatory techniques - cleaning, sterilization, sterile handling tissue culture lab requirements. Media - Composition, preparation and sterilization.

Genetic manipulation through tissue culture techniques - Concepts of differentiation and dedifferentiation. Callus - growth pattern/characteristics, Organogenesis and plant regeneration.

#### **UNIT-II:**

Somatic embryogenesis. Anther, endosperm and pollen cultures, Significance and advantages of haploid plants. Production of virus-free plants by meristem tip and other tissue culture techniques.

## **UNIT - III: Micropropagation**

Cell culture techniques for micropropagation of elite plants - Food and fruit crops, forest trees, fibre crops, ornamental plants, medicinal plants and endangered plants.

Cell culture techniques for production of useful compounds - Hairy root cultures - transformed roots using Agro bacterium rhizogenesis - Production of secondary metabolites of commercial importance - Elicitors - factors affecting their yield, immobilized cell systems, bioreactors.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Selection of clones for nutritional, disease resistance, salt and drought resistance. Germplasm preservation by tissue technology, Artificial synthetic seeds. Protoplast culture -isolation of protoplasts, culture and fusion methods, Somatic hybrids and cybrids

## **OPEN ELECTIVE b: BIOETHICS**

#### UNIT - I: IPR

Intellectual property rights - Definition - types -patents - copy rights-trade marks: essential requirements for IPR, procedures of filing patents-provisional and complete specifications-Pan-Co-operation treaty (PCT)-application: GATT and IPR: WTO Act - Global and Indian Biodiversity Act- Indian Patnt Act and their revised versions.

#### **UNIT - II: Ethics**

Legal and Ethical aspects of Biotechnology -Prenatal diagnosis - Genetic screening - Surrogate mothers and exploitation of women - designing of plants and animals- gene therapy - cloning - Manipulation of human genome -Technology transfer.

## **UNIT - III: Society and Government roles**

Social and Moral aspects of Biotechnology -Biotechnology and International trade - Privatisation and patenting of Biotechnology products - Role of Government, Industries and society in promoting, accepting and regulating the rDNA research.

#### **UNIT – IV: Health Measures**

Environmental and Health aspects of Biotechnology - Generally engineered organisms - Introduction of novel species and natural equilibrium - Environmental security and safety -Precautionary measures - Genetically modified foods - health safety.

- 1. Gene cloning Brown
- 2. Concepts in Biotechnology- Balasubramanyam.D
- 3. Basic Biotechnolgy Colin Rotledge and Kristainsen
- 4. Gene Biotechnology Jogdand
- 5. From Genes to Clones, Introduction to Gene Technology-Winnacker, Ernst.L
- 6. Safety, Moral, Social and Ethical issues related to geneticalls modified foods Smith J.E.
- 7. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology Meyer R A
- 8. Environmental Biotechnology- Forster and wase
- 9. Biotechnological Innovations in Environmental Management Leach and Van Dam-mieras
- 10. Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology- Demain and Solomon

## **OPEN ELECTIVE c: BIOINFORMATICS**

#### **UNIT I: Basics of Personal computer and its components**

Concept of programming languages, hardware and software. The basics of operating system. Windows operating systems commands to create and handle directory and files, creation of biological data bases and MS access.

MS office: introduction and facilities available, shortcut bar, customizing tool bars, starting an office file, MS word, Excel, Power point

#### **UNIT II:**

Introduction to internet and biologists: Basics on internet, getting into the internet, email, file transfer protocols, gopher, www, browsing and downloading from the sites

Networking of computers and overview of networks: Virtual library I, II, III and information networks: www, http, html, URLs, EMB net, NCBI net, Virtual tourism.

## **UNIT III: Databases and predictive tools**

Primary information resources for proteins and genes, biological databases for protein and DNA sequences, Specialized genomic resources, DDBJ, Gen Bank, and EMBL public DNA sequence databases, SWISSPORT data base, information retrieval from biological data bases, the NCBI data model, submitting the DNA sequence to the database and updating.

Sequence Analysis: Wisconsin GCG, DNASIS, DNASTAR, CLONE Manager, packages for nucleotide sequence analysis, sequence alignment and database searching, practical aspects of multiple sequence alignment.

#### **UNIT IV:**

Phylogenetic analysis: phylogenetic models, multiple alignment procedures, (CLUSTAL, ALIGN, PHYLIP), tree building methods, trees evaluation, rooting trees, phylogenetic software.

Predictive methods: Detecting regulatory elements in the DNA, Physical properties of proteins based on proteins based on sequences, differential protein structural motifs, RNA binding domains and folding classes, transcription factors and their DNA binding, protein structure predictions.

#### Reference

- 1. Robert B Northrop, Anne N Connor: Introduction to Molecular Biology, Genomics and Proteomics for Biomedical Engineers, CRC Press.
- 2. Brown TA, Genomes, 3rd Edition, Garland Science, 2006.
- 3. Voet D, Voet JG & Pratt CW, Fundamentals of Biochemistry, 2nd Edition. Wiley 2006
- 4. Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition-A. Malcolm Campbell and Laurie J. Heyer (ISBN 0-8053-4722-4)-Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory press and Benjamin Cummings, 28 Feb 2006.
- 5. Campbell AM & Heyer LJ, Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and
- 6. Bioinformatics, 2nd Edition, Benjamin Cummings, 2007.
- 7. Primrose S & Twyman R, Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th Edition, Blackwell, 2006.

## **Semester-IV**

S. No	Components of Study	Title of the Paper	Instruction hours per week	Credits	Internal Assessment Marks	End Semester Exam Marks	Total
1	Core 1	Environmental Biotechnology	6	4	20	80	100
2	Core 2	Plant Biotechnology	6	4	20	80	100
3	Core 3	Practical related to Immunology	6	4	-	-	100
4	Core 4	Project work	6	4	-	-	100
5	Generic Elective	a) Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	6	4	20	80	100
	(Two papers out of three)	b) Animal Biotechnology c) Applications of Biotechnology	6	4	20	80	100
6	Open Elective to others (For other department students)	a) Tools in Biotechnology b) Immunology c) Applications of Biotechnology	6	4	20	80	100
	Total		36	24	-	-	600

#### **Core 1: ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY**

#### **UNIT -1: Ecosystem and energy flow**

Structure of model ecosystem - terrestrial, aquatic ecosystems - Energy flow - Degradation of ecosystem. Consequences - Ecosystem managements - Energy conservation - Alternative energy sources - Biofuels: Production of bioethanol, boibutanol from agriculture waste - Problems and perspectives - Biodiesels: mass cultivation of *Jatropa* and use of *Jatropa*, marine algae for production of biodiesel.

## **UNIT-II: Biodegradation and remediation**

Nature of recalcitrant compounds - Anthropogenic activities generating recalcitrant chemical waste - BHC, DDT, nitrophenols, polycyclic aromatic carbons. Biodegradation - microbial conversion of recalcitrant toxic compounds into TCA cycle intermediates eg: *Pseudomonas putida*. Bioremediation, Degradation pathways - napthaline, BHC, and nitrophenols. Use of microbes for reconstruction of ecosystems - Genetics of biodegradation. Microbes as biosensors for detecting pollution. Superbug – cleaning of oil spills.

## **UNIT - III: Biopest and Biofertilizers regulation**

Biological methods of pest management - Role of Juvenile hormones, pheromones and its analogues for pest management, Chromosomal manipulation and androgenesis of pest , sterile male technology, Biological control of weeds. Bacterial (BT), viral, fungal insecticides - Technology for mass production and formulation of biopesticides - Problems and prospects.

Biofertilizers - Important diazotropic, microbes - mechanism of symbiotic and asymbiotic biological nitrogen fixation - Regulation of nitrogen fixing genes (Nif genes). Manipulation of Nif genes for constitutive expression of nitrogenase - Ammonia transport and its significance. Mass production of biofertilizers - *Ribozium*, *Azolla*.

## **UNIT - IV: Waste disposal**

Waste management - Nature and classification of agriculture, domestic and industrial waste - Recycling methods. Solid waste treatment. Biological and non-biological methods of waste water treatment. Reclamation of treated waste water.

- 1. Biotechnology from A to Z. 1993. William Bains, IRL Press, Oxford, England PP 358.
- 2. DNA Science: A first course in Recombinant DMA technology. 1990. D.A. Micklos and G.A. Freyer. Carolina Biological Supply Co., Burlington, NC, PP 477.
- 3. DNA finger printing: An Introduction. 1990. L.T. Kirby, Stockton Press, New York, NY PP 365.
- 4. Molecular biotechnology principles and applications of recombinant DNA. 1994. B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak. Panima book distributors. PP 500.
- 5. Fundamentals of biotechnology. 1987. P. Prave, V. Faust, W. Sitting and D.A. Sukatsch. Ed. WCH. Weinhein.
- 6. Principals of Genetics. 8<sup>th</sup> ed. 1991. E.J.G. Gardner, M.J. Simmons and D.P. Snustad. John Wiley and Sons. PP713.
- 7. Biotechnology. 1988. J.E. Smith. Edward Arnold. London.

- 8. Molecular Cloning : A Laboratory manual. 1989. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. J. Sambrook, E.F. Fritsch and T. maniatis. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. 3 Volumes.
- 9. Principles of Gene Manipulation. 1991. R. W. Old and S.B. Prim-Roses. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Blackwell Scientific Publications.
- 10. Methods in Enzymology. Vol. 152. Guide to molecular cloning techniques. 1987. S.L. Berger and A.R. Kimmel, eds. Academic Press.

## **Core 2: PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY**

## **UNIT - I: Introduction to Plant Biotechnology**

Concepts and scope of plant biotechnology -Application of genetic engineering technology for crop improvement - production of transgenic plants resistant to herbicides, pathogens, pests and abiotic stresses (drought, salt, frosts); production of transgenic plants with improved yields and nutritional quality; transgenic plants for production of viral antigens.

## **UNIT - II: Role of Industry on Plant Biotechnology**

Industry and Plant Biotechnology: Biosynthesis of plant compounds – Selection of cell lines for high yields of secondary metabolites – Enzymes from palnts – Food and food additives from plants – Breeding strategies for enhancing the active principles in plants.

## **UNIT - III: Algal Biotechnology**

Algae as a source of food, feed, single cell proteins, biofertilizers, industrial uses of algae.

Mass cultivation of commercially valuable marine microalgae for agar agar, alginates and other products of commerce and their uses. Mass cultivation f macroalgae as a source of protein and feed. Indoor and out door cultivation of economic important alage – Use of alage in waste water treatment.

## **UNIT - IV: Plant pathology**

Nutrient film culture techniques - plant diseases - Physiology of infection in plants - disease resistance in plants - phytodiagnostics based on immunological and molecular techniques. Biological control of pests and diseases of crop plants and weeds - biopesticides - predators, parasites, insect viruses, antagonistic fungi and bacteria, antifeedants, and insecticidal activities of the compounds of Botanicals.

- 1. Molecular approaches to crop improvement. 1991. Dennnis andLiwellyeds. PP. 164.
- 2. Plant cell and Tissue culture. A Laboratory Manual. 1994. Reinert. J. and Yeoman, M.M. Spring.
- 3. Plant biotechnology, 1994. Prakash and Pierik. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co.
- 4. Gene transfer to plants. 1995. Potrykus-l and Spangenberg, G. Des. Springer Scan.
- 5. Methods in Plant Molecular Biology and biotechnology, 1993. R. Bernard Click and Joh. E. ;Thompson, CRC, Press, PP. 384.
- 6. Genetic engineering with plant viruses. 1992. T. Michale. A. Wilson and J.W. Davies. CRC Press Inc, PP 384.
- 7. Plant cell Biotechnology. 1988. Borocoitzka M.A. and Borocoitzka L.J. Cambridge University Press
- 8. Microaigal Biotechnology. 1988. Borocotizka M.A. and Borocoitzka L.J. Cambridge University Press.

9. Algal and Cyanobacterial biotechnology, 1989. Cresswell. R.C, Rees, T.A.V. and Shah, N.Eds. Longman Scientific and Technical, Essex, London.

#### Core 3: PRACTICAL RELATED TO IMMUNOLOGY

- 1. Raising of antibodies to soluble antigen in rabbits.
- 2. Immunodiffusion.
- 3. Single Radial Immunodiffusion.
- 4. Rocket immunoelectrophoroesis.
- 5. Cross over Immunoelectrophoresis.
- 6. Graber and Williams Immunoelectrophoresis.
- 7. Detection of HCG by latex agglutination inhibition test.
- 8. Haemeagglutination tests for identification of human blood groups.
- 9. Detection by viral fever by slide agglutination tests.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Hawk's Physiological chemistry.
- 2. Practical Biochemistry by T Plummer.
- 3. Practical Biochemistry by J Jayaraman.
- 4. Klemir and others: practical Biological chemistry.
- 5. Practical Biochemistry Koch and Hank Dunn and Drell.
- 6. Practical Biochemistry-Sawhney (2000)
- 7. Varley's Practical clinical Biochemistry Ed. Alan W. Gowenlock (Heinemann, London, 1988).

## **Core 4 PROJECT WORK (100 marks):**

Marks allotted to thesis preparation-80 (40 marks for the progress performed by the student in laboratory will be awarded by project research supervisor and another 40 marks for content of the thesis)

Marks allotted to viva presentation-20

## GENERIC ELECTIVE a: PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### **UNIT -1: Pharmaceutical Products**

Definition - History of development of Pharmaceutical Products by biotechnological methods like genetic recombinant vaccines, microbial and non-microbial products - scope of biotech products and biochemical in pharmaceutical industry. Need to design a drug, drug receptor interactions, antagonisms, biological activity, efficacy and stimulus, recepors and ion channels, ion gating co-operatively effect of solvent on drug - receptor interactions, drug docking.

## UNIT- II: In vitro development of drugs and pharmaceuticals

Methods of testing products for abti-microbial potentials, pharmacological activities and biopesticidal properties -conventional and rapid enzyme inhibitor techniques; in vivo methods - use of animals models for confirmation of in vitro properties - transgenic systems - preclinical, toxicological studies, Acute, subacute, chronic studies. Clinical trials -definition - design - specific objectives - types of clinical trials -

phase I, II & II - randomised controlled clinical trails - multicentric double nlind clinical trials - pharmaceutical/drug regulations for commercialising new biotech products for human use - PDA and Indian regulations.

## **UNIT – III: Biotech medicines and pharmacuticals**

Biotech products as medicines and pharmaceutical products: Biochemicals - enzymes like proteases - chemical like ethanol, vinegar, citric acid and glutamic acid; vitamins like B12; drugs for infection and metabolic, immunomodulatory -insulin - interferons, B-cell growth factors, Tissue plasminagen activator. r-DNA based production of regulatory protins, blood products, hormones, vaccines, Application of RELP in forensic, disease prognosis, genetic counselling, pedigree, variation.

#### **UNIT - IV: Health development**

Vaccines - cell culture based vaccines - genetic recombinant vaccines - recombinant vector based vaccines -live and subunit - their production model - fermentation technology - expression systems - guideline for the production of genetic recombinant vaccines - Eg. Hepatitis B vaccine, HIV vaccine and other vaccines in pipeline.

Application of biotechnology to Animal health and disease diagnosis, Development of kits and their application in disease diagnosis. Gene theraphy, vector engineering, strategies of gene deliver, gene replacement, augmentation, gene correction, gene regulation and silencing safety and bioethical issues in biotechnology.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Biopharmaceuticals- Walsh, John Willey and Sons, New York 1998
- 2. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology- Daan J.A.Crommelin, RobestD. Sindelar, Daan JACrommelinAmazon.
- 3. Physical Methods to charecterize Pharmaceutical Protines- James. N.Herron, Wim Jiskoor and Daan J.A.Crommelin Amazon. Wm From clone to clinic (Developments in Biotherapy)-Daan J.A.Crommelin and H.Schellekom Amazon.Wm.
- 4. Hand Book of Pharmaceutical Biotechnology- Jay P.Rho, Star4lonie The Haworth press.
- 5. Alice Sr. Bringhamtpn, NY13904<sub>1</sub>US Drug discovery, Tamas bartifai, Harold L.Dorn's The Scientific world Ltd., Newburry, U.K.

## **GENERIC ELECTIVE b: ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY**

## **UNIT - I: Reproduction**

Structure and function of male reproductive system - Hormonal regulation of spermatogenesis and spermeiogenesis; Inhibin and androgen binding proteins; Capacitation of spermatozoa.

Structure and function of female reproductive system - influence of hormones on development of ovarian follicles and oogenesis; Reproductive cylces; estrus and menstrual cycle; Ovulation, atresia and corpus luteum formation; Pregnancy and lactation; Implantation and placentation.

Contraception in males and females; Hormonal and chemical; Recent advances in contraception research.

## **UNIT - II: Sex and Breeding**

Introduction - Sex determination; Principles of animal breeding; Structure of the live stock breeding industry: dairy cattle, beef cattle, swine, sheep and poultry.

Selection for qualitatively inherited characters - Gene frequency and selecting against recessive genes; detecting heterozygotes for recessive; parental determination and verification; the use of markers and/ or molecular probes, selection criteria: multiple records, pedigree selection, family selection; progeny testing: breeding value, transmitting ability and heritability; correlated characters; selection for maternal ability; factors affecting selection response; genotypes - environment interactions.

Artificial insemination (AI) techniques and their development; Estrus synchronization; Semen collection, evaluation, storage, *in vitro* fertilization, Embryo transfer - ICSI and preservation of endangered species.

## **UNIT-III: Transgenesis**

An overview of transgenic technology.

Development of transgenic mice and other animal models: by injection of foreign DNA/gene into zygote; optimization of construct for *in vivo* expression

Generation of chimeric, transgenic and knockout mice and other animals and their characterization Potential application of transgenic animals: Models for various diseases/disorders, Production of peptides and proteins of biopharmaceutical interest (molecular pharming), Transgenic fishes, Transgenic poultry and Transgenic insects as bioreactors.

## **UNIT - IV: Applications**

Applications of biotechnology to animal health - Production of vaccines, diagnostics, hormones and other products.

Animal nutrition and biotechnology - Microbial supplements, non-genetic and genetic manipulation of rumen microbes, Utilization of animal waste as live stock feed.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Culture of animal cell: A Manual of Basic techniques. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. 1994. R.I. Reshnery, Alan R. liss. Inc. New York, NY, 397.
- 2. Recombinant and synthetic vaccines 1994. G.P. 1 Taiwan K.V.S. Rao, V.S. Chauhan, Eds. PP. 528. Springerscan Publication,
- 3. Animal Cell Biotechnology, Vol.6, 1994, R.E. Spier, J.B. Griffiths, Eds. Harcourt Brace. PP

## GENERIC ELECTIVE c: APPLIED BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### **UNIT - I: Introduction**

History and scope of Biotechnology, Definition of Biotechnology, Old & Modern Biotechnology, Different areas of Biotechnology.

#### **UNIT-II: Plant Biotechnology**

Biotechnology and Agricultural, Micro propagation, (Cell and Tissue culture) Transgenic plants, Biofertilization, organic farming, Biopesticides.

## **UNIT - III: Animal Biotechnology**

Application of Biotechnology in Animal sciences, Animal cell and tissue culture, production of transgenic animals, cloning of animals (IVF & ET) cryopreservation somatic production of animals, application of human vaccines in improving productivity.

#### **UNIT - IV: Environmental Biotechnology**

Biotechnology and Environment: Microbial agents and Biochemical methods of xenobiotic degradation, OEMs, Waste water and solid waste management.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Gene cloning Brown
- 2. Concepts in Biotechnology- Balasubramanyam.D
- 3. Basic Biotechnolgy Colin Rotledge and Kristainsen
- 4. Gene Biotechnology Jogdan
- 5. From Genes to Clones, Introduction to Gene
- 6. Technology-Winnacker, Ernst.L
- 7. Safety .Moral, Social and Ethical issues related to
- 8. geneticalls modified foods Smith J.E.
- 9. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology Meyer R A
- 10. Environmental Biotechnology- Forster and wase
- 11. Biotechnological Innovations in Environmental
- 12. Management Leach and Van Dam-mieras
- 13. Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology- Demain and Solomon

#### **OPEN ELECTIVE a: TOOLS IN BIOTECHNOLOGY**

## Unit I: Methods of Analysis of Replication of Single locus

Replication initiation point mapping: Approach and implications, purification of restriction fragments containing replication intermediates, Topological analysis of plasmid DNA replication intermediates, Analysis of telomeric DNA replication using neutral alkaline 2D gel electrophoresis, chromatin immunoprecipitation of replication factors moving with replication fork, density transfer as a method to analyze the progression of DNA replication fork, High resolution mapping of points of site specific replication, DNA replication in nucleus

## Unit II Genome wise analysis methods

Chip-chip to analyze the binding of replication proteins to chromatin using oligonucleotides DNA microarrays, analyzing origin activation patterns by changing experiments. Detection of replication origins using comparative genomics and recombination ARS assay. Isolation of restriction fragments containing origin of replication from complex genomes. Application of alkaline sucrose degradation and analysis of DNA replication after DNA damage.

## **Unit III Biochemistry and Biophysics Methods**

Isolation of recombinant DNA elongation proteins Invitro assays for studying helicase activities, the use of two amino fluorescence to study DNA polymerase function, Single molecule observation of prokaryotic DNA replication, The FAST-HALO assay for the assessment of DNA damage for the single cell level. Electron microscopic methods for studying In vivo DNA replication intermediates.

## Unit IV Cell biology and Genetics methods

Visualization of DNA replication sites in mammalian nuclei, measuring of DNA content by Floucytometry in Fission Yeast. Assays used to study replication check point in Fission Yeast. Use of DNA combining to study SNA replication in genus and in human cell free systems. Determining the replication dynamics of specific gene loci by single molecule analysis of replicated DNA.

#### References

- 1. DNA replication methods and protocols in Methods in Molecular Biology Edited by John N walker co edited by Soniya and Jacob Gelgard 2009. Humana press, New York.
- 2. General biochemistry and biophysics methods books.

## **OPEN ELECTIVE b: IMMUNOLOGY**

## **UNIT - I: Architecture and types of immune system:**

Immunity- innate and acquired, innate immune mechanisms, acute phase reactants, properties of acquired immunity, Toll-like receptors.

Immunogens and antigens – Properties, factors governing immunogenicity, haptens, epitopes-size and identification. Adjuvants-properties and mechanism of action.

Cells involved in the immune response- T cells, B cells, CD antigens, neutrophils, eosinophils and natural killer cells. Macrophages, dendrites, Phagocytosis

Lymphoid tissues- Primary and secondary lymphoid organs, structure and cellular organization. Lymphocyte traffic.

## **Unit II Humoral Immunity**

Functions of antibody in relation to structure. Antigen-antibody interactions- affinity of antibody, avidity, bonus effect, classical precipitin reaction, antigen-binding site of antibody, forces involved in antigenantibody complex formation

Generation of antibodies, Theories of antibody formation. Monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies. Complement - nature, physicochemical properties, complement cascade pathway, complement fixation. Antibody response-primary and secondary antibody response, antibody response to haptens, enumeration of antibody-forming cells, T-dependent and T-independent antigens, MHC, Interleukins, cytokines

#### UNIT - III: In vitro serological tests

Principles and applications of serological tests used in identification of pathogenic agents and initial sources of inoculum-precipitation tests in liquid media, single and double diffusion tests using agar gel media,

Immunoelectrophoresis, rocket immunoelectrophoresis, hemagglutination, bentonite and later flocculation tests, complement fixation test, labeled antibody techniques (tests with fluorescent antibody, test with radioisotope-labeled antibody and enzyme-labeled immunoassays ELISA)

Immunosorbent electron-microscopy, infectivity neutralization test, and western blotting and immunodetection of viral antigens, relative merits and demerits of the above tests. Blood groups and isohaemagglution.

#### **UNIT - IV:**

Antigen Presentation- pathways of antigen processing and presentation of intracellular and extracellular antigens. Cell mediated immunity (CMI): Induction and mechanism

Hypersensitivity reactions – Classification, Type I – IV reactions. Immunity to bacterial, fungal, viral and parasitic diseases. Allergy: classification and details.

Immune tolerance, immune suppression. Transplantation and G.V.H. reactions.

Immunopathology -Autoimmune diseases; immune complex diseases; immunodeficiency diseases; immunity to infection. Production of vaccines and sera - conventional and biotechnological.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Advanced immunochemistry. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1990. E.D. Day, Wiley Liss, Inc. New York. PP 633.
- 2. Basic and clinical immunology, 7<sup>th</sup> ed. 1991. D.P. Stites and A.I. Terr Eds, Appleton and Lange, Norwalk, CT, pp. 870.
- 3. Clinical immunology: A practical approach. 1990. H.C. Goo, and H. Chapel. Eds. IRL Press, Oxford, PP 263.
- 4. Immunology: A short course, 2<sup>nd</sup>. 1991. B. Benjamin and S. Leskowitz, Wiley-Liss, NY. PP459.
- 5. Immunochemical protocols: Methods in Molecular biology. Vol. 10, 1992, M.M, Manson. Ed. Humanma Press. Totowa, NJ, PP 480.
- 6. Immunology, 1995, R.B. Gallagher, J. Gilder, G.J. VNossalandG Salvatore. Ed. Academic Press. PP 300.
- 7. Cellular and Molecular Immunology. 1991. A.K. Abbas, A.K. Lichtman, J.S. Pober, Harcourt Brace. PP480.
- 8. Hybridoma techniques : A Laboratory Course. 1986. Muthukkar Uppan, U.R. Bhaskar, S. and F. Singaglia. Macmillan India Ltd.,
- 9. Immunology, 1989.1. Riott, J. BroStoft and Dauid Male. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Churchill Livingston
- 10. Essential immunology, 1988. 6<sup>ltl</sup> ed. I.M. Roitt. ELBS.
- Fundamental immunology. 1992. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. R.M. Coleman.
   M.F. Lombard and R.E. Sicard. Wm. C. Brown. Publir.atinn
- 12. Immunology. 1990. R.M. Hyde and R.A. Patnode. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. John Wiley and Sons.
- 13. Immunology An illustrated outline. 1986. David Male. Churchill Livingstone.
- 14. Serological methods for detection and identification of viral and bacterial plant pathogens. 1990. R. Mampton, E. Ball and S.De. Boer (eds). American Phytopathological Society.
- 15. Monoclonal antibodies. 1992. J.H. Peters and H. Baumgarten. Eds. Springer-Verlag. New York. PP488,

#### **Practical Course**

1. Clinical immunology; A Practical approach. 1990. H.C. Goo, and H. Chapel. Eds IRL Press. Oxford. PP 263.

- 2. Immunologica! Protocols: Methods in molecular biology. Vol.10.1992. M.M. Manson, Ed. Humana Press. Totowa, NJ. PP480.
- 3. Serological methods for detection and identification of viral and bacterial plant pathogens. 1990. R. Hampton, E. Ball and S.De.Boer(eds.)American Phytopathological Society.
- 4. Practical immunology. 1989. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Hudson and F.C. Horp. Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- 5. Antibodies : A Laboratory Manual. 1988. E. Harlowand D.Lane. Cold Springer Harbor Lab. NY. PP 726.

#### OPEN ELECTIVE c :APPLICATIONS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### **UNIT - I: Introduction**

History and scope of Biotechnology, Definition of Biotechnology, Old & Modern Biotechnology, Different areas of Biotechnology.

## **UNIT- II: Plant Biotechnology**

Biotechnology and Agricultural, Micro propagation, (Cell and Tissue culture) Transgenic plants, Biofertilization, organic farming, Biopesticides.

## **UNIT - III: Animal Biotechnology**

Application of Biotechnology in Animal sciences, Animal cell and tissue culture, production of transgenic animals, cloning of animals (IVF & ET) cryopreservation somatic production of animals, application of human vaccines in improving productivity.

#### **UNIT - IV: Environmental Biotechnology**

Biotechnology and Environment: Microbial agents and Biochemical methods of xenobiotic degradation, OEMs, Waste water and solid waste management.

- 1. Gene cloning Brown
- 2. Concepts in Biotechnology- Balasubramanyam.D
- 3. Basic Biotechnolgy Colin Rotledge and Kristainsen
- 4. Gene Biotechnology Jogdan
- 5. From Genes to Clones, Introduction to Gene
- 6. Technology- Winnacker, Ernst.L
- 7. Safety .Moral, Social and Ethical issues related to
- 8. geneticalls modified foods Smith J.E.
- 9. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology Meyer R A
- 10. Environmental Biotechnology- Forster and wase
- 11. Biotechnological Innovations in Environmental
- 12. Management Leach and Van Dam-mieras
- 13. Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology- Demain and Solomon

# MSc Biotechnology :: Model Question paper

Semester I/II/III/IV Paper BTH: 101 etc

# Time 3 Hrs Max marks 80

Attempt any five from part A (5 x 4=20 marks) and all from part B (4 x 15=60 marks)

# PART A (5 x 4=20 marks)

- 1. Unit 1
- 2. Unit 1
- 3. Unit 2
- 4. Unit 2
- 5. Unit 3
- 6. Unit 3
- 7. Unit 4
- 8. Unit 4

# PART A (4 x 15=60 marks)

- 9. Unit 1 A or B
- 10. Unit 2 A or B
- 11. Unit 3 A or B
- 12. Unit 4 A or B