

BA., (History, Epigraphy and Tourism and Museology) UG/CBCS/2016

IInd YEAR: IVTH SEMESTER - EPIGRAPHY

Paper II: SOUTH INDIAN EPIGRAPHY

W.E.F. 2016 - 17

SYLLABUS

- Unit - I :** Value of South Indian inscriptions for the study of social, economic, religious and cultural history of South India – Nature - Scope and Significance of South Indian Inscriptions
- Unit - II :** Importance of South Indian Inscriptions for the study of Political History – Satavahanas – Ikshvakus – Early Pallavas – Cholas – Badami Chalukyas – Eastern Chalukyas – Kakatiyas – Reddis and the Vijayanagara rulers.
- Unit – III :** Various types of South Indian Inscriptions – Donative – Prasasti – Religious – Commercial Administrative – Commemorative – Literary.
- Unit - IV :** Significance of early inscriptions of South India - Asokan edicts in South India and its significance.
- Unit - V :** Regional languages and scripts used in South Indian Inscriptions – Telugu – Tamil – Kannada and Malayalam – Contribution of South India for the development of Indian Epigraphy.

Suggested Readings

1. E.Buhler: Indian palaeography
2. R.B.Padhy : Indian Palaeography
3. C.Sivaramamurti : Indian Epigraphy and South Indian Scripts
4. D. C. Sircar: Indian Epigraphy
5. P. V. Parabrahma Sastry and N.S. Ramachandra Murthy : Telugu Script (Origin and Evolution).
6. Solomon Richard : Indian Epigraphy (A Guide to the Study of Inscriptions in Sanskrit,Prakrit and other Indo-Aryan Languages), New Delhi,1998
7. N.Krishna Reddy: Sasanaparichayam (Telugu)

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Marks : 75

SECTION -A

Answer any FIVE of the following
Each Question carries Five Marks

5X5=25 Marks

1. Nature and scope of South Indian Inscriptions.

తెలుగు భారతదేశ శాసనాల స్వభావం, పరిధి

2. Ikshvaku Inscriptions.

ఇక్ష్వాకుల శాసనాలు

3. Aihole Inscription of Pulakesin II.

రెండోపులకేశి ధిమోకేశి శాసనం

4. Hero-stone inscriptions.

వీరశిలా శాసనాలు

5. Literary Type of Inscriptions.

సాహిత్య సంబంధ శాసనాలు

6. Erragudi edicts of Asoka.

రెరగూడి ఎడ్రగుడి శాసనం

7. Early Telugu Inscriptions.

ప్రాచీన తెలుగు శాసనాలు

8. Early Kannada Inscriptions.

ప్రాచీన కన్నడ శాసనాలు

Chairman BOS
Chairman BOS

SECTION - B

Answer **ALL** the questions
Each Question carries **TEN** marks

5X10=50 Marks

9. a. Discuss the importance of Inscriptions for the study of Social History of South India.
ರಚ್ಚಿರ ಭಂಡಾರವೇಕ ಸಾಂಘಿಕ ಇತಿಹಾಸದ ಅಧ್ಯಯನಕ್ಕೆ ಈಸನಾಲ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತೆ
ವಿವರಿಸುಂಡಿ. OR
- b. Write a note on the significance of South Indian Inscriptions.
ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಭಂಡಾರವೇಕ ಈಸನಾಲ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತೆವು ಬಿಡುಬಿಡುಂಡಿ.
10. a. Write a critical note on the inscriptions of Early Pallavas for writing their Political History.
ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ ಪಲ್ಲವರ ಉಪಕರಣ ಬರಹರನ್ನು ಉಪಕರಣ ಈಸನಾಲ ವಿವರಿಸುಂಡಿ.
ಓದಿ ನೋಡುಂಡಿ. OR
- b. Explain the significance of the inscriptions of Krishnadevaraya .
ಕ್ರಿಷ್ಣದೇವರಾಯರ ಈಸನಾಲ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತೆವು ವಿವರಿಸುಂಡಿ.
11. a. Examine the commercial activities of the Kakatiyas based on the Motupalli Pillar Inscription of Kakatiya Ganapatideva.
ಕಾಕತಿಯ ಗಣಪತಿಪಿಲ್ಲರ ಮೇಲಿನ ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ ಈಸನಾಲ ಉಪಕರಣ ಉಪಕರಣ
ಕಾಕತಿಯ ಈಸನಾಲ ವಿವರಿಸುಂಡಿ. OR
- b. Write a brief note on the administrative type of Inscriptions.
ಪರಿಪಾಲನಾ ವಿಧಾನದ ಸಂಪರ್ಕದ ಈಸನಾಲವು ಬಿಡುಬಿಡುಂಡಿ.
12. a. Examine the significance of early inscriptions discovered in South India.
ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಭಂಡಾರದ ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ ಲಿಪಿಯ ಈಸನಾಲ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತೆವು ವಿವರಿಸುಂಡಿ.
OR
- b. Write about the Asokan edicts discovered in Karnataka.
ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಲಿಪಿಯ ಲಿಪಿಯ ಈಸನಾಲ ಉಪಕರಣ ರಾಜ್ಯದ.
13. a. Explain the development of Telugu-Kannada script from Brahmi Script.
ಬ್ರಾಹ್ಮೀಲಿಪಿಯಿಂದ ತೆಲುಗು-ಕನ್ನಡಲಿಪಿ ಉಪಕರಣವು ಬಿಡುಬಿಡುಂಡಿ.
OR
- b. Discuss the contribution of South India to Indian Epigraphy.
ಭಂಡಾರವೇಕ ಈಸನಾಲ ಇತಿಹಾಸದ ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಭಂಡಾರವೇಕ ಈಸನಾಲ
ವಿವರಿಸುಂಡಿ.

V. V. V. V.
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