SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY:: TIRUPATI SVU COLLEGE OF SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY



Syllabus for M.Sc. CHEMISTRY Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (w.e.f. the Academic Year 2016-2017)

Vision

Impart quality education & training in the field of chemistry to enable successful careers for the post graduate students in the field of research, education & industry applications of chemical sciences.

Mission

The Department of Chemistry strives:

- To get an ideal balance between knowledge creation and knowledge dissemination in the chemical sciences with a focus to train and mentor students to become responsible scientists and scientifically literate professionals to attain National and International impact.
- To contribute to the improvement of scientific and technological literacy, and the development of
 critical-thinking and problem-solving skills of all students in order to compete for the world of
 work and responsible citizenship

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the program, the student wills be able to:

PEO1	To demonstrate broad knowledge of descriptive chemistry.
PEO2	To impart basic analytical and technical skills to work effectively in various fields of chemistry.
PEO3	To motivate critical thinking and analysis skills to solve complex problems viz., analysis of data, synthetic logistics, spectroscopy, structure and modeling, team based problem solving etc.
PEO4	To demonstrate an ability to conduct experiments in the above sub disciplines with mastery of appropriate techniques and proficiency using core chemical instrumentation and modeling method
PEO5	To develop laboratory competence in relating chemical structure to spectroscopic phenomena.
PEO6	To demonstrate the ability to synthesize, separate and characterize compounds using published reactions, protocols, standard laboratory equipment and modern instrumentation.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES: On completion of M.Sc. Chemistry programme, graduates will be able to –

PO1	Have a firm foundation in the fundamentals and application of current chemical and scientific theories in different areas of chemistry <i>viz.</i> , Analytical, Environmental, Inorganic, Organic and Physical.
PO2	Understands the background of organic reaction mechanisms, complex chemical structures, and instrumental methods of chemical analysis, molecular rearrangements and separation techniques.
PO3	Familiarize with the importance of various elements present in the periodic table, coordination chemistry and structure of molecules, properties of compounds, structural determination of complexes using theories and instruments.
PO4	Understand about the physical aspects of atomic structure, dual behavior, reaction pathways with respect to time, various energy transformations, molecular assembly in nano-level, significance of electrochemistry, molecular segregation using their symmetry.
PO5	Create awareness and sense of responsibilities towards environment and apply knowledge to solve the issues related to Environmental pollution.

PO6	Continue to acquire relevant knowledge and skills appropriate to professional activities and demonstrate highest standards of ethical issues in the subject concerned. Ability to identify unethical behavior such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data and adoptive objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all aspects.
PO7	Be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems.
PO8	Clearly communicate the results of scientific work in oral, written and electronic formats.
PO9	Explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology.
PO10	Design, analyze and carry out scientific experiments and interpret data to provide solutions to different industrial problems.
PO11	Independently carry out research to solve practical problems and present a substantial technical report.
PO12	Ability to think, acquire knowledge and skills through logical reasoning and to inculcate the habit of self-learning throughout life, through self- paced and self- directed learning aimed at personal development, and adapting to change academic demands of work place through knowledge/ skill development/ reskilling.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES: At the end of the program, the student will be able to:

PSO1	Scientific Problem solving skills : Deep knowledge of the topic which can develop the problem solving skills using chemical principles.
PSO2	Analytical skills : Develop analytical skills such as synthesizing, separating, characterizing chemical compounds and chemical reactions with the help of sophisticated instruments
PSO3	Research skills : Develop research skills through dissertation/project work in different fields of chemistry such as organic, inorganic, analytical, physical and environmental.
PSO4	Learning skills on life processes : Acquire advanced level of knowledge in natural products as well as biological systems from the chemistry point of view.

S.V. UNIVERSITY, TIRUPATI SVU COLLEGE OF SCIENCES

M.Sc., Physical Chemistry

CBCS Pattern (With effect from 2016-17) The course of Study and Scheme of Examinations

SEMESTER-I

Sl. No.	Cours e Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam	Total
						Marks	
1	CHE-	Core-Theory	Inorganic Chemistry- I	4	20	80	100
	101						
2	CHE-	Core-Theory	Organic Chemistry I	4	20	80	100
	102						
3	CHE-	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry- I	4	20	80	100
	103						
4	CHE-	Core-Practical	Inorganic Practical- I	2	-	-	50
	104						
5	CHE-	Core-Practical	Organic Practical-I	2	-	-	50
	105						
6	CHE-	Core-Practical	Physical Practical I	2	-	-	50
	106						
7	CHE-	Compulsory	General Chemistry-I	2	10	40	50
	107	Foundation					
6	CHE-	Elective	an Values and Professional	4	20	80	100
	108	Foundation	Ethics – I				
		Total		24			600

SEMESTER-II

			SENIESTER-II		•	1	,
Sl.	Cours	Components of		No. of	IA	End	Total
No.	e Code	Ŝtudy	Title of the Course	Credits	Marks	SEM	
1,00		~ vaay			112442115	Exam	
						Marks	
1	CHE	C T1	I ' C1 ' . II	1	20		100
1	CHE-	Core-Theory	Inorganic Chemistry- II	4	20	80	100
	201						
2	CHE-	Core-Theory	Organic Chemistry -II	4	20	80	100
	202	•					
3	CHE-	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry- II	4	20	80	100
	203	·					
4	CHE-	Core-Practical	Inorganic Practical- II	2	-	-	50
	204						
5	CHE-	Core-Practical	Organic Practical-II	2	-	-	50
	205						
6	CHE-	Core-Practical	Physical Practical -II	2	-	-	50
	206						
7	CHE-	Compulsory	General Chemistry-II	2	10	40	50
	207	Foundation					
6	CHE-	Elective	an Values and Professional	4	20	80	100
	208	Foundation	Ethics – II				
		Total		24			600

SEMESTER-III

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE-PC- 301	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
2	CHE-PC- 302	Core-Theory	Organic Spectroscopy	4	20	80	100
3	CHE-PC- 303	Core-Practical	Practical-III	4	-	-	100
4	CHE-PC- 304	Core-Practical	Practical- III	4	-	-	100
5	CHE-305	Generic Elective*	(a) Organic Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
		(Related to subject)	(b) Inorganic Spectroscopy & Thermal Methods of Analysis (c)Green Chemistry	4	20	80	100
6	CHE-306	Open Elective (For other departments)	(a) Spectral Techniques or (b) Chromatographic Techniques	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

*Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two. SEMESTER-IV

			SEMIESTER-IV				
	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam	Total
	Code	Study	Title of the Course	Credits	Wiaiks	Marks	
1	CHE-PC- 401	Core-Theory	Electrochemistry	4	20	80	100
2	CHE-PC- 402	Core-Theory	Thermodynamics, Polymers and Solid state Chemistry	4	20	80	100
3	CHE-PC- 403	Core-Practical	PRACTICAL-I	4	-	-	100
4	CHE-PC- 404	Core-Practical/ Project work	Project work	4	-	-	100
5	CHE-405	Generic Elective*	CHEMICAL KINETICS	4 4	20 20	80 80	100 100
		(Related to subject)	(b) Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical				
			(c) Chemistry of Nanomaterials & Functional meterials				
6	CHE-406	Open Elective* (For other departments)	(a)Drug Chemistry or (b) Electro analytical Techniques	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

^{*}Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two.

CHE-1	01		INORO	GANIC C	HEISTR	RYI		L-5,T-1,	P-0		4Credits	5
Pre-req	Pre-requisite: Understanding of graduate level chemistry											
Cor • Cor by s • Stude • Und inte	 Course Objectives: Comprehend the key features of coordination compounds, Crystal Field Theory, different properties and bonding by spectroscopic techniques Study the polymorphic forms of non-transition elements and their synthesis and properties 											
1	Outcome							15' 115				
CO1	To understand the key features of coordination compounds, Crystal Field Theory, magnetic properties and bonding in transition metal complexes.											
CO2				•				osphorus, s now Wades	•	and prop	erties of	
CO3	_		-	_		s of Vale		and Crystal	Field the	eories, Ta	aube's	
CO4	To gain rule.	knowledg	ge on synt	hesis and	structure	s of differ	ent metal	carbonyls,	synergist	ic effect	and 18 e	lectron
			Mappi	ng of cou	rse outco	omes with	the prog	ram outco	mes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	-	3	-	2	1	1	-	2	-	1
CO2	3	1	2	3	-	2	=	2	1	1	-	1
CO3	3	2	-	3	2		1		2	1	1	1
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	1	-	2	1	-	2	1

CHE 101: INORGANIC CHEISTRY I

UNIT-I: CO-ORDINATION COMPOUNDS

15 Hrs

Introduction to Crystal field Theory, CFSE and its calculation, Paring energy, Splitting of 'd' orbitals in Trigonal bi pyramidal, square planar, square pyramid and pentagonal bipyramidal geometries, Jahn -Teller effect, Application of CFT, OSSE, site Selection in Spinels, Short comings of CFT, Evidence for covalency -Nephelauxetic effect. MOT of co-ordinate bonds -M.O. Diagrams for octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes. Experimental evidences for π - bonding – Crystallography, Infrared spectroscopy and Photoelectron spectroscopy.

UNIT-II: CHEMISTRY OF NON-TRANSITION ELEMENTS 15 Hrs

General characteristics of the non- transition elements special features of individual elements; Synthesis' properties and structure of their Halides and Oxides, Polymorphism of Carbon, Phosphorus and Sulphur, Synthesis, properties and structure of boranes, Carboranes, borazines, Silicates, Carbides, Sulphur-nitrogen compounds. Electron counting in boranes, Wades rules (Poly hedral skeletal electron pair theory), Isopopoly and hetero poly acids.

UNIT-III: REACTION MECHANISMS IN COMPLEXES 15 Hrs

Reactivity of metal complexes. Inert and Labile complexes. Concept of Labile and Inert complexes in terms of Valence bond and Crystal Field theories. Taube's classification of complexes as labile and inert complexes. Dissociative (D) and Dissociative interchange Mechanism (Id) & Associative (A) and Associative interchange Mechanism (Ia). Substitution reactions in octahedral complexes- Acid Hydrolysis -factors affecting Acid Hydrolysis - Base Hydrolysis-conjugate Base Mechanisms - Anation Reactions -Substitution Reactions in Square Planar complexes- Trans effect – Mechanisms of Trans effect: polarization and π -bonding theories. Electron Transfer Reaction-Inner Sphere and outer Sphere Mechanisms- Marcus theory.

UNIT-IV: METAL πCOMPLEXES-I

15 Hrs

Nature of π bonding, Classification of π ligands, π donor ligands and π -acceptor ligands.

Metal Carbonyls: Synthesis of metal carbonyls, Structures of metal carbonyls of the types M(CO)n (M= Cr, Fe, Ni; n=4-6), M₂(CO)n (M=Co, Fe, Mn; n=8-10), M₃(CO)₁₂ (M=Fe, Ru and Os), M₄(CO)₁₂ (M=Co, Rh, Ir). IR Spectraof metal carbonyls (i) Detection of bridging and terminal CO ligand, (ii) Synergistic effect, EAN and 18-electron rule. Electron counting methods (i) Oxidation state method and (ii) Neutral Atom method.

Metal Nitrosyls: Synthesis of metal Nitrosyls, bonding, Electron donation by nitric oxide, Models for NO bonding (i) Covalent model and (ii) Ionic models, Structures of metal nitrosyls (1) $[Fe_4S_3(NO)]$ (2) $[Fe_2(NO)_2I_2]$ (3) $[(\phi_3P)_2Ir(CO)Cl(NO)]^+$ (4) $[(\phi_3P)_2Ru(NO)_2Cl]$, Detection of bridging NO ligand, Applications of metal nitrosyls.

- 1. F.A.Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. James E. Huheey, Inorganic chemistry- Principles of structure and reactivity, VI Edition 1993. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
- 3. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 4. Gary Wolfsburg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemistry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. B.N Figgis: Introduction to Ligand Fields (John-Willey)
- 7. S.F.A. Kettle: Coordination compounds.
- 8. Coordination Chemistry. Bassalo & Jahnson.

0112			1-5,1-1,1-2												
Pre-req	uisite: U	nderstand	ling of gra	aduate lev	el Organ	ic Chemis	stry		•						
Course	Objectiv	es:													
• Class	sify mole	cules base	ed on ster	reochemic	cal aspect	s study o	n optical	and geom	etrical is	omerism	by the ap	plication			
	of Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules.														
• Familiarize with different types of substitution reactions, able to predict products, including stereochemistry in															
aliphatic and aromatic nucleophilic substitution reactions, effect of neighboring group participation															
Understand thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, potential energy															
_		nsition st	ates and	intermed	iates, me	thods of	determin	ing mech	anisms,	isotope e	ffects in	reactive			
	mediates				. 1.11		1 .1								
	•			•		shment an nt will be		is of natu	ral produ	cts-terper	ioids.				
Course	Outcome	es. At the	ena or th	e course,	me stude	iii wiii be	aute								
	101	Toda	taat stara	ashamiaa	1 stmiotim	os of the t	malagulas	, stereose	laativa ar	ad starage	antrallad				
C	CO1	reacti		ochemica	1 Siluctur	es of the f	noiecules	, stereose	iective ai	ia siereoc	omnonea				
	102			a starana	hamistry	of the pro	duote wi	th the effe	et of naid	rhhouring	group				
C	CO2				•	-		aromatic s	-						
		-	anism and				types or t	ar official to	dostitutio	on reaction	no, men				
C	CO3	To kn	now the co	oncept of	isotope e	ffects, pot	tential en	ergy diagr	ams and	transition	states in				
		differ	ent intern	nediates	-	-									
	CO4	To fa	miliarize	with stere	eospecific	synthesis	of natur	ally occur	ring terne	enoids and	degrada	tion			
	.04		icts of ter		osposiii	5)111110511	011111111		gp						
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	tcomes						
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
			100		100	100	10,		107	1010		1012			
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	-	1	2	1	-	2	-			
CO2	3	2	2	3		1	-	1	2	1	1	2			
CO3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	2		1	-	-			
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	1	-	2			

L-3.T-1.P-2

4Credits

CHE102: Organic Chemistry I

UNIT-I: <u>Stereochemistry</u>

CHE-102

Sereoisomerism-Stereoisomers Classification – Configuration and conformation.

Organic Chemistry I

Molecular Three dimensional representations: Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-horse formulae, their description and interconversions.

Molecular Symmetry & Chirality: Symmetry operations and symmetry elements (Cn & Sn). Criteria for Chirality. Dissymmetrization.

Optical isomerism: Molecular Symmetry and Chirality-Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules R, S-nomenclature, stereoisomerism resulting from more than one chiral center, meso and pseudoasymmetric compounds - **Axial Chirality** - Stereochemistry of allenes spiranes - biphenyl derivatives and atropisomerism - **Planar chirality** - Ansa compounds and trans - Cycloalkenes - **Helicity**. Helically chiral compounds

Geometrical isomerism - E, Z - nomenclature - Physical and Chemical methods of determining the configuration of geometrical isomers-Stereoisomerism in 3, 4 and 5-membered cyclic compounds.

UNIT-II: Substitution Reactions

i) Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitutions: The S_N2 , S_N1 , mixed S_N1 and S_N2 , SET mechanisms. Reactivity- effects of substrates, attacking nucleophiles, leaving groups and reaction medium. Common carbocation rearrangements – primary, secondary and tertiary. The neighbouring group participation (NGP) -anchimeric assistance, NGP by σ and π - bonds, phenonium ions, norbornyl and norbornenyl systems, Classical and nonclassical carbocations, NGP by halogens and heteroatoms (O,N,S)

The S_Nⁱ and S_N2' mechanisms. Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, and vinylic carbons.

ii. Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution: The S_NAr , S_N1 , benzyne and $S_{RN}1$ mechanisms. Reactivity - effect of substrate, structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The von Richter, Sommelet - Hauser and Smiles rearrangements.

UNIT-III: Reactive Intermediates

Types of reactions, types of bond cleavage mechanisms, generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, nitrenes and arynes. Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects.

UNIT-IV: Terpenoids

Classification of terpenoids, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination. Isoprene and special isoprene rule. Structure determination and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Farnesol, Zingeberine, Cadinene and Abietic acid.

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J. M. Coxon, Blackie Academic.
- 6. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.
- 7. Text book of Organic Chemistry, M.C. Murry
- 8. Organic Chemistry, Vol I, I.L. Finar, ELBS Eds.

CHE-10)3		Ph	ysical Cl	nemistry	I	L-:	5,T-1,P-6		40	Credits		
Pre-req	Pre-requisite: Basic knowledge about Physical Chemistry												
Course	Course Objectives:												
• Acqu	require knowledge in Quantum enemistry, postulates of Quantum recomments, reprinctions of semicaninger wave												
equa	equation and Born-Oppenheimer approximation												
• Study	• Study on Chemical Dynamics and theories in unimolecular, chain and fast reactions and determination of reaction												
rates	rates.												
• Fami	liarize w	vith conc	epts of 7	Γhermody	namics a	and statis	tical the	rmodynar	nics, Gib	bs- Duh	em equat	ion and	
Sack	ur-Tetrad	le equatio	n										
• Knov	w about	Thermo	dynamic	and Kin	etic con	cept of	Electroch	emistry	and con	ductance,	conduct	ivity of	
elect	rolytes												
Course	Outcome	es At the	end of the	course, t	he studen	it will be	able to						
CO1	To kno	w the con	cepts suc	h as Oper	ator algel	ora, Eiger	values a	nd Eigen	functions	, Degener	acy, Schr	odinger	
	wave e	quation a	nd the pos	stulates of	f Quantun	n Mechan	ics.						
CO2	To lear	n about th	neories of	reaction	rates, Lin	demann, l	Lindemar	ın-Hinshe	l wood, a	nd RRKN	A theories	.	
CO3	To kno	w about 7	Thermody	namic co	ncents an	d entropy	change i	n reversib	le proces	s and irre	versible n	rocess.	
						nodynami	_		1		1	,	
CO4	1		•			•			and the	derivation	of Debye	-Huckle	
			Verificati								J		
					irse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	1	3	2	1	-	2	1	2	1	1	
CO2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	-	2	1	-	1	
CO3	3	2	1	3	2			3		1	2	2	
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	2	
		1	CHE	103• Phy	siaal Cha	mistur I		1		1		1	

CHE-103: Physical Chemistry I

UNIT-I: Quantum Chemistry-I

(A)Introduction to Exact Quantum Mechanical Results

Operator algebra, Eigen values and Eigen functions, Operators for momentum and energy, Degeneracy, Linear combination of Eigen functions of an operator, well behaved wave functions, Normalized and orthogonal functions, The schrodinger wave equation and the postulates of Quantum Mechanics, (B) **Applications of Schrodinger wave equation:** Particle in one dimensional and three dimensional box, harmonic oscillator, rigid rotor, hydrogen atom and its applications. Hydrogen like wave function, hydrogen like orbitals and their representation, polar plots, contour plots and boundary diagram. (C)**Approximate Methods:** The variation Theorem, Linear variation principle, perturbation Theory (first Order and non-degenerate), Application of variation Method and perturbation theory to the helium atom, The Born-Oppenheimer approximation.

UNIT-II: Chemical Dynamics

- (A)**Theories of reaction rates:** Collision theory, steric factor. Theory of Absolute Reaction Rates-Reaction coordinate, activated complex and the transition state. Thermodynamic formiulation of reacton rates.
- (B) Unimolecular reactions: Lindemann, Lindemann-Hinshel wood, and RRKM theories. Termolecular reactions. Complex reactions-Rate expressions for opposing, parallel and consecutive reaction (all first order type) (C) Chain reactions: Dynamic chain, hydrogen-bromine reaction, pyrolysis of acetaldehyde, decomposition of ethane, photochemical reactions- H₂-Br₂, H₂-Cl₂ reactions, Autocatalysis, H₂-O₂ reaction explosion limits. (D) Fast Reactions: Flow system Temperature and pressure Jump Methods Relaxation Techniques.

UNIT - III: Thermodynamics

(A) **Brief review of Thermodynamic concepts:** Enthalpy, entropy, free energy. Concept of Entropy –Entropy as a state function –Entropy change in reversible process and irreversible process – Temperature – Entropy diagrams – Entropy change and phase change – Entropy of mixing – Entropy and disorder. (B) **Statistical thermodynamics:** Partial molar properties: their significance and determination of partial molar properties, fugacity and its determination. Concept of distribution, thermodynamic probability and most probable Distribution, Ensemble averaging, postulates of ensemble averaging, canonical, grand canonical and micro- canonical ensembles, partition functions, translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions, Gibbs- Duhem equation, calculation of thermodynamic properties in terms of partition functions, Entropy of monatomic gases (Sackur-Tetrade equation)

UNIT-IV: Electrochemistry I

(A) Thermodynamic and Kinetic concept of Electrochemistry

Thermodynamic and Kinetic Derivation of Nernst Equation, Chemical and Concentration Cells with and without Transference, Liquid Junction Potential, Derivation of the Expression for Liquid Junction Potentials-its determination and elimination, Applications of EMF Measurements: (i)Solubility product, (ii)pH Determination, (iii) Potentiometric Titrations.; (B)Conductivity: Theory of Electrolytic Conductance, Derivation of Debye-Huckle Equation and its Verification, Debye-Falkenhagen Effect, and Wein Effect, kohlrausch law. Calculation of Solubility of Sparingly soluble Salt from Conductance Measurements.

Conductometric Titrations: Titration of Strong Acid Vs Strong Base (HCl vs NaoH); Titration of Weak Acid Vs Strong Base (AcoH vs NaoH); Titration of mixture of Strong and Weak Acids vs Strong Base; Precipitation Titrations.

- 1. Physical Chemistry, P. W. Atkins (ELBS)
- 2. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine (Prentice Hall)
- 3. Atomic Structure and Chemical bond, Manas Chandra.
- 4. Chemical Kinetics, K.J. Laidler (Mc Graw Hill)
- 5. Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations, J. Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose (Mcmilan)
- 6. Thermodynamics for chemists, S. Glasstone
- 7. Chemical thermodynamics, I.M. Klotz
- 8. Statistical Thermodynamics, M. Dole
- 9. Modern Electrochemistry, Vol. I & II, J.O. M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy (plen
- 10. An Introduction to Electrochemistry (3rded.), S. Glasstone (Affiliated East-West).

CHE 10	4			Core prac			L-	5,T-1,P-0		2	Credits		
			Inc	organic C	Chemistry	7							
Pre-req	Pre-requisite: Understanding of graduate level Inorganic Chemistry practical.												
SEMI N	SEMI MICRO QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS												
•]	Basic laboratory techniques of titration and analysis.												
•													
Course	Outcome	s: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able						
CO1	To demo	nstrate m	astery of	basic sen	ni-micro c	qualitative	analysis	of simple	salts and	linterpret	s analytic	al data	
			•			rted by the	•	-		•	•		
						•							
CO2	To famili	arize wit	h techniq	ues of titr	ation and	calculation	on of erro	ors					
CO3													
CO4													
			Mappi	ing of cou	irse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	comes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	1	-	1	2	1	1	2	
CO3													
CO4													

CHE 104: Core practical I: Inorganic Chemistry

Semi Micro Qualitative Analysis

I. Qualitative Analysis of a mixture containing four cations including two less common cations (viz., W, Mo, Se, Te, V, Ce, Th, Zr, Li and U).

Cl	HE 105		(Core pr Organic (actical I: CheImist			L-5,T-1,	P-0		2 Cre	dits		
Pre-rec	uisite: U	 nderstand	ing of gra	aduate lev	vel Organi	ic Chemis	try practi	cal.						
• Iden • Sing	le step pr	of single eparation	s			matic qua		nalysis						
COurse CO1								compon	ants cont	formation	al tests fo	r vorious		
COI	To familiarize the systematic procedures of analysis of organic components, conformational tests for various functional groups.													
CO2	* ·													
CO3														
CO4														
			Mapp	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes witl	the pro	gram ou	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	-	2	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	1	1	2	-	2		
CO3														
CO4														

CHE: 105: PRACTICAL – II: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

a) Identification of single organic component by systematic qualitative analysis.

Aromatic acids

Phenols

Neutral compounds

Esters

Carbonyl compounds etc.

- b) Single step preparations.
 - 1. Preparation of aspirin
 - 2. Preparation of p-nitroacetanilide
 - 3. Preparation of p-bromoacetanilide
 - 4. Hydrolysis

CI	HE 106		1	-	actical I:			L-5,T-1,	P-0		2 Cre	dits			
				nysicai	Chermist	1 y									
Pre-req	uisite: Ui	nderstand	ling of gra	aduate lev	el Physic	al Chemi	stry pract	ical.							
Course	Objectiv	es:													
• Dete	rmination	of critic	al solution	n tempera	ture, eute	ctic comp	osition a	nd temper	ature of b	inary sys	tem.				
Course	Outcome	s. At the	end of th	e course	the stude	nt will be	able								
		Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able To study the determination of spitial colution temperature outcomes distribution coefficient.													
CO1		To study the determination of critical solution temperature, eutectic composition, distribution coefficient,													
	adsorption of different														
CO2	To calibrate the statistical data														
CO3															
CO4															
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	comes						
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	1	-	2	1	1			
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	2	-	1	1	2	-	2			
CO3															
CO4															

CHE: 106: PRACTICAL – III: Physical Chemistry

Syllabus

- Calibration of volumetric apparatus and statistical analysis of the data.
- Determination of critical solution temperature of phenol-water system and study the effect of electrolyte on CST.
- Determination of Eutectic composition and temperature of binary system
- Determination of distribution coefficient of benzoic acid between water and benzene.
- Study the adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal and analysis of the data on the basis of Langmuir and Freundlich adsorption isotherms.
- Determination of rate constant of acid hydrolysis of an ester and investigate the effect of catalyst concentration, reactant concentration and temperature.

CHI	E-107		Ge	neral Ch	emistry I	[L-	5,T-1,P-0		2	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite: Ur	nderstand	ing of gra	iduate lev	el Chemi	stry							
Course	e Objectiv	es:											
statis • Fami	knowledge tical evalua liarize with application	ntion of d	ata										
Course	e Outcome	s: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able						
CO1	To know about mean and median values, standard deviation and coefficient of variation.												
CO2	To acquire knowledge on principle and instrumentation of AAS and difference between flame AAS and furnace AAS.												
CO3													
CO4													
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes witl	the pro	gram out	comes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	2	=	2	-	1	1	2	
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	-	2	1	-	2	-	2	
CO3													
CO4					CHEAS	. Cenera	1.61 .						

CHE107: General Chemistry I

UNIT-I: TREATMENT OF ANALYTICAL DATA

15 Hrs

Precision and accuracy —mean and median values —Standard deviation — coefficient of variation, Types of errors: Determinate and indeterminate errors, confidence limits, significant figures, computations, minimization of errors, statistical evaluation of data —T-test ,F- test , and X^2 —test. Correlation coefficient and coefficient of determination; Limit of detection (LOQ); Limit of determination(LOD) Sensitivity and selectivity of an analytical method.

UNIT-II: FLAME EMISSION AND ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY 15 Hrs

- (a) Flame Emission Spectroscopy: Principles, chemical reactions in flames, Interferences, evaluation methods, flame photometer and experimental technique, procedure for determinations, limitations and disadvantages. Applications
- (b)Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Flame AAS: Principle, Instrumentation Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization

GF AAS: Principle and technique –Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merritt and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis
- 2. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis.
- 3. Analytical Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis H. Kaur

СН	E 108	Hum	an Value	es and Pr	ofessiona	l Ethics-l	L-	3,T-1,P-2	2		4 Credits	S		
Pre-req	uisite: Uı	nderstand	ing of gra	duate lev	el Human	Values a	nd profes	ssional etl	nics					
Course	Objectiv	es:												
	yze value		us ethical	profession	ons									
• Unde	erstand m	oral conc	epts, char	acter and	conduct r	nultiple								
• Cond	cept of eth	nical valu	es with re	spect to i	ndividual	and socie	ty							
			e in area	l-world si	ituation of	r practice	and asso	ess own e	thical va	lues with	respect t	o social		
	ext and pr													
Course	Outcome	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the studer	nt will be	able to							
	To be seen about the seed of seed in section of the formation of the forma													
CO1	To know about the needs and importance of professional ethics.													
CO2	To analyze nature of Values, basic Moral Concepts character and Conduct.													
CO3	To gain	knowled	ge on ind	ividual aı	nd society	ethical va	ılues, ahi	imsa, saty	a and bra	hmachary	a.			
CO4	To und	erstand va	lues of B	hagavd C	ita, vario	us religio	ns, religio	ous tolere	nce, Gand	dhian ethi	cs.			
			Manni	ng of cor	irse outco	mes with	the pro	gram out	comes					
										Γ				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	-	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	-	1	2		
CO2	3	-	2	3	1	2		2	3	2	-	2		
CO3	3	1		3	2		1				1	3		
CO4	3	1	2	3		2	2	2	2	2	-	3		

CHE 107: ELECTIVE FOUNDATION (HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS – I)

Chapter I: Definition and Nature of Ethics – Is relation to Religion, Politics, Business, Law, Medicine and Environment. Need and Importance of Professional Ethics – Goals – Ethical Values in Various Professions.

Chapter II: Nature of Values – Good and Bad, Ends and Means, Actual and Potential Values, Objective and Subjective Values, Analysis of Basic Moral Concepts – Right, Ought, Duty, Obligation, Justice, Responsibility and Freedom, Good Behavior and Respect for Elders, Character and Conduct.

Chapter III: Individual and Society: Ahimsa (Non-Violence), Satya (Truth), Brahmacharya (Celibacy), Asteya (Non Possesion) and Aparigraha (Non-stealing). Purusharthas (Cardinal virtues) - Dharma (Righteousness), Artha (Wealth), Kama (Fulfillment Bodily Desires), Moksha (Liberation), Crime and Theories of Punishment – (a) Reformative, Retributive and Deterrent, (b) Views on Manu and Yajnavalkya

Chapter IV: Bhagavd Gita – (a) Niskama Karma, (b) Buddhism – The Four Nobel Truths – Arya astanga marga, (c) Jainism - Mahavratas and Anuvratas. Values Embedded in Various Religions, Religious Tolerence, Gandhian Ethics.

Books for study:

- 1. Johns S Mackenjie: A Manual of ethics
- 2. "The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard D. Irwin Inc.
- 3. "Ethics in Management" by S.A. Shelekar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today
- 5. Maitra, S.K: Hindu Ethics
- 6. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics
- 7. Manu: Manava Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties: Religious and Civil (ed) G.C. Haughton.
- 8. Sasruta Samhita: Tr. Kaviraj Kunjanlal, Kunjanlal Brishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit Series, Vol I,II and III, Varanasi, Vol I PP, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 9. Charaka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series Office. Varanasi I, II, III Vol I PP 183-191.
- 10. Ethics, Theory and Contemporary Issues. Barbara Mackinnon, Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
- 11. Analyzing Moral Issues, Judith A. Boss, Mayfield Publishing Company, 1999.
- 12. I.C. Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India. Nagin& Co Julundhar.

CHE - 2	201		Inorga	nic Chemi	stry II			L-5, T-1	, P-0	4	Credits	
Pre-req	juisite: Ui	nderstand	ing of gra	duate leve	l chemis	try						
C	ourse Obj	jectives:										
	Understan synthesis.	_	etic prope	rties of ti	ransition	metal co	omplexes	and variou	is reaction	ons on lig	ands with	respect to
•	Gain knov	wledge or	electron	ic spectra o	of compl	ex moleci	ules of oc	tahedral and	d tetrahed	lral geome	try	
	Understan molecules		etic prope	erties viz.,	diamag	netism ar	nd param	agnetism a	nd other	related p	roperties o	f complex
•	Familiariz	ze with di	fferent ca	talytic read	ctions of	complex	molecule	s and factor	s effectin	g the react	tions.	
Course	Outcome	es: At the	end of th	e course, t	he studer	nt will be	able					
CO1	To familiarize with the general methods of complex preparations and properties, nature of bonding and structural											
	features of metal complexes. To know about Russel-Saunders coupling, splitting of energy levels in octahedral field and differentiate between											
CO2				_		_	energy lev	els in octah	edral fiel	d and diffe	erentiate be	tween
				e-Sugano d								
CO3					ds, Curie	and Weis	ss, magne	tism and ma	agnetic su	usceptibilit	ty determin	ation by
			ly method			11 1		T. 1.1			- C1 '	
CO4	To gain	knowledg						Thermal de		ion reaction	ons, Chain i	reactions.
			Maj	pping of c	ourse ou	itcomes v	vith the p	rogram ou	tcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	2	-	2	-	1
CO2	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	-	1
CO3	3	-	2	3	-	2	1	-	2	1	1	=
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	1	-	1	-	1

CHE 201: INORGANIC CHEISTRY II

UNIT – I: TRANSITION METAL II – COMPLEXES II

15 Hrs

Transition metal π – complexes with unsaturated organic molecules – alkenes, alkynes, diene, dienyl and Cyclopentadienyl complexes and arene complexes-general methods of preparation, properties, nature of bonding and structural features – Important reactions relating to Nucleophilic and Electrophilic attack on ligands and to organic synthesis.

UNIT - II: ELECTRONIC SPECTRA OF COMPLEXES

15 Hrs

Russel-Saunders coupling – Spectroscopic term symbols- Derivation of term symbols of p² and d² configuration, Hole Formulation, Energy ordering of terms (Hund's Rules), Splitting of energy levels and spectroscopic states in Octahedral field, Selection rules – Break – down of selection rules, Orgel diagrams, Definition and utility–Orgel Diagrams for d¹ to d⁹ configurations in Octahedral and tetrahedral fields. Interpretation of electronic spectra of high spin octahedral and tetra hedral complexes of Ti(III), V(III), Cr(III), Mn(III), Mn(II), Fe(III), Co(III), Co(III), Ni(II) and Cu(II) complexes, Calculation of Dq and B¹ parameters for Cr(III) and Ni(II) complexes. Tanabe – Sugano diagrams, Differences between Orgel diagrams and Tanabe – Sugano diagrams, Tanabe – Sugano diagrams, Tanabe – Sugano diagrams, Charge transfer spectra- LMCT and MLCT.

UNIT – III: MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES 15 Hrs

Diamagnetism and paramagnetism-orbital and spin contributions, spin-orbit coupling, Hunds third rule and Energies of J levels – Curie law and Curie – Weiss law- Ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism – Temperature independent magnetism Magnetic susceptibility and its determination by Gouy's and Faraday methods. Calculation of magnetic moment from magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula, Orbital contribution to magnetic moment (Oh and Td Complexes) – Paramagnetism and crystalline fields – Ti (III), V (III), VO²⁺, Cr (III), Mn (II), Fe (III), Co(II), Ni (II) and Cu (II). Magnetic Exchange in copper acetate and other dimmers – spin cross over in complexes.

UNIT -IV: CATALYSIS 15 Hrs

Homogeneous catalysis, Metal ion catalyzed reactions – Redox potentials and processes – Mechanism of redox processes involving ligands – Factors affecting redox potentials - other types of metal catalyzed reactions – Reactions involving Ag (I), Cu (II) and Os (VIII) – Reactions of Oxyanions – Factors affecting rate (General discussion only) – Induced reactions – Free radical reactions – Thermal decomposition of peroxy disulphate – Fe(III) $-S_2O_8$ reactions – chain reactions – H-Br reactions, H_2O_2 – S_2O_8 reactions.

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry principles of Structure and Reactivity 6th Edition. James E. Huheey.
- 2. Organometallic Chemistry: R.C. Mehrotra and Singh.
- 3. R. S. Drago: Structural methods in Inorganic Chemistry.
- 4. H. H. Willard, L. L. Merritt, Jr., J. A. Dean and F. A. Settle, Jr.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis (CBS Publishers).
- 5. R. L. Carlin: Magnetic Chemistry. R. L. Datta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetic Chemistry.

CHE-202	Organic Chemistry II	L-3, T-1, P-2	4 Credits

Pre-requisite: Understanding of Organic Chemistry

Course Objectives:

- Able to recognize, classify, explain, and apply fundamental organic reactions such as E₂, E₁, E_{1CB}.
- Familiar with molecular rearrangements involving electron deficient carbon, nitrogen and oxygen atoms and electron rich carbon atom.
- Provide Hantzsch-Widmann nomenclature for the three and four membered heterocycles. Be able to predict synthetic routes and chemical reactions of these heterocycles.
- Be familiar with occurrence, isolation, structural elucidation and synthesis of natural products- alkaloids

Course	Outcom	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able						
CO1	To fan	niliarize t	he mech	anisms o	f E ₁ , E ₂	and E _{1CB}	reaction	s, sterose	lectivity	and s	ynpyroly	tic	
	elimina	tions and	use of ise	otopes, ch	nemical tr	apping ar	d crossov	er experi	ments.				
CO2	To lea	rn the rea	arrangem	ents invo	lving elec	ctron defi	cient carb	on, nitro	gen and	oxygen at	oms and	electron	
	rich car	rich carbon atom and familiarize with the limitations and applications of reactions.											
CO3	To lear	To learn the synthesis of three and four membered heterocycles, mechanism of ring opening reactions and											
	the effe	he effect of electron donating and withdrawing substituents in selectivity of ring opening reactions.											
CO4	To und	To understand the structural elucidation and synthesis of alkaloids using specific reagents.											
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	comes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
	101	102	103	104	103	100	107	108	109	1010	1011	1012	
CO1	3	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	2	-	1	
CO2	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	1	-	1	1	
CO3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	2		
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	1	1	-	1	

CHE- 202 : ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II

UNIT-I: Reaction mechanism-I

15 Hrs

Electrophilic addition to carbon carbon double bond: Stereoselective addition to carbon carbon double bond; anti addition-Bromination and epoxidation followed by ring opening. Syn addition of OsO₄ and KMnO₄.

Elimination reactions Elimination reactions E_2 , E_1 , E_{1CB} mechanisms. Orientation and stereoselectivity in E_2 eliminations. Pyrolytic syn elimination and α -elimination, elimination Vs substitution. Facors influencing the elimination reactions

Determination of reaction mechanism: Determination of reaction mechanism: Energy profiles of addition and elimination reactions, transition states, product isolation and structure of intermediates, use of isotopes, chemical trapping, crossover experiments. Use of IR and NMR in the investigation of reaction mechanism.

UNIT-II: Molecular Rearrangements:

15 Hrs

Rearrangements to electron deficient Carbon atom:

Pinacol-Pinacolone, Wagner-Meerwein, Dienone-Phenol and Demjonove Rearrngements

Rearrangements to electron deficient Nitrogen atom:

Hofmann, Curtius, Schimidt and Beckmann Rearrangements.

Rearrangements to electron deficient Oxygen atom: Baeyer-Villiger and Dakins Rearrangements

Rearrangements to electron rich Carbon atom: Favorski and Neber Rearrangements

Aromatic and Sigmatropic Rearrangements: Fries and Claisen Rearrangements

UNIT III: Three and four membered heterocycles:

15 Hrs

Systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch-Widmann system) and Replacement nomenclature for monocyclic heterocycles (Three and four membered rings). Synthesis and chemical reactions of aziridines, oxiranes, thiiranes, azetidines, oxetanes, and thietanes.

UNIT-IV: Alkaloids 15 Hrs

Occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation and physiological action, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring, structure elucidation and synthesis of the following: Atropine, Papaverine and Quinine.

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Modern Organic Reactions, H.O. House, Benjamin.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J. M. Coxon, Blackie Academic.
- 7. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.
- 8. Text book of Organic Chemistry, M.C. Murry
- 9. Text book of Organic Chemistry, Fessendon and Fessendon.
- 10. Text book of Organic Chemistry, T.W. Solomon,
- 11. Organic Chemistry, Vol II, I.L. Finar, ELBS Eds.
- 12. Heterocyclic chemistry T.L Gilchrist, Longman Scientific Technical
- 13. An Introduction to the Heterocyclic compounds, R M Acheson, John Wiley.

CHE -	-203	Physical chemistry II L-5,T-1,P-6 4 Credits												
Pre-re	quisite: B	asic know	vledge abo	out Physic	cal Chemi	istry								
Course	e Objectiv	es:												
• Lea	arn Angula	r moment	tum and N	/Iolecular	Orbital T	heory and	d applicat	tion of Hu	ckel thec	ry to orga	nic mole	cules.		
• Kno	ow about c	oncepts i	n Surface	Chemistr	y, concep	ot of elect	ric double	e layer mo	odel and	Micelles.				
• Get	t knowledg	ge on sym	metry and	l group th	eory their	r use in sp	ectrosco	py, Mullil	ken char	acter tabl	es.			
• Une	derstand Ir	reversible	e Electrod	e phenon	nenon con	trolled po	otential el	ectrolysis	and pola	rography	•			
Course	e Outcom	es At the	end of the	course, t	he studen	t will be	able	-	-					
CO1	To know	about Pa	uli Exclus	sion princ	iple and S	Slater det	erminant,	atomic o	rbitals, Si	mple mol	ecular orl	oitals and		
	Huckel theory of conjugated systems.													
CO2	To learn Gibbs adsorption isotherm, BET equation and correlate limitations, critical micellar concentration													
	(CMC) and factors affecting the CMC of surfactants.													
CO3	To identi	fy Relation	on betwee	n order o	f a finite	group and	l its sub-g	group, con	jugacy, S	Symmetry	point gro	up (MLS,		
	N	MHS and	MSS) and	orthogor	nality theo	orem.								
CO4	To acqu	ire know	ledge on	DC-Pola	rography	, AC-Pol	arograph	y, Contro	lled Pote	ential Ele	ctrolysis,	to derive		
	equation	for Tafel	plots, hal	f-wave po	otentials f	or revers	ible syste	m.						
		M	apping	of cour	se outc	omes w	ith the j	progran	n outco	mes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	-	3	-	2	1	1	-	1	1	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	2	-	2	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	1		
CO4	3	2	-	2	2	1	1	-	2	1	1	1		

CHE-AC-203 Physical Chemistry III

UNIT-I: Quantum Chemistry-II

15 Hrs

- (A) Angular momentum: Angular momentum, Rotations and angular momentum, Eigen functions and Eigen values of angular momentum, Ladder operator, addition of angular momenta, spin, antisymmetry and pauli Exclusion principle. Slater determinant.;
- (B) Molecular Orbital TheoryAtomic Orbitals, Simple Molecular Orbitals, Hybrid Atomic Orbitals, Shapes and energies of Molecular Orbital, Systems of Organic Molecules (Ex: Methane, Ethylene, Acetylene). Huckel theory of conjugated systems, Π-bond order and charge density calculations, application of Huckel theory to ethylene, butadiene and benzene.

UNIT-II: Surface Chemistry

15 Hrs

Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface, (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibbs adsorption isotherm, BET adsorption isotherm, derivation of BET equation, limitations of BET equation, estimation of surface area from BET equation, Surface films on liquids. Concept of electric double layer model-Helmholtz perrin, Gouy- Chapman and stern models (no derivation)

Micells: Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents micellisation, hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, thermodynamics of micellisation, emulsions, reverse micelles.

UNIT-III: SYMMETRY AND GROUP THEORY

15 Hrs

Definition of a group, rules that are set for a group, sub-group, order of a group, Relation between order of a finite group and its sub-group, conjugacy relation and class of a group, symmetry elements and symmetry operation. Symmetry point group (MLS, MHS and MSS), Schoenflies symbols - Representation of groups by matrices (representation for C_n , C_{nv} , D_{nh} etc. groups to be worked out explicitly), character of a representation, group multiplication tables, reducible - irreducible representations The great orthogonality theorem (without proof) - character tables ($H_2O_3NH_3$) and their use in spectroscopy, Mulliken character tables.

UNIT-IV: ELECTROCHEMISTRY-II

15 Hrs

Irreversible Electrode phenomenon: Reversibility and irreversibility, Dissolution and deposition potentials, Decomposition voltage, overvoltage, diffusion overvoltage, charge transfer overvoltage, concentration overvoltage-hydrogen and oxygen overvoltages, Tafel plots, Exchange current density and Transfer coefficient, Butler-Volmer equation for one electron transfer processes.

Polarography: Theory, classification, principle, Instrumentation of Polarography, DME, HMDE diffusion current, Ilkovic equation, DC-Polarography, AC-Polarography, Controlled Potential Electrolysis, Millicoulometry, Equation for half-wave potentials, for reversible system when oxidant alone, reductant alone and both are present.

- 1. P.W. Atkins: Physical Chemistry (ELBS).
- 2. Ira N. Levine: Quantum Chemistry (Prentice Hall).
- 3. R. Mcweeny: Coulson's Valence (ELBS).
- 4. J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Modern Electrochemistry, vol.I & II (Plenum).
- 5. S. Glasstone; An Introduction to Electrochemistry (3rd ed.)(Affiliated East-West).
- 6. V. Moroi: Micelles, theoretical and applied aspects (Plenum).
- 7. Maron and prutton: principles of physical Chemistry.
- 8. Silbey, Alberty, Bawendi. Physical Chemistry. Jhon-Wiley & Sons. 4th edition-2006.
- 9. D.N. Bajpai: Advanced physical Chemistry: S. Chand & Company, 1998.

CHE 2	04			Core pra	actical I:		L	-5,T-1,P-	0	2	Credits		
			In	organic	Chemisti	ry							
Pre-rec	quisite: U	nderstan	ding of gr	aduate le	vel Inorg	anic Che	mistry pra	actical.					
SEMI	MICRO (QUALIT	TATIVE	ANALY	SIS								
•	Separation and determination of the two component mixtures.												
•	Preparation of metal complexes												
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able												
CO1	CO 1: To separate and determine the two component mixtures.												
CO2	CO 2: To acquire knowledge in the preparation of metal complexes												
CO3	3												
CO4													
	•		Марр	oing of co	ourse out	comes wi	ith the pr	ogram o	utcomes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	1	-	2	-	3	3	1	
CO2	3	2	2	3	-	1	2	-	2	3	3	1	
CO3													
CO4													

CHE 204: Core practical I: Inorganic Chemistry

I. Quantitative Analysis:

Separation and determination of two component mixtures:

- (i) Separation of Al(III) and Determination of Fe (III)
- (ii) Separation of Cu(II) and Determination of Zn (II)
- (iii) Separation of Ca(II) and Determination of Mg (II)
- (iv) Separation of Cu(II) and Determination of Ni (II)
- (v) Determination of Ferrocyanide and Ferricyanide

II. Preparation of Metal Complexes:

- (i) Tetra(ammine) copper (II) sulphate.
- (ii) Mercury tetra(thiocyanato) cobaltate(II).
- (iii) Hexa(ammine) Nickel (II) chloride.
- (iv) Tris(acetylacetonato) Manganese (III) chloride.
- (v) Tris (ethylenediammine) Nickel (II) thiosulpha

CI	HE 106			Core pr	actical II	:		L-5,T-1,	P-0		2 Cre	dits		
			(Organic (CheImist	ry								
Pre-req	uisite: Ur	nderstand	ing of gra	aduate lev	el Organi	ic Chemis	try practi	cal.						
Course	Objective	es:												
• Fam	iliarize wi	th two co	mponent	mixture s	separation	n and iden	tification	l .						
• prep	aration of	derivativ	es and pu	ırification	by differ	ent metho	ods							
Course	Outcome	s: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able							
CO1	To familiarize with binary mixture separation and to gain hands-on-experience in purification of the													
CO2	To get knowledge about the chemical behavior of different components and mechanisms.													
CO3														
CO4														
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	-	1	1	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	1	2	1	-	2		
CO3														
CO4														

CHE: 205: PRACTICAL – II: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Separation and Identification of two component organic mixture by systematic qualitative analysis.

Binary mixture of

Acid + Neutral

Phenol + Neutral

Base + Neutral

Acid + Ether insoluble component

Phenol + Ether insoluble component

Base + Ether insoluble component

CI	HE 206		1	-	actical II			L-5,T-1,	P-0		2 Cro	edits		
			<u> </u>	Pnysicai (CheImist	ry								
Pre-req	uisite: U	nderstand	ing of gra	aduate lev	el Physic	al Chemi	stry pract	ical.						
Course	Objectiv	es:												
• Fam	iliarize w	ith condu	ctometric	, potentio	metric an	d redox n	nethods o	f analysis						
• Colo	rometric	and pHm	etric meth	nods of ar	nalysis									
Course	Outcom	se. At tha	end of th	e cource	the stude	nt will be	able							
	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To study the determination of cell constant and verification of Onsagar equation, strength of strong													
CO2	To get knowledge on the applications of conductometry, potentiometry, coulometry and pH metry.													
CO3														
CO4														
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	-	1	1	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	2		
CO3														
CO4	·	_												

CHE: 106: PRACTICAL – III: Physical Chemistry

Syllabus

1. Conductometry:

- (a) Getermination of cell constant
- (b) Verification of Onsagar equation
- (c) Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid
- (d) Titration of a strong acid with a strong base
- (e) Titration of a weak acid with a strong base

2. Potentiometry:

- (a) Titration of a strong acid with a strong base
- (b) Titration of a weak acid with a strong base
- (c) Redox titration
- 3. Coulometry: Estimation of Manganese
- 4. pH metry: Strong acid, Strong base titrations.

CHE-	207		Gei	neral Cho	emistry I	I	L-	5,T-1,P-0		2	Credits			
Pre-req	uisite: Ur	nderstand	ing of gra	aduate lev	el Chemi	stry	•		•					
Course	Objective	es:												
	in knowle	_				ctro analy	tical met	hods.						
Familiarize with chromatographic techniques. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able														
Course														
CO1	To acqui	To acquire knowledge on ion selective electrodes, solid membrane electrodes and glass electrodes and												
	m 1	a learn general principles and classifications of chromatographic separations and applications of TLC GLC												
CO2	To learn general principles and classifications of chromatographic separations and applications of TLC, GLC													
CO3														
CO4														
	•		Mappi	ing of cou	irse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	2	2	-	1	1		
CO2	3	_	2	3	1	2	1	2	-	2	1	1		
CO3														
CO4					204 4 6									

CHE 204-A: General Chemistry II

UNIT-I: ELECTRO ANALYTICAL METHODS

Theory of potentiometry, calculation electrode potential at the equivalence. Finding of equivalence volume, derivative and linear titration plots. Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes –metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes, glass electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes, Amperometric titrations - Anodic stripping voltammetry, chronoamperometry, chronopotentiometry, Cyclic Voltammetry, Differential Pulse Polarography, linear sweep voltammetry, square wave voltammetry.

UNIT-II: CHROMATOGRAPHY

CHE 207

General principles and classifications of chromatographic separations

Thin layer chromatography: Classification, principle, experimental technique, sample application, development of plate, retardation factor.

Gas liquid chromatography: Gas liquid chromatography - instrumentation (columns and detectors), retention time and retention volume. Chromatographic behaviour of solutes, column efficiency and resolution, column processes and band broadening, time of analysis and resolution, Van-Deemter equation.

High performance liquid chromatography: Theory and instrumentation-column performance, gradient elution, delivery system, sample introduction, separation columns, detectors and applications of HPLC.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A.Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick: Analytical Chemistry (McGraw Hill).
- 5. D. Midgley and K. Torrance: potentiometric Water Analysis (John Wiley).

CHE 208		Н	Human Va		and professional ethics-		S- L-3	3,T-1,P-2	,T-1,P-2		4 Credits		
				I	I								
Pre-req	Pre-requisite: Understanding of Human Values and professional ethics												
Course	Objective	es:											
• Gair	Gain knowledge on value education, family values and adjustability												
• Dev													
• Und													
socia	al disparit	ies.											
• Kno	w about e	nvironme	ental ethic	s, ecolog	ical crises	s, pollutior	and pro	tection of	environr	nent			
Course	Outcome	s: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able to						
CO1	To unde	erstand th	ne concen	ts of hum	an values	, responsib	vilities of	f family v	alues and	status of	women i	n family	
COI	and soc		ic concep	ts of Hulli	an varues	, responsi	inties of	r raining v	araes arra	Status OI	women i	ii iaiiiiiy	
CO2			vledge on	different	medical e	ethics the v	iews of	charaka a	nd sushru	ıta on moı	ral respon	sibilities	
CO2	_	cal pract	_										
CO3	+			cial ethics	and unde	erstand the	characte	eristics of	ethical p	roblems ii	n manage	ment.	
	8								Г		8-		
CO4	To fam	iliarize e	nvironme	ntal ethics	s, ethical	theory and	ecologi	cal crisis.					
	1		Mappi	ing of co	ırse outc	omes with	the pro	gram out	tcomes				
	I = I				ı				ı	T =	1 =	T =	
		PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5		PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	2	1	-	3	1	1	1	
CO2	3	1	1	3	-	2	=	3	3	1	1	1	
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	1	
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	1	

CHE 207: ELECTIVE FOUNDATION (HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-II)

Chapter I: Value Education – Definition – Relevance to present day – Concept of human values - Self introspection – Self-esteem. Family values-Components, Structure and responsibilities of family Neutralization of anger – Adjustability – Threats of family life – Status of women in family and society – Caring for needy and elderly – Time allotment for sharing ideas and concerns.

Chapter II: Medical ethics – Views of Charaka, Sushruta and Hippocratus on moral responsibility of medical practitioners. Code of ethics for medical and healthcare professionals. Euthanasia, Ethical obligation to animals, Ethical issues in relation to health care professionals and patients. Social justice in health care, human cloning, problem of abortion. Ethical issues in genetic engineering and Ethical issues raised by new biological technology or knowledge.

Chapter III: Social ethics – Organ trade, Human trafficking, Human rights violation and social disparities, Feminist ethics, Surrogacy/pregnancy. Ethics of media – Impact of Newspapers, Television, Movies and Internet, Business ethics – Ethical standards of business – Immoral and illegal practices and their solutions. Characteristics of ethical problems in management, ethical theories, causes of unethical behavior, Ethical abuses and work ethics.

Chapter IV: Environmental ethics – Ethical theory, man and nature - Ecological crisis, Pest control, Pollution and waste, Climate change, Energy and pollution, Justice and environmental health.

Books for study:

- 1. Johns S Mackenjie: A Manual of ethics
- 2. "The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard D. Irwin Inc.
- 3. Management Ethics Integrity at work by Joseph A. Petrick and John F. Quinn, Response Books, New Delhi.
- 4. "Ethics in Management" by S.A. Shelekar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today
- 6. Maitra, S.K: Hindu Ethics
- 7. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics
- 8. Sinha: A Manual of Ethics
- 9. Manu: Manava Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties: Religious and Civil (ed) G.C. Haughton.
- 10. Sasruta Samhita: Tr. KavirajKunjanlal, KunjanlalBrishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit Series, Vol I,II and III, Varanasi, Vol I PP, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.

- 11. Charaka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series Office. Varanasi I, II, III Vol I PP 183-191.
- 12. Ethics, Theory and Contemporary Issues. Barbara Mackinnon, Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
- 13. Text Book for Intermediate First Year Ethics and Human Values, Board of Intermediate Eduction Telugu Academy, Hyderabad.
- 14. I.C. Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India. Nagin& Co Julundhar.

CHE-P	C-301		Ph	ysical Ch	emistry	III	L-	5,T-1,P-0		4 Credits				
Pre-re	quisite: U	nderstand	ling of gra	aduate lev	el Physic	al Chemi	stry		<u> </u>					
LeaAppFan	e Objective or applications of the control of the c	tions of C of X-ray I ith the ap	Diffractions	n and Ele of Micro	ctron Diff wave spe	fraction o ectroscopy	n solid sta , infrared	ate chemis I spectros	stry. copy and					
	knowledgations.	ge on co	ncept of	Thermod	ynamics	of polym	ier dissol	ution and	Flory-H	uggins th	neory of	polymer		
	e Outcome	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able to							
CO1	To know the determination of Character Co-ordinate of C ₂ V point group based on 3N Coordinates and to learn the Mutual exclusion Principle.													
CO2	To learn the Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals.													
CO3			rotator m l- rotation				rotation s	pectrosco	py, PQR	branches,	selection	rules		
CO4			epts on he Huggins tl				ution the	ory, Hilde	brand so	lubility pa	rameter,			
Mapping of course outcomes with the program outcomes														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	1	1	-	2	2		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	-	1		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	1	2	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	-	2	2	-	2		

CHE-PC-301 CORE-THEORY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY III

UNIT-I Applications of Group Theory

15 Hrs

Construction of reducible and irreducible representations, Determination of Character Co-ordinate of C_2V point group based on 3N Coordinates. Standard reduction formula, Determination of normal modes of vibrations of SO_2 , NH_3 , $POCl_3$, $PtCl_4^{2-} \cdot H_2O_2$ molecules. Mutual exclusion Principle, Direct Product, Accidental Degeneracy and Fermi resonance Group Theory and Spectroscopy: IR Spectral activity of NH_3 molecule, selection rules, symmetry Criteria for optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moments, symmetry and stereo isomerism. Prediction of IR and Raman Spectral activity of H_2O and CO_2 .

UNIT-II: X-ray Diffraction:

15 Hrs

- **(A) Solid State Chemistry** Dislocation of Solids, Schottky and Frenkeldefects, insulaters, a,d semiconductors, Band theory of solids, solid state reactions.
- **(B)** Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern- structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities- structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density- Description of procedure for X-ray structure analysis (NaCl and KCl).
- **(C)** Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity Vs scattering angle, Wierlequation, and its importance. Measurement techniques, Elucidation of structures of simple gas phase molecules, Low energy electron diffraction (LEED) for the study of surfaces.

UNIT-III: SPECTROSCOPHY

5 Hrs

Microwave spectroscopy: classification of molecules, rigid rotator model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities- stark effect.

Infrared spectroscopy: Linear harmonic oscillator, zero point energy, anharmonity, Mores potential energy diagram, fundamental and overtone transitions, hot bands and combinations bands. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, PQR branches, selection rules, factors affecting the band positions and intensities for IR region. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, pure rotational, pure vibrational Raman spectroscopy, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman spectroscopy and coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy. Vibrational- rotational Raman spectroscopy.

UNIT-IV: POLYMER SOLUTIONS

15 Hrs

Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution, effect of molecular weight on solubility, solubility of crystalline and amorphous polymer, heat of dissolution, regular solution theory, Hildebrand solubility parameter, Flory-Huggins theory of polymer solutions, conformational entropy, osmotic pressure and viscosity of polymer solutions. Molecular weight determination by light scattering, ultra-centrifugation and sedimentation equilibrium method. Liquid Crystals- synthesis and applications

- 1. F.A. Cotton: Introduction to Group theory for chemists.
- 2. Geroge Davidson Elsevier: Introductory Group Theory for Chemists.
- 3. Gurdeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi&Vinod Jain: Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis M.H. Willard, Meritt Jr. and J.A. Dean
- 5. Principles of instrumental analysis Skoog and West
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.

СНЕ	-PC 302	PC 302		Organic Spectroscopy Applications			d	L-5,T-1,P-0		4Credits		
Pre-requisite: Understanding of Organic Spectroscopy and Applications												
 Fam the r Und Stud Und 	nolecule erstand y on the erstand	with the es. IR spectre applicates the work.	ometry a ions of N ing princ	nd applic IMR spec iple and t	f UV and cations to a ctroscopy i	scertain t n ascerta ion rules	the funda ining the of differ	mental g stereoch	roups by o emical stru	bserving a	bsorption	bands
Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to												
CO1		t experie	nce to ca	lculate λ	max value	s for dier	nes, enon	es, polye	nes, aroma	tic and het	teroaroma	atic
CO2			with the	absorptio	on bands o	f the mol	ecules w	ith specif	ic function	al groups		
CO3	To interpret the data to different types of protons and carbons present in a molecule so as to ascertain the structure of the molecule based on the data provided											
CO4	To ac	quire kno	owledge a	about spe	cific fragn	nentation	rules of	different	molecules	which are	unique.	
Mapping of course outcomes with the program outcomes												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	-	2	2	-
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	-	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	2

CHE-PC 302: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND APPLICATIONS

UNIT-I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY:

15Hrs

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fisher-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

UNIT - II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

15Hrs

Instrumentation and sample handling. Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance, FT-IR

UNIT -III: NMR SPECTROSCOPY:

15Hrs

¹H NMR spectroscopy: Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and nonequivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, Signal integration, Spin-spin coupling: vicinal, germinal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

Applications of ¹H NMR spectroscopy: Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), E, Z isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve variation of coupling constant with dihedral angle. Simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE).

¹³C NMR spectroscopy: General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY.

UNIT-IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

15Hrs

Introduction, ion production, type of ionization, EI, CI, FD, and FAB-factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular-ion peak, metastable peak, Mc. Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, isotope labeling. High resolution mass spectrometry, Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others, 5th Ed, John Wiley
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley, 1993.
- 4. NMR in chemistry-A multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan, 1986.
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi

CHE PC 303 & Physical C			Core practical I: ical Chemistry-practicals I &		als I & II	L-:	5,T-1,P-0)	4	Credits			
Pre-req	Pre-requisite: Understanding of Inorganic Chemistry - Practical.												
Course	Objectiv	es:											
			etics of di										
			etermine o										
			ctometric			res							
			n of diffe			nt will be	abla						
	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able												
CO1	To stud	dy chemic	eal kinetic	s of hom	ogeneous	solutions							
CO2	To gain	n knowle	dge on the	determin	nation of	different o	cations by	flame pl	notometry	•			
CO3	To und	lerstand the	he princip	le and wo	orking asp	ects of co	nductom	etric titra	tions				
CO4	To acq	uire knov	vledge on	the imple	ementatio	n of color	ometric e	estimation	ıs.				
	1			•		omes witl							
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	-	2	-	1	2	-	2	
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	-	2	-	2	2	2	
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	2	1	-	2	-	2	2	
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	2	-	2	2	2	

CHE-PC-303: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-I

1. Chemical Kinetics:

- a) Study of the kinetics of halogenations of acetone.
- b) Determination of activation energy of reaction between iodide and Persulphate
- c) Determination rate constant of oxidation of iodide ion by persulphate ion and study the effect of neutral salt (KCl) on this reaction.

2. Flame Photometry:

- a) Determination of Na
- b) Determination of K
- c) Determination of Cu

CHE- PC-304: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-II

1. <u>Conductometry:</u>

- a) Titration of mixture of halides
- b) Titration of mixture of HCl+HOAC
- c) Saponification of an ester

2. Colorimetry:

- a) Estimation of Manganese
- b) Estimation of Iron
- c) Estimation of Phosphate
- d) Titration of copper Vs EDTA

CHE PC 305 A Organic Chemistry III L-3,T-1,P-2							40	Credits					
Pre-req	Pre-requisite: Understanding of Organic Chemistry												
FamStudUndAppprod	Objective iliarize will y the metherstand toplications of ucts.	th the appool of pool of different	plications reparation rochirality ent oxidiz	of different and apply, auxillar	lications or y and reareducing	of organor gent-cont agents in	metallic rolled me organic	eagents. thods in a	ısymmetr	ic synthe	sis.		
CO1	To familiarize with the specific functions of the reagents particularly diazomethane, N-bromosuccinimide, Ziegler Natta catalyst, 1,3-dithianes and Merrifield resin in the synthesis of a variety of complex molecules.												
CO2						ent organo llic reager		reagents a	and also s	stereo and	l regio sp	ecificity	
CO3	To unde	erstand di	iastereose	lectivity,	stereosel	ectivity ar	nd substra	ite control	lled auxil	lary conti	olled rea	ctions	
CO4	CO4 To acquire knowledge about the reagents which causes oxidation in various compounds and also the reagents that causes selective and complete reductions to synthesize various compounds. Mapping of course outcomes with the program outcomes												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	2	2	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	2	
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	-	2	-	
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	1	

CHE-PC-305A Core-Theory Organic Chemistry III

UNIT I: REAGENTS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

15 Hrs

Use of the following reagents in organic synthesis: Anhydrous AlCl₃, Boran trifluoride, N-Bromosuccinimide, Diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, Lead tetraacetate, Zieglar-Natta catalysts, DDQ, Dithianes, Merrifield resin.

UNIT-II: ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENTS

15 Hrs

Synthesis and applications of Grignard reagents, Organolithium, Zinc, Copper, Mercury, Palladium and Rhodium compounds in Organic Synthesis, Homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation and hydroformylation reactions

UNIT III: ASYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS

15 Hr

Topocity - Prochirality- Substrate selectivity - Diastereoselectivity and enantioselectivity-Substrate controlled methods-use of chiral substrates - examples

Auxiliary controlled methods-Use of chiral auxiliaries-Chiral enolates-alkylation of chiral imines – Stereoselective Diels-Alder reaction

Reagent controlled methods-Use of chiral reagents-Asymmetric oxidation-Sharpless epoxidation-Asymmetric reduction-Use of lithium aluminium hydride and borate reagents.

UNIT IV: METHODS OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

15 Hrs

- i). Oxidations: (a) Alcohols to carbonyls-Chromium (iv) oxidants-Dimethylsulfoxide oxidation, periodate xidation, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation with manganese dioxide, oxidation with silver carbonate (b) Alkenes to epoxidesperoxide induced epoxidations. (c) Alkenes to diols-oxidation with potassium permanaganate, osmium tetraoxide, Prevost reaction (d) Ketones to esters-Bayer-Villiger oxidation (e) Oxidative bond cleavage-cleavage of alkenes by transition metals. (f) Oxidation of alkyl or alkenyl fragments-selenium dioxide and chromium trioxide oxidations.
- **ii).** Reductions: Reduction with lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride, alkoxides, bis-methoxy ethoxy aluminium hydride, Boran aluminium hydride and derivatives-catalytic, hydrogenation-dissolving metal reductions, Non-Metallic reducing agents including enzymatic and microbial reductions.

Suggested Books

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Name reactions and reagents in organic synthesis, B.P. Muway and M.G Ellord, John Wiley.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Principles of organometallic chemistry, P. Powell, ELBS.
- 9. Organo transition metal chemistry-Applications to organic synthesis, S.G. Davis, Pergmon.
- 10. Stereochemistry to Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.

СНЕ-Р	CHE-PC- 305 B Inorganic Spectroscopy and Therm Methods of Analysis Pre-requisite: Understanding of Basic Inorganic Spectroscopy							5,T-1,P-0		40	Credits			
Pre-req	uisite: U	nderstand	ling of Ba	sic Inorg	anic Spec	troscopy	and Ther	mal Meth	ods of An	alysis				
• Gain le • Famili • Learn	iarize with	e on therr h basics o erties like	f Mossba g-factor,	uer and N nuclear s	VQR spect pin, hyper	troscopy.	oling cons	lications t		ic materia	als			
						nt will be		1	17					
CO1	CO1 To know about TG and DTA and applications of different scanning calorimetry.													
CO2	To gain knowledge on Doppler shift and chemical shift, basic principles and applications of NQR spectroscopy.													
CO3	To learn zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, relaxation processes, instrumentation and applications of ESR.													
CO4		ow about lectron.	photoele	ctric effe	ct and Ko	oopmans	theorem	and impa	rt the app	olications	of X-ray	and UV		
	•		Mapp	ing of co	urse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	-	1	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	-	1		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	2	-	2	1		

CHE-PC- 304: Inorganic Spectroscopy and Thermal Methods of Analysis

UNIT -I: THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

15 Hrs

Thermo gravimetry –Principle, Factors affecting the results, instrumentation. Application with special reference to $CuSO_45H_2O$, CaC_2O_4 $2H_2O$. Different thermal analysis – principle, instrumentation, difference between TG and DTA, applications with special reference to the clays and minerals. Different scanning calorimetry –principle, and applications to inorganic materials like chlorates and perchlorates, ammonium nitrate.

UNIT -II: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY and NQR

15 Hrs

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Basic principles, Recoil energy, Doppler shift, Chemical shift, Quadrapole effects, Magnetic effects. Instrumentation, spectral parameters and spectrum display.

Aapplication of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of Fe²⁺ and Fe³⁺ compounds, (2) Sn²⁺ and Sn⁴⁺ compounds.

NQR spectroscopy: Basic principles of NQR spectroscopy, quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant and applications.

UNIT -III: ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

15 Hrs

Basic Principles, Hyper fine splitting, Factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, Hamiltonian and spin densities. Zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, Relaxation process and line widths. Instrumentation and Applications. The EPR spectrum of bis(salicylidimine)-copper(II) complex, study of inorganic free radicals, biological applications of Electron Spin Resonance (Study of free radicals and Iron-sulfur proteins)

UNIT -IV: PHOTO ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY

15 Hrs

Photoelectric effect, Koopmans's theorem, ionization energy.

X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA): Principle, Binding energies, Chemical shift, Applications of XPES to Qualitative analysis, to surface studies and structural analysis. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy- Principle, application of UPES in studying the molecular orbitals of O_2 and N_2 molecules. Block diagram of photoelectron spectrophotometer. Sources of radiation, detectors. Auger spectra – Principle, Applications of Auger spectra to surface studies and use of Auger spectra as a finger print tool.

- F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter: Inorganic Chemsitry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity (4th Ed.) (Addison-Wesley)
- 3. Gary Wulfsberg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 4. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemsitry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. R.L. Carlin: Magneto-chemsitry (Springer-Verlag)
- 7. R.L. Dutta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetochemsitry (Affiliate East-West).
- 8. K. Hussain Reddy Text book of Bioinorganic chemistry

Pre-requisite: Understanding of Spectral Techniques														
	Course C	bjectives	s:											
	Familiariz	•		entation o	of UV and	l visible s	pectrosco	py, appli	cations of	f identifyi	ing the str	ructures		
C	of the molecules.													
• Understand IR spectrometry and applications to ascertain the fundamental groups by observing absorption														
bands.														
• 5	Study on t	he applica	ations of t	flame ator	mic absor	ption spe	ctroscopy	·.						
• Ţ	Jnderstan	d the wor	king prin	ciple and	fragment	ation rule	s of differ	rent mole	cules in N	lass spec	troscopy.			
1														
Course	Outcom	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will ab	le							
	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able													
CO1	CO1 To know the basic principles of spectroscopy.													
CO ₂	O2 To familiarize with the analysis of various functional groups by using different spectroscopic techniques.													
	5													
CO3	To Unde	erstand the	e applicat	ions of A	AS.									
CO4	To gain	knowledg	ge about	Mass spe	ctral frag	mentation	of organ	ic compo	unds and	common	functiona	l groups.		
	-1		Mappi	ing of cou	urse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes					
		ı			•	1			1	1	1	1		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	1	1	3	-	2	3	2	1	-	1	1		
						_	_	_	_					
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2		
CO3	3	2	_	2	2	_	2	2		2	1	_		
			_											

L-5,T-1,P-0

4 Credits

CHE: PC: 306(A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) SPECTRAL TECHNIQUES

UNIT - I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY

15 Hrs

Various electronic transitions (185-800nm.), Beer-Lambert Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds

UNIT - II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

CHE PC 306 A

Spectral Techniques

15 Hrs

2

Instrumentation and sample handling, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkenes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids and anhydrides. Effect of hydrogen bonding.

UNIT – III:ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY: FLAME AAS:

15 Hrs

Principle, Instrumentation – Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization

GF AAS: Principle and technique –Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

UNIT -IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

15 Hrs

Principle, instrumentation, different methods of ionization, EI, CI, FD and FAB, Mass spectra-molecular ion, base peak, meta-stable peak, nitrogen rule and Mc Lafferty rearrangement. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds and common functional groups. Normal and branched alkanes, alkenes, cycloalkanes, benzene and its derivatives, alcohols and phenols, ethers, aldehydes and ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives, amines and nitro compounds. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

Books Suggested:

CO4

3

1. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS .2.

- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others 5th Ed, John Wiley 1991
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, PS Kalsi, Wiley, 1993
- 4. NMR in chemistry A Multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan 1986
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi TMH . 2005

CHE	PC 306 B	Chro	matogra	phic Tec	hniques		L-3	5,T-1,P-0		40	Credits			
Pre-req	uisite: Un	derstand	ing of gra	duate lev	el Chrom	atographi	c Technic	ques						
FamUndoStudUndo	Objective iliarize will erstand Delay on the agerstand the Outcome	th Classi emonstra pplication working	tion expenses of High	riment in h-Perform e of gas c	TLC. nance Liq hromatog	uid Chroi graphy.	natograpl	ny (HPLC	S).					
CO1	CO1 To know the stationary and mobile phases in chromatographic techniques.													
CO2	CO2 To familiarize applications of different chromatographic methods.													
CO3	To Under	rstand the	principle	e of chron	natograph	nic technic	ques.							
CO4	To gain k	nowledg	e on the r	normal ph	ase and r	everse ph	ase.							
	1		Mappi	ing of cou	irse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	-	2	3	-	2	3	2	2	-	1	1		
CO2	3 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 - 1 - 2													
CO3	3	2	-	2	2	-	2	-	2	-	1	-		
CO4	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	-	2		

CHE PC 306 B: Chromatographic Techniques

Unit –I: Introduction - Classification of Chromatographic methods – Column chromatography-Adsorption phenomenon: Nature of adsorbents-Solvent systems-Differential migration-Separation of mixture of o-/p-nitro anilines (A demonstration experiment).

Unit –II: Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC)-Coating materials and preparation of TLC plates- Solvents for development-Detection of compounds in TLC- R_f values in TLC-Applications of TLC in chemistry-Preparative TLC – Demonstration experiment in TLC.

Unit –III: High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Application of HPLC- HPLC instrument-Stationary phases in HPLC-Normal and reversed phase HPLC: A comparison- Normal phase HPLC: Principle-Retention times in Normal and reversed phase HPLC- Reversed phase HPLC: Principle.

Unit –**IV:** Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Instruments for Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Chromatographic Columns and the Stationary Phase- Application of Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Solid Chromatography.

Reference Books:

- 1. Analytical chemistry: G L David Krupadanam, D. Vijaya prsad, K. Varaprasad Rao, KLN Reddy, C. Sudhakar.
- 2. Analytical chemistry: Skoog West Holler.
- 3. Modern Analytical Chemistry: David Harvey DePauw University.
- 4. J.G. Dick. Analytical Chemistry, Mc Grraw Hill, New Delhi, (1973).

CHE-P	PC- 401		E	lectroche	emistry		L-:	5,T-1,P-0		40	Credits			
Pre-req	quisite: U1	nderstand	ling of Eld	ectrochen	nistry				l					
Course	Objectiv	es:												
• Study	industrial	electrocl	nemistry,	corrosion	and meth	nods of pr	evention							
• Learn	about elec	ctrochem	ical batter	ries and c	ells and th	heir perfo	rmance							
	on electro						electroki	netic effe	et					
• Famili	iarize pola	ırography	techniqu	es and ch	emical pa	assivity								
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
601														
CO1	Know the techniques of deposition of metals, throwing power simultaneous discharge of cations and methods													
G02	of corrosion protection Learn about electrochemical Batteries, fuel cells and nickel-cadmium batteries.													
CO2														
CO3	Understa	nd electr	ical doub	le layer sy	stems, se	dimentati	on potent	tial, null p	oints of 1	netals and	d zeta pot	ential.		
CO4	Calculate	e electroc	hemical p	arameter	s; familia	rize mixe	d ligand s	systems an	nd reversi	ble syster	ns.			
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	1	2		
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	2		
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3		

CHE PC-401: CORE THEORY: ELECTROCHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: Industrial Electrochemistry

15 Hrs

Deposition of metals, Factors influencing physical nature of electrodeposited metals – current density, concentration of electrolyte, temperature, colloidal matter, electrolyte and basis metal. Throwing power, simultaneous discharge of cations. Separation of metals by electrolysis. Electrochemical passivity. Passivity and current density. Chemical passivity. Theories of passivity. Mechanical passivity. The corrosion of metals. Hydrogen evolution type of corrosion, corrosion in presence of depolarizer. Differential oxygenation corrosion. Methods of corrosion protection.

UNIT-II: Electrochemical Devices:

15 Hr

Batteries- their performance – characteristics – considerations in the selection and applications, Chemistry of primary batteries – Zinc – Carbon, Mercuric oxide, silver oxide and lithium cells – Solid electrolyte cells.

Chemistry of secondary batteries – Lead acid , Nickel cadmium batteries, Water activated batteries, Fuel cells – Their thermodynamics- performance

UNIT-III: Electrokinetic's and Electro capillary phenomena:

15 Hrs

Electrical double layer, Helmholtz – Perrin, Gouy – Chapman and Stern theories of electrical double layer. Lipmann equation.

Electrokinetic effect: Electro osmosis, Electrophoresis, streaming potential, sedimentation potential and their relation to zeta potential. Determination of zeta potential from electrophoresis measurements. Tiselius apparatus. Electro capillary curves, Null points of metals and their experimental determination.

UNIT-IV: Advances in Polarography:

15 Hrs

(A) Polarography of Metal Complexes

Reversible, Diffusion-controlled systems, Determination of Formulae and Stability, Constants of Complexed Metal Ions, Determination of Stability Constants and Coordination Numbers of metal complexes, Calculation of Individual Complex, Stability Constants, Mixed Ligand Systems- the Method of Schaap and Mcmasters

(B) Polarography of organic compounds

Structural Effects, Nature of Electroactive group, Steric Effects, substituent Effects.

- 1. S. Glasstone. An introduction to Electrochemistry. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. P.T.K. Kissinger, W.R. Heinemann. Laboratory Techniques in Electro analytical Chemistry, Marsal Debber, Inc.
- 3. Willard, Merit. Instrumental methods of analysis, Welowarth Publiching Co.,
- 4. L. Antropov. Theoretical Electrochemistry. Mir Publications.
- 5. Silbey, Alberty, Bawendi. Physical chemistry. Jhon-Wiley & sons. 4th edition-2006.
- 6. V.S. Bagotsky. Fundamental of Electrochemistry. Jhon Wiley & Sons. 2nd editions-2006.
- 7. Introduction to polarography and allied Technique by Dr.K. Zutshi

CHE	-PC 402	The	rmodyna	amics, Po	olymers ar	nd Solid-st	ate	L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	4Credits			
				Che	mistry									
Pre-rec	uisite:	Understa	anding of	Thermo	dynamics,	Polymers a	and So	lid-state C	hemistry					
Cour	se Obje	ctives:												
	To learn thermodynamic Properties of fluids, phase equilibria and flash calculations. The modern and properties of fluids and patients and patients are fluids.													
	Thermodynamic properties of liquids, activity and activity coefficients. Polymen structures, marginals are and managing.													
	Polymer structures, morphology and properties.													
•	To get knowledge on concept of solid state chemistry and super conductance.													
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	CO1 Derive Gibbs Duhem equation and to calculate fugacity and chemical potential.													
CO2	Calculate excess free energy and entropy, to draw Hildebrand curves and to correlate excess functions and													
	activity coefficients													
CO3	Learn r	norpholo	gy, Tm a	and Tg po	oints and to	calculate	transit	ion tempe	ratures and	d to identif	y cross li	nking in		
	polyme	rs.												
CO4	Identify	magnet	ic proper	ties of so	olids, magn	netic materi	ials, su	percondu	ctors and E	CS theory	/			
			Maj	pping of	course ou	tcomes wi	th the	program	outcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	3		
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2		
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	1		

CHE PC-402: CORE THEORY: THERMODYNAMICS, POLYMERS AND SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY UNIT-I: Thermodynamic properties of fluids: 15 Hrs

Thermodynamic relationship residual properties – systems of variable composition- ideal and non-ideal behaviour – fugacity-fugacity coefficient in solutions- Phase equilibrium of low to moderate pressures- dew point-bubble point and flash calculations.

UNIT – II: Thermodynamic properties of 'Liquid Mixtures 15 Hrs

Activity and activity coefficients-excess free energy-excess enthalpy-excess volume-excess entropy-relation between excess functions and activity coefficients –Application of Gibbs-Deuhem equation-regular solutions –van Laar theory and Scachard-Hildebrand theory.

UNIT-III: Polymers- structure and properties

Morphology and order in crystalline polymers, configuration of Polymer chains, crystal structures and polymers, Stain induced morphology, morphology of chrystalline polymers, crystallisation and melting- polymer structure and physical properties, crystalline melting point, T_m-melting point of homogeneous series, effect of chain flexibility and other steric factors- entropy and heat of fusion, the glass transition temperature, Tg , relationship between Tm and Tg effects of molecular weight, diluents, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking.

UNIT-IV: Solid State Chemistry

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

Magnetic properties of solids- Classification of magnetic materials, Magnetic Susceptibility, Langevin diamagnetism, Weiss theory of para magnetism. Electronic properties of metals, insulators and semiconductors: Electronic Structure of solids, Band theory, band Structure of metals, insulators and semiconductors. Electrons, holes and Excitons. The temperature dependence of conductivity of extrinsic semiconductors. Photo conductivity and photovoltaic effect –P-n-Junctions. Super conductivity: Occurence of superconductivity. Destruction of Superconductivity by magnetic fields-Meisner effect. Types of superconductors. Theories of super conductivity BCS theory.

- 1. J.M. Pransnitz. Molecular Thermodynamics of Fluid Phase Equilibrium. Prentice. Hall
- 2. Kuriocose and Rajram. Thermodynamics
- 3. Smith and Van Ners. Chemical Thermodynamics.
- 4. R.C. Srivastava, Subi. K. Saha. Thermodynamics-A care course. Prentice-Hall of India Pvt, Ltd,. 3rd edition-2007.
- 5. Silbey, Alberty, Bawendi. Physical chemistry. Jhon-Wiley & sons. 4th edition-2006.
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.
- 8. Solid State chemistry by M.G. Arora.
- 9. Solid State Chemistry by Wiley.

CHE P	CHE PC 403 Core practical I: L-5,T-1,P-0 4 Credits Inorganic Chemistry - Practical									Credits				
Pre-rec	quisite: U	nderstand				- Practica	ıl.							
Course	Objectiv	es:												
•	Learn po	tentiomet	ric titratio	ns of mix	cture of ac	cids								
 Determination of electrode potential by polarography Gain knowledge on interpretation of data from IR, AAS, HPLC and GC 														
		_				-	, HPLC a	ind GC						
•	Determination of alkanility and purity by pH metry													
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To perform titration of mixture of halides and to draw potentiometry curves													
CO2	To lear	n ampher	ometric ti	trations a	nd mixtur	res by pol	arograph	y						
CO3	To Corr	elation of	`data obta	ined fron	n IR, AAS	S, HPLC a	and GC							
CO4	To Dete	rmination	of alkani	ility and p	ourity by	pH metry								
			Mapp	ing of co	urse outc	comes wit	h the pro	ogram ou	itcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	1	2	3	-	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	3	3		
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	3	-	2	-		2	3		
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	3		

CHE PC 403: CORE PRACTICALS: PRACTICAL - I-

- 1. Potentiometry: a) Titration of mixture of acids
 - b) Titration of mixture of halides
 - c) Titration of ferrous ammonium sulphate with potassium dichromate
 - d) Redox titrations
 - e) Solubility of Sparingly soluble salt.
 - f) Formula and instability constant of a complex
 - g) Dissociation constant of acetic acid
- 2. Polarography: a) Determination of E1/2 of Zn and Cd
 - b) Determination of Zn and Cd in mixture
 - c) Amperometric titration.

II <u>DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS</u>

- 1. IR Interpretation of IR spectrum of alcohols, ketones, aldehydes and other standard materials
- 2. AAS: Demonstration of AAS Determination of Zn, Cd, Pb, Mn, Fe and Ni in effluents using AAS.
- 3. Spectrofluorimetry estimation of quinine and fluoroscene
- 4. Ion selective electrodes estimation of F-, S²⁻ and CN⁻ in effluents using ion selective electrode meter.
- 5. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry
- 6. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry behavior of Cd, Zn, Pb in a mixture.
- 7. Determination of Pb and Cd in samples using Anode stripping voltametr
- 8. Gas chromatography- Determination of pesticides
- 9. HPLC- Determination of pesticides
- 10. NMR
- 11. (a)Demonstration of NMR spectrometer and study of hydrogen bonding in a given alcohol or phenol.
- 12. (b)Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts of ethyl benzene, ethyl alcohol.
- 13. TGA, DTA, DSC Demonstration of TG, DTA and DSC and study of decomposition of calcium oxalate, calcium carbonate, copper sulfate, oxalic acid.
- 14. pH metry
 - a. Determination of alkalinity in a colored effluent using pH metric end point.
 - b. Determination of purity of commercial HCl, H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄ and CH₃COOH using pH metric end point

CHE PC	404			Project V	Vork		L-	5,T-1,P-0		4	Credits			
Pre-req	uisite: Ph	ysical Cl	nemistry l	Project W	ork				I					
Course	Objective	es:												
•	Identific	ation of p	roblem b	y literatui	re survey									
•	Carry ou	t the prol	olem inde	pendently	/									
•	Interpret	ation of c	lata											
•	Commu	nication c	f research	n results t	hrough pr	resentatio	ns and pro	eparation	of dissert	ation				
Course	Outcome	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude:	nt will be	able							
CO1	CO1 To identify research problems and to collect research literature													
CO2	To propose hypothesis of a research problem													
CO3	To perfo	rm resear	ch experi	ments										
CO4	To analy	se the dat	ta and cor	clude the	research	outcome	S							
	•		Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	comes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	2	3		
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	-	2	-	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	3		

CHE PC 404: PRACTIAL II/ PROJECT WORK

CHE-PC	-405A		(Chemical	Kinetics			3,T-1,P	-2	40	Credits			
Pre-req	uisite: Uı	nderstand	ing of Ch	emical ki	netics		I		<u> </u>					
Course	Objectiv	es:												
• Diffe	erentiate l	omogene	eous and l	neterogen	eous cata	lysis enzy	me cataly	sis and a	pplication	ıs				
• Lear	n photo cl	hemistry,	chemical	excitatio	ns and ra	te of phot	ochemica	l reaction	S					
• To fa	amiliarize	electrocl	nemical re	elaxation	methods,	photoche	mical and	l isotope e	effects					
• Radi	cal photo	chemical	reactions	, theory a	nd applic	ations								
Course	Outcome	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able to							
CO1	Draw skrabal pH diagram and to separate unimolecular and bimolecular reactions													
CO2	Study laws of photochemistry, to derive stern-volmer equation													
CO3	Identify	chromo p	otentiom	etry point	s and to in	nvestigate	kinetic c	urrents ar	nd isotopi	c effects				
CO4	Learn ph	otochem	ical thresh	nolds, che	milumine	escence								
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram out	tcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	1		
CO2	3	3	3	3		2	-	-	-	1	-	2		
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-		-		2		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	_	ı	-	-	-	2	2		

CHE PC-405A: (GENERIC ELECTIVE): CHEMICAL KINETICS

UNIT – I: Catalysis

15 Hrs

Homogeneous catalysis: Steady state and equilibrium treatments of acid-base catalysis. Skrabal P^H diagrams, Protolytic and Prototropic mechanism. Acidity functions, Zucker, Hammett, Bunnett and Yates hypothesis in the elucidation of the mechanism. Enzyme catalysis – influence of concentration, P^H and temperature. **Heterogeneous Catalysis:** Mechanism of interface reactions, application of transition state theories to unimolecular and bimolecular surface reactions

UNIT – II: Photochemistry:

15 Hrs

Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, laws of photochemistry, Quantum yield, types of excitations, Fate of excited molecule, transfer of excitation energy, kinetics of unimolecular and bimolecular photophysical process, Stern-Volmer equation, Kinetics of photochemical reaction rate constants and life times of reactive energy states, determination of rate constants of reactions, effect of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions.

UNIT-III: Electrochemical relaxation methods, Photochemical methods, Isoptopic effect

15 Hrs

Electrochemical relaxation methods:Introduction, advantages of Electrochemical transient (or) relaxation techniques, application of these methods, various types of perturbation of a system, pulse polarography, chronopotentiametry, investigation of kinetic currents by chronopotentiametry.

Photochemical methods: Introduction, phenomena of ISC, fluorescence and phosphorescence, experimental arrangement of fluorescence measurements. Example of quenching reactions.

Isotopic Effects: Equilibrium isotope effects, equilibria in solution, primary kinetic isotopic effects semiclassical treatments, Quantum-mechanical Tunneling, Reactions of the Type H+H₂, Transfer of H⁺, H and H⁻ reactions of Huonium, Isotope effect with Havier atoms.

Unit-IV: Photo Chemical and Radiation Chemical Reactions 15 Hrs

Photochemical reactions photochemical primary process, reactions of electronically excited states of species, photo chemical thresholds, laws of photochemical equivalence, rotating-sector technique, multi photon excitation, photosensitization, radiation chemical primary process, chemiluminiscence.

- 1. K.K. Rohatgi Mukerjee. Fundamentals of Photochemistry.
- 2. C. Kalidas. Principles of fast reactions techniques and Applications.
- 3. V. Yegnaramam, C.A. Basha And G. Prabhakar Rao: Applications of Electrochemistry.
- 4. Keith J.Laidler: Chemical Kinetics.
- 5. J. Dalton: A New System of Chemical Philosophy.
- 6. Chemical Kinetics: Keith J. Laider.

(Compulsory Foundation)

CHE-PC-405B	Bioinorganic, Bioorganic, Biophysical	L-5,T-1,P-0	4 Credits								
	Chemistry										
Pre-requisite: Understanding of Bioinorganic, Bioorganic, Biophysical Chemistry											
Course Objectives											
•	tal complexes as oxygen carriers and electron tr	ansfer in biology									

- Highlighten metal complexes as oxygen carriers and electron transfer in biology.
- Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems and importance of trace metals in biology.
- Learn physiological functions of carbohydrates, lipids, enzymes classification, stereospecificity.
- The basic concepts of biophysical chemistry in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions.

Course	e Outcom	es: At the	end of th	e course,	the stude	nt will be	able to								
CO1	Gain kno	owledge o	n metallo	proteins	in electro	n transfe	r processe	es.							
CO2	Know the applications of trace metal ions and metal ions as chelating agents in medicine.														
CO3		Achieve and develop highly stereoselective synthesis of organic compounds and drugs by adopting environmentally.													
CO4	Understand thermodynamics of biopolymer reactions and to correlate free energy and biopolymer parameters.														
	Mapping of course outcomes with the program outcomes														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	3	2	3	-	2	-	2	-	1	1	1			
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	3			
CO3	3	3	3	2	2		-	3	-	1	1	3			
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-		-	2	-	1			

CHE PC-405(B): (GENERIC ELECTIVE): BIOINORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I

15 Hrs

Metal complexes as oxygen carriers -Heme proteins -Hemoglobin and myoglobin -Non heme proteins -hemerythrin and hemocyanin - model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.Co-enzymes Vitamin B₁₂.carboxy peptidase and superoxidedismutase.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transfer processes -catalase peroxidose –cytochromes and iron –sulphur proteins –synthetic models.

UNIT - II: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II: Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems, Metal ions in Biology, Molecular mechanism of ion transport across membranes: ionophores, photosynthesis.

Hydrolytic metalloenzymes: Carbonic anyhdrase, carboxy peptidase, calcium in control processes, calcium and muscle contraction, calcium and secretion, calcium in blood clotting mechanisms. Therapeutic uses of enzymes.

Importance of trace metals in biology: Metal ions as chelating agents in medicine, trace metal ions and metal and nonmetal deficiency. Biological nitrogen fixation, in-vivo and in-vitro nitrogen fixation.

UNIT-III: BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Carbohydrates: Structure and biological functions of mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins, and glycolipids- Role of sugars in biological recognition-Blood group substances

Lipids: Essential fatty acids-structure and function of triglycerols, Glycerophospholipids, cholesterol, bile acids prostaglandins- composition and functioning of lipoproteins

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification, properties, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, enzyme inhibition-reversible and irreversible inhibition. Uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical laboratories.

UNIT-IV: BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY:

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions, hydrolysis of ATP, thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, chain configuration of bio polymers, and calculation of average dimensions. Membrane equilibrium, ion transport through cell membrane dialosis and its function. Structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems, forces involved in bio polymer interactions, electrostatic forces, hydrophobic forces, molecular expansion, and dispersion forces.

- 1. M.N. Hughes, The Inorganic chemistry of Biological Processes, John wiley and Sons, New York 2nd Edition,
- 2. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao
- 3. Physical chemistry by Atkenes
- 4. Physical chemistry by Albertz.
- 5. Bio physical chemistry by Van Holde
- 6. Bio Physics by Narayanam
- 7. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 8. Chemistry of Natural Products, P.S. Kalsi, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 10. Natural products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, M.E. Wolff, John Wiley
- 12. Medicinal Chemistry, A. Kar, New Age International

CHE PC	2 406A		D	rug Che	mistry		L-3	3,T-1,P-2		40	Credits		
Pre-req	uisite: U	nderstand	ling of Dr	ug Chem	istry		I						
Cou	rse Obje	ctives:											
•	To learn a	bout the	natural pr	oducts as	leads for	new drug	gs						
•	Determina	ation of c	ardiovasc	ular drug	s								
•	To study .	Autacoids	S										
•	Interpreta	tion of A	ntipyretic	S									
	Outcome		- 1 -		the stude:	nt will be	able to						
CO1	Know about natural products.												
CO2	Know Interpretation of cardiovascular drugs.												
CO3	Know th	e Analyzi	ing about	prostagla	ndins.								
CO4	Know th	e Definiti	ion, Class	ification,	Nomencl	ature, Str	ucture an	d Synthes	is of anti-	-inflamma	atory drug	gs.	
			Mappi	ing of cou	ırse outc	omes wit	h the pro	gram ou	tcomes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	3	
CO3	3	3		3	-	3	-	2	-	3	_	3	
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	

CHE: PC: 406 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE): DRUG CHEMISTRY

UNIT - I: NATURAL PRODUCTS AS LEADS FOR NEW DRUGS

Occurrence, Structure and therapeutic uses of Drugs acting on Central Nervous System

Morphine alkaloids (morphine, codeine, thebaine, heroin, pethidine)

Cannabinoids (9-cannabinol, Tetrahydrocannabinol)

Neuromuscular Blocking Agents (Curare, Decamethonium)

Vinca Alkaloids (Vincristin and Vinblastin), Taxol and Taxotere, podophyllotoxin, Etoposide, Teniposide.

UNIT - II: CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis.

Cardiac glycosides (ex: Digoxin, Digitoxin);

Antihypertensive drugs (ex: Methyl dopa, Clonidene hydrochloride);

Antiarrhythmic agents (ex: Quinidine sulfate);

Antisympathetic drugs (ex: Propranolol hydrochloride, Verapamil hydrochloride);

Vasopressor drugs (ex: Prenylamine, Buphenine).

UNIT – III: AUTACOIDS

Definition, Occurrence, Isolation, Nomenclature, Classification, Synthesis, Biosynthesis and Stereochemical structures of Prostaglandins. Structural elucidation of PGE_1 , PGE_2 ; Synthesis and biosynthesis of PGE_2 , $PGF_{2\alpha}$.

Structure and Biosynthesis of Thromboxane A2 and Prostacyclin (synthesis not expected).

UNIT - IV: ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis of Paracetamol, Aspirin (Antipyretic), Salol, Cinchophen, Antipyrene, Phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Tolmetin, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen.

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashitosh Kar
- 2. Medicinal Chemistry by D. Sriram, P. Yogeeswari
- 3. Medicinal Chemistry by David A. Williams, Thomas L. Lemke
- 4. Medicinal Chemistry by V. Alagarsamy
- 5. Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana
- 6. Natural Products Chemistry and Applications by Sujata V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, S. Meenakshi
- 7. Medicinal Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Madhu Chopra
- 8. Medicinal Chemistry by Balkishen Razdar
- 9. Advanced Practical Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutosh Kar
- 10. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products by O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 11. Chemistry of Natural Products by S. V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M. Sivakumar
- 12. Natural Products Chemistry by K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.

CHE I	PC 406 B	3	Elec	troanaly	tical Te	chniques		L-5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite: 1	Understa	nding of	Electroar	alytical '	Techniques	S							
	Course Objectives:													
•	10 10 min de cur vita d'aussirient et cravit cultur, vicul interneue													
Determination of types of currents														
Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms														
•	Interpretation of Ion selective electrodes													
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to													
	Ability to interpret potentiometry and conductometry													
CO2	Interpretation of results while adhering to DC Polarography.													
CO3	Analys	ing and o	compiling	g the data	and resu	ılts in polaı	rography	7.						
CO4	Familia	arize Typ	es of ion	sensitive	electrod	les.								
			Maj	pping of	course o	utcomes w	vith the	program o	utcomes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO3	3	3	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	-	3		
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3		

CHE: PC: 406 (B): (OPEN ELECTIVE): ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Unit I: Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods.

- i) Potentiometry- Types of electrodes, Hydrogen gas, Calomel, Quin hydrone and glasselectrodes. Determination of pH. Potentiometric titrations.
- ii) Conductometry Definition of terms conductivity, specific conductivity, cell constant. Mobility of ions, Conductometric titrations.

Unit II: D.C Polarography: Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types of Currents: Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation(derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents: Adsorption, Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.

Unit III: (i) A.C. polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography(V) Cyclic Voltammetry: Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.

Unit IV: Ion selective electrodes: Ion-sensitive electrodes -types of ion sensitive electrodes -metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes.

Books Suggested

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick: Analytical Chemistry (Mc Graw Hill).