SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY:: TIRUPATI SVU COLLEGE OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



Syllabus for M.Sc. CHEMISTRY Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (w.e.f. the Academic Year 2018-2019)

Vision

Impart quality education & training in the field of chemistry to enable successful careers for the post graduate students in the field of research, education & industry applications of chemical sciences.

Mission

The Department of Chemistry strives:

- To get an ideal balance between knowledge creation and knowledge dissemination in the chemical sciences with a focus to train and mentor students to become responsible scientists and scientifically literate professionals to attain National and International impact.
- To contribute to the improvement of scientific and technological literacy, and the development of critical-thinking and problem-solving skills of all students in order to compete for the world of work and responsible citizenship

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the program, the student wills be able to:

PEO1	To demonstrate broad knowledge of descriptive chemistry.
PEO2	To impart basic analytical and technical skills to work effectively in various fields of chemistry.
PEO3	To motivate critical thinking and analysis skills to solve complex problems viz., analysis of data, synthetic logistics, spectroscopy, structure and modeling, team based problem solving etc.
PEO4	To demonstrate an ability to conduct experiments in the above sub disciplines with mastery of appropriate techniques and proficiency using core chemical instrumentation and modeling method
PEO5	To develop laboratory competence in relating chemical structure to spectroscopic phenomena.
PEO6	To demonstrate the ability to synthesize, separate and characterize compounds using published reactions, protocols, standard laboratory equipment and modern instrumentation.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES: On completion of M.Sc. Chemistry programme, graduates will be able to -

PO1	Have a firm foundation in the fundamentals and application of current chemical and scientific theories in different areas of chemistry <i>viz.</i> , Analytical, Environmental,
	Inorganic, Organic and Physical.
PO2	Understands the background of organic reaction mechanisms, complex chemical
	structures, and instrumental methods of chemical analysis, molecular rearrangements
	and separation techniques.
PO3	Familiarize with the importance of various elements present in the periodic table,
	coordination chemistry and structure of molecules, properties of compounds,
	structural determination of complexes using theories and instruments.
PO4	Understand about the physical aspects of atomic structure, dual behavior, reaction
	pathways with respect to time, various energy transformations, molecular assembly
	in nano-level, significance of electrochemistry, molecular segregation using their
	symmetry.

PO5	Create awareness and sense of responsibilities towards environment and apply
	knowledge to solve the issues related to Environmental pollution.
PO6	Continue to acquire relevant knowledge and skills appropriate to professional
	activities and demonstrate highest standards of ethical issues in the subject
	concerned. Ability to identify unethical behavior such as fabrication, falsification or
	misrepresentation of data and adoptive objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all
	aspects.
PO7	Be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to
	scientific problems.
PO8	Clearly communicate the results of scientific work in oral, written and electronic
	formats.
PO9	Explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and
	technology.
PO10	Design, analyze and carry out scientific experiments and interpret data to provide
	solutions to different industrial problems.
PO11	Independently carry out research to solve practical problems and present a
	substantial technical report.
PO12	Ability to think, acquire knowledge and skills through logical reasoning and to
	inculcate the habit of self-learning throughout life, through self- paced and self-
	directed learning aimed at personal development, and adapting to change academic
	demands of work place through knowledge/ skill development/ reskilling.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES: At the end of the program, the student will be able to:

PSO1	Scientific Problem solving skills: Deep knowledge of the topic which can develop							
	the problem solving skills using chemical principles.							
PSO2	Analytical skills: Develop analytical skills such as synthesizing, separating,							
	characterizing chemical compounds and chemical reactions with the help of							
	sophisticated instruments							
PSO3	Research skills: Develop research skills through dissertation/project work in							
	different fields of chemistry such as organic, inorganic, analytical, physical and							
	environmental.							
PSO4	Learning skills on life processes: Acquire advanced level of knowledge in natural							
	products as well as biological systems from the chemistry point of view.							

S.V. UNIVERSITY, TIRUPATI SVU COLLEGE OF SCIENCES <u>M.Sc., CHEMISTRY</u> CBCS Pattern (With effect from 2018-19) The course of Study and Scheme of Examinations

Sl. No.	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE- 101	Core-Theory	Inorganic Chemistry- I	4	20	80	100
2	CHE- 102	Core-Theory	Organic Chemistry I	4	20	80	100
3	CHE- 103	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry- I	4	20	80	100
4	CHE- 104	Core-Practical	Inorganic Practical- I	2	-	-	50
5	CHE- 105	Core-Practical	Organic Practical-I	2	-	-	50
6	CHE- 106	Core-Practical	Physical Practical I	2	-	-	50
7	CHE- 107	Compulsory Foundation	General Chemistry-I	2	10	40	50
6	CHE- 108	Elective Foundation	han Values and Professional Ethics – I	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

SEMESTER-I

SEMESTER-II

Sl. No.	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE- 201	Core-Theory	Inorganic Chemistry- II	4	20	80	100
2	CHE- 202	Core-Theory	Organic Chemistry -II	4	20	80	100
3	CHE- 203	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry- II	4	20	80	100
4	CHE- 204	Core-Practical	Inorganic Practical- II	2	-	-	50
5	CHE- 205	Core-Practical	Organic Practical-II	2	-	-	50
6	CHE- 206	Core-Practical	Physical Practical -II	2	-	-	50
7	CHE- 207	Compulsory Foundation	General Chemistry-II	2	10	40	50
6	CHE- 208	Elective Foundation	han Values and Professional Ethics – II	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

	Course	Components of		No. of	IA	End	Total
	Code	Study	Title of the Course	Credits	Marks	SEM	
						Exam Marks	
1	CHE- AC-301	Core-Theory	Inorganic Spectroscopy & Thermal Methods of Analysis	4	20	80	100
2	CHE- AC - 302	Core-Theory	Organic Spectroscopy	4	20	80	100
3	CHE- AC-303	Core-Practical	Classical Methods of Analysis	4	-	-	100
4	CHE- AC-304	Core-Practical	Instrumental Methods of Analysis-I	4	-	-	100
5	CHE- 305	Generic Elective* (Related to subject)	(a) Organic Chemistry III	4	20 20	80 80	100 100
			(b)Physical Chemistry III (c)Green Chemistry				
6	CHE- 306	Open Elective (For other departments)	 (a) Spectral Techniques or (b) Chromatographic Techniques 	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

M Sc., (ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY) SEMESTER-III

*Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two.

SEMESTER-IV

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE- AC-401	Core-Theory	Quality control and General principles	4	20	80	100
2	CHE- AC-402	Core-Theory	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	4	20	80	100
3	CHE- AC-403	Core-Practical	Instrumental Methods of Analysis-II	4	-	-	100
4	CHE- AC-404	Core-Practical/ Project work	Project work	4	-	-	100
5	CHE- 405	Generic Elective* (Related to subject)	 (a) Applied and Environmental aspects (b) Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical Chemistry (c) Chemistry of Nanomaterials & Functional meterials 	4 4	20 20	80 80	100 100
6	CHE- 406	Open Elective* (For other departments)	(a)Drug Chemistry or (b) Electroanalytical Techniques	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE- EC-301	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
2	CHE- EC-302	Core-Theory	Spectroscopy Applications	4	20	80	100
3	CHE- EC-303	Core-Practical	Water Analysis	4	-	-	100
4	CHE- EC-304	Core-Practical	Instrumental Methods of Analysis-I	4	-	-	100
5	CHE- 305	Generic Elective* (Related to	(a) Organic Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
		subject)	Inorganic Spectroscopy & Thermal Methods of Analysis (c) Green Chemistry	4	20	80	100
6	CHE- 306	Open Elective (For other departments)	 (a) Spectral Techniques or (b) Chromatographic Techniques 	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

M Sc., (ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY) SEMESTER-III

*Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two.

SEMESTER-IV

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE-EC- 401	Core-Theory	Water pollution Monitoring and Environment laws	4	20	80	100
2	CHE-EC- 402	Core-Theory	Air pollution, control Methods-Noise and Thermal pollution	4	20	80	100
3	CHE-EC- 403	Core-Practical	Instrumental Methods of analysis-II	4	-	-	100
4	CHE-EC- 404	Core-Practical/ Project work	Project work	4	-	-	100
5	CHE-405	Generic Elective* (Related to subject)	 (a) Energy, Environment and Soils (b) Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical (c) Chemistry of Nanomaterials & Functional meterials 	4 4	20 20	80 80	100 100
6	CHE-406	Open Elective* (For other departments)	 (a)Drug Chemistry or (b) Electroanalytical Techniques 	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

	Course	Components of	SEMESIEK-III	No. of	IA	End	Total
	Code	Study	Title of the Course	Credits	Marks	SEM	
		~				Exam Marks	
1	CHE-IC-	Core-Theory	Inorganic Spectroscopy &	4	20	80	100
	301		Thermal Methods of Analysis				
2	CHE-IC-	Core-Theory	Organic Spectroscopy	4	20	80	100
	302						
3	CHE-IC-	Core-Practical	Preparation of Inorganic	4	-	-	100
	303		complexes and				
			characterization				
4	CHE-IC-	Core-Practical	Instrumental Methods of	4	-	-	100
	304		Analysis-I				
5	CHE-305	Generic Elective*	(a) Organic Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
		(Related to subject)	(b)Physical Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
			(c)Green Chemistry				
6	CHE-306	Open Elective (For other departments)	 (a) Spectral Techniques or (b) Chromatographic Techniques 	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

M Sc., (INORGANIC CHEMISTRY) SEMESTER-III

*Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two.

SEMESTER-IV

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE-IC- 401	Core-Theory	Coordination compounds, Organo metallic chemistry & Chemistry of non-transition elements	4	20	80	100
2	CHE-IC- 402	Core-Theory	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	4	20	80	100
3	CHE-IC- 403	Core-Practical	Instrumental Methods of Analysis-II	4	-	-	100
4	CHE-IC- 404	Core-Practical/ Project work	Project work	4	-	-	100
5	CHE-405	Generic Elective* (Related to subject)	 (a) Solid state and Photo Chemistry (b) Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical (c) Chemistry of Nanomaterials & Functional 	4 4	20 20	80 80	100 100
6	CHE-406	Open Elective* (For other departments)	meterials (a)Drug Chemistry or (b) Electroanalytical Techniques	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

	~	~	SEMESTER-III				
	Course	Components of		No. of	IA	End	Total
	Code	Study	Title of the Course	Credits	Marks	SEM	
		·				Exam	
						Marks	
1	CHE-OC-	Core-Theory	Organic Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
	301						
2	CHE-OC-	Core-Theory	Organic Spectroscopy &	4	20	80	100
	302		Applications				
3	CHE-OC-	Core-Practical	Organic Estimations	4	-	-	100
	303		-				
4	CHE-OC-	Core-Practical	Multistep preparations	4	-	-	100
	304						
5	CHE-305	Generic	(a) Inorganic Spectroscopy &	4	20	80	100
		Elective*	Thermal Methods of Analysis				
		(Related to	-	4	20	80	100
		subject)	(b)Physical Chemistry III				
		-	(c)Green Chemistry				
6	CHE-306	Open Elective	(a) Spectral Techniques	4	20	80	100
		(For other	or				
		departments)	(b) Chromatographic				
			Techniques				
			1				
		Total		24			600

M Sc., (ORGANIC CHEMISTRY) SEMESTER-III

*Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two.

SEMESTER-IV

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE-OC- 401	Core-Theory	Organic synthesis -I	4	20	80	100
2	CHE-OC- 402	Core-Theory	Organic Synthesis- II	4	20	80	100
3	CHE-OC- 403	Core-Practical	Spectral Identification of organic compounds	4	-	-	100
4	CHE-OC- 404	Core-Practical/ Project work	Project work	4	-	-	100
5	CHE-405	Generic Elective* (Related to subject)	Heterocycles & Natural products (b) Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical Chemistry (c) Chemistry of Nanomaterials & Functional meterials	4 4	20 20	80 80	100 100
6	CHE-406	Open Elective* (For other departments)	(a)Drug Chemistry or (b) Electro analytical Techniques	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

	a		SEMESTER-III	NT 0	.		
	Course	Components of		No. of	IA	End	Total
	Code	Study	Title of the Course	Credits	Marks	SEM	
						Exam	
						Marks	
1	CHE-PC-	Core-Theory	Physical Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
	301	_					
2	CHE-PC-	Core-Theory	Organic Spectroscopy	4	20	80	100
	302						
3	CHE-PC-	Core-Practical	Practical-III	4	-	-	100
	303						
4	CHE-PC-	Core-Practical	Practical- III	4	-	-	100
	304						
5	CHE-305	Generic	(a) Organic Chemistry III	4	20	80	100
		Elective*					
		(Related to	(b) Inorganic Spectroscopy &	4	20	80	100
		subject)	Thermal Methods of Analysis				
		-	•				
			(c)Green Chemistry				
6	CHE-306	Open Elective	(a) Spectral Techniques	4	20	80	100
		(For other	or				
		departments)	(b) Chromatographic				
		_	Techniques				
			-				
		Total		24			600

M Sc., (PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY) SEMESTER-III

*Among the Generic Elective a student shall choose any two.

SEMESTER-IV

	Course Code	Components of Study	Title of the Course	No. of Credits	IA Marks	End SEM Exam Marks	Total
1	CHE-PC- 401	Core-Theory	Electrochemistry	4	20	80	100
2	CHE-PC- 402	Core-Theory	Thermodynamics, Polymers and Solid state Chemistry	4	20	80	100
3	CHE-PC- 403	Core-Practical	PRACTICAL-I	4	-	-	100
4	CHE-PC- 404	Core-Practical/ Project work	Project work	4	-	-	100
5	CHE-405	Generic Elective*	CHEMICAL KINETICS	4 4	20 20	80 80	100 100
		(Related to subject)	(b) Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical				
			(c) Chemistry of Nanomaterials & Functional meterials				
6	CHE-406	Open Elective* (For other departments)	(a)Drug Chemistry or (b) Electro analytical Techniques	4	20	80	100
		Total		24			600

CHE-1	01		INOR	GANIC	C CHEI	STRY I	[L-5,T-	1,P-0	4	Credits		
Pre-ree	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of gradu	uate leve	el chemi	istry						
	ırse Ob												
• Con	nprehen	d the ke	ey featu	res of c	oordinat	tion con	npounds,	Crystal	Field T	heory, di	ifferent p	roperties	
and	bonding	g by spe	ectrosco	pic tech	niques								
• Stud	ly the p	olymor	phic form	ns of no	on-transi	ition ele	ments an	d their sy	ynthesis	and prop	perties		
• Und	lerstand	the bas	sics of r	eaction	mechan	ism and	the med	chanistic	concep	ts of Dis	sociative	(Id) and	
Ass	ociative	interch	ange M	echanis	m (Ia),	Taube's	classifi	cation, T	rans eff	fect and	Electron	Transfer	
	ctions		C					·					
• Farr	niliarize	with th	e metho	ds of sy	vnthesis	of meta	l carbon	yls and r	netal ni	trosvls. S	Svnergist	ic effect.	
	N and 18				, 11010515	or mea	u curcon	ijis ullu i	notar m		5911018150		
	se Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able												
			-			etal com	-				,		
							*	hur and F	Phospho	orus svnt	hesis and	1	
				-			· •	rbides, si	-				
			-	-	-								
CO3	-			•	-			ence bond		rystal Fie	eld theori	es,	
	Taube's	s classif	ication,	Trans e	ffect and	d Electro	on Trans	fer React	ions.				
CO4	To gain	knowle	edge on	synthes	is and st	tructures	s of diffe	rent meta	al carbo	nyls, syn	ergistic e	effect	
	and 18	electror	rule.										
		Ţ	Mannin	σ of cor	irse out	comes v	vith the	nrogram		mes			
	Mapping of course outcomes with the program outcomesPO1PO2PO3PO4PO5PO6PO7PO8PO9PO10PO11PO12												
CO1	3	2	-	3	-	2	107	100	-	2	-	1	
CO2	3	1	2	3	_	2	-	2	1	1-	_	1	
CO3	_	3 2 - 3 2 1 2 1 1 1											
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	1	-	2	1	-	2	1	

CHE 101: INORGANIC CHEISTRY I

UNIT-I: CO-ORDINATION COMPOUNDS

Introduction to Crystal field Theory, CFSE and its calculation, Paring energy, Splitting of 'd' orbitals in Trigonal bi pyramidal, square planar, square pyramid and pentagonal bipyramidal geometries, Jahn –Teller effect, Application of CFT, OSSE, site Selection in Spinels, Short comings of CFT, Evidence for covalency – Nephelauxetic effect. MOT of co-ordinate bonds –M.O. Diagrams for octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes. Experimental evidences for π - bonding – Crystallography, Infrared spectroscopy and Photoelectron spectroscopy.

UNIT-II: CHEMISTRY OF NON-TRANSITION ELEMENTS 15 Hrs

General characteristics of the non- transition elements special features of individual elements ; Synthesis' properties and structure of their Halides and Oxides, Polymorphism of Carbon, Phosphorus and Sulphur, Synthesis, properties and structure of boranes, Carboranes, borazines, Silicates, Carbides, Sulphur-nitrogen compounds. Electron counting in boranes, Wades rules (Poly hedral skeletal electron pair theory), Isopopoly and hetero poly acids.

UNIT-III: REACTION MECHANISMS IN COMPLEXES 15 Hrs

Reactivity of metal complexes. Inert and Labile complexes. Concept of Labile and Inert complexes in terms of Valence bond and Crystal Field theories. Taube's classification of complexes as labile and inert complexes.

Dissociative (D) and Dissociative interchange Mechanism (Id) & Associative (A) and Associative interchange Mechanism (Ia). Substitution reactions in octahedral complexes- Acid Hydrolysis -factors affecting Acid Hydrolysis - Base Hydrolysis-conjugate Base Mechanisms - Anation Reactions -Substitution Reactions in Square Planar complexes- Trans effect – Mechanisms of Trans effect: polarization and π -bonding theories.Electron Transfer Reaction-Inner Sphere and outer Sphere Mechanisms- Marcus theory.

UNIT-IV: METAL πCOMPLEXES-I

15 Hrs

Nature of π bonding, Classification of π ligands, π donor ligands and π -acceptor ligands.

Metal Carbonyls: Synthesis of metal carbonyls, Structures of metal carbonyls of the types M(CO)n (M= Cr, Fe, Ni; n=4-6), $M_2(CO)n$ (M=Co, Fe, Mn; n=8-10), $M_3(CO)_{12}$ (M=Fe, Ru and Os), $M_4(CO)_{12}$ (M=Co, Rh, Ir). IR Spectraof metal carbonyls (i) Detection of bridging and terminal CO ligand, (ii) Synergistic effect, EAN and 18-electron rule. Electron counting methods (i) Oxidation state method and (ii) Neutral Atom method.

Metal Nitrosyls: Synthesis of metal Nitrosyls, bonding, Electron donation by nitric oxide, Models for NO bonding (i) Covalent model and (ii) Ionic models, Structures of metal nitrosyls (1) [Fe₄S₃(NO)] (2)[Fe₂(NO)₂I₂] (3) [(ϕ_3 P)₂Ir(CO)Cl(NO)]⁺ (4) [(ϕ_3 P)₂Ru(NO)₂Cl], Detection of bridging NO ligand, Applications of metal nitrosyls.

Books Suggested

- F.A.Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. James E. Huheey, Inorganic chemistry- Principles of structure and reactivity, VI Edition 1993. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
- 3. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 4. Gary Wolfsburg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemistry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. B.N Figgis: Introduction to Ligand Fields (John-Willey)
- 7. S.F.A. Kettle: Coordination compounds.
- 8. Coordination Chemistry. Bassalo & Jahnson.

CHE	-102		Organ	ic Chem	nistry I		L-	3,T-1,P	-2	4	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Orga	nic Cher	mistry						
	e Object													
Class	sify mo	lecules	based of	n stereo	chemica	al aspect	ts study	on optio	cal and	geometr	ical isor	nerism		
	he applic						<i>.</i> .	11 /	1.	. 1		1 1.		
	iliarize eochemis													
	hboring				aioma	alle nuo	cieopiin	ic subs	utution	reactio	ms, en			
	derstand				kinetic	require	ments.	kinetic	and the	ermodvi	namic c	ontrol.		
	ntial er													
	hanisms	· 1												
	ly about	occuri	rence, is	solation,	structu	ire estat	olishme	nt and s	synthesi	s of nat	ural pro	oducts-		
	enoids.		• At the end of the course, the student will be able											
Course	e Outco	mes: A	s: At the end of the course, the student will be able											
С	01	To d	To detect stereochemical structures of the molecules, stereoselective and											
			ocontrol						-,					
С	02	To a	scertain	the ster	eochem	istry of	the prod	ducts wi	th the e	ffect of	neighbo	uring		
			p partici											
		react	ions, the	eir mech	anism a	and the e	effect of	substitu	ients.					
C	03	To k	now the	concept	t of isot	ope effe	cts, pote	ential en	ergy dia	agrams a	and			
		trans	ition sta	tes in di	fferent	interme	diates							
C	04	To fa	miliariz	e with s	stereosp	ecific sy	nthesis	of natur	ally occ	urring t	erpenoi	ds and		
		0	adation 1		1									
		Mapping of course outcomes with the program outcomes												
	PO1	PO2	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12											
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	-	1	2	1	-	2	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3		1	-	1	2	1	1	2		
CO3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	2		1	-	-		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	1	-	2		

CHE102: Organic Chemistry I

UNIT-I: <u>Stereochemistry</u>

Sereoisomerism-Stereoisomers Classification – Configuration and conformation.

Molecular Three dimensional representations: Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-horse formulae, their description and interconversions.

Molecular Symmetry & Chirality: Symmetry operations and symmetry elements (Cn & Sn). Criteria for Chirality. Dissymmetrization.

Optical isomerism: Molecular Symmetry and Chirality-Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules R, S-nomenclature, stereoisomerism resulting from more than one chiral center, meso and pseudoasymmetric compounds - **Axial Chirality** - Stereochemistry of allenes spiranes - biphenyl derivatives and atropisomerism - **Planar chirality** - Ansa compounds and trans - Cycloalkenes - **Helicity**. Helically chiral compounds

Geometrical isomerism - E, Z - nomenclature - Physical and Chemical methods of determining the configuration of geometrical isomers-Stereoisomerism in 3, 4 and 5-membered cyclic compounds.

UNIT-II: Substitution Reactions

i) Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitutions: The $S_N 2$, $S_N 1$, mixed $S_N 1$ and $S_N 2$, SET mechanisms. Reactivity- effects of substrates, attacking nucleophiles, leaving groups and reaction medium.Common carbocation rearrangements – primary, secondary and tertiary. The neighbouring group participation (NGP) -anchimeric assistance, NGP by σ and π - bonds, phenonium ions, norbornyl and norbornenyl systems, Classical and nonclassical carbocations, NGP by halogens and heteroatoms (O,N,S)

The S_N^i and S_N2' mechanisms. Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, and vinylic carbons.

ii. Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution: The S_NAr , S_N1 , benzyne and $S_{RN}1$ mechanisms. Reactivity - effect of substrate, structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The von Richter, Sommelet - Hauser and Smiles rearrangements.

UNIT-III: Reactive Intermediates

Types of reactions, types of bond cleavage mechanisms, generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, nitrenes and arynes. Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects.

UNIT-IV: Terpenoids

Classification of terpenoids, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination. Isoprene and special isoprene rule. Structure determination and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Farnesol, Zingeberine, Cadinene and Abietic acid.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J. M. Coxon, Blackie Academic.
- 6. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.
- 7. Text book of Organic Chemistry, M.C. Murry
- 8. Organic Chemistry, Vol I, I.L. Finar, ELBS Eds.

CHE-1	03		Phy	sical Cl	nemistr	y I	L-	5,T-1,P	-6	4	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite:	Basic k	nowled	ge abou	t Physic	al Chen	nistry						
Course	e Objec	tives:											
										anics., A	Applicat	ions of	
Sch	rodinge	r wave e	equation	and Bo	rn-Oppe	enheime	r approx	ximatior	1				
	•		•		nd theorem	ries in	unimole	ecular, o	chain a	nd fast	reaction	ns and	
dete	rminati	on of rea	action ra	ites.									
• Fam	iliarize	with co	oncepts	of Ther	modyna	mics an	d statist	tical the	rmodyn	amics,	Gibbs- 1	Duhem	
equa	ation an	d Sacku	r-Tetrac	le equat	ion								
	w about Thermodynamic and Kinetic concept of Electrochemistry and conductance,												
cond	uctivity of electrolytes												
Course	Outcomes At the end of the course, the student will be able to												
CO1	To know the concepts such as Operator algebra, Eigen values and Eigen functions,												
			-		-	-	-			um Mec			
~~~	0			0	•				-				
CO2				es of rea	ction ra	tes, Linc	lemann,	Linden	1ann-Hi	nshel w	ood, and	1	
	RRKN	A theori	es.										
CO3	To kn	ow abou	it Thern	nodynan	nic conc	epts and	l entrop	y chang	e in rev	ersible p	process a	and	
	irreve	rsible pr	rocess, C	Gibbs- D	Ouhem e	quation,	calcula	tion of t	hermod	lynamic	properti	ies.	
<b>CO4</b>								of Nerr	nst Equa	ation and	the der	ivation	
	of Del	oye-Huc	kle Equ	ation an	nd its Ve	erificatio	on						
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8         PO9         PO10         PO11         PO12												
CO1	3	3 2 1 3 2 1 - 2 1 2 1 1											
CO2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	-	2	1	-	1	
CO3	3	3 2 1 3 2 3 1 2 2											
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	2	

**CHE-103: Physical Chemistry I** 

## **UNIT-I: Quantum Chemistry-I**

## (A)Introduction to Exact Quantum Mechanical Results

Operator algebra, Eigen values and Eigen functions, Operators for momentum and energy, Degeneracy, Linear combination of Eigen functions of an operator, well behaved wave functions, Normalized and orthogonal functions, The schrodinger wave equation and the postulates of Quantum Mechanics, (B) **Applications of Schrodinger wave equation:** Particle in one dimensional and three dimensional box, harmonic oscillator, rigid rotor, hydrogen atom and its applications. Hydrogen like wave function, hydrogen like orbitals and their representation, polar plots, contour plots and boundary diagram. (C)**Approximate Methods:** The variation Theorem, Linear variation principle, perturbation Theory (first Order and non-degenerate), Application of variation Method and perturbation theory to the helium atom, The Born-Oppenheimer approximation.

## **UNIT-II: Chemical Dynamics**

(A)**Theories of reaction rates:** Collision theory, steric factor. Theory of Absolute Reaction Rates-Reaction coordinate, activated complex and the transition state. Thermodynamic formiulation of reacton rates. (B) **Unimolecular reactions:** Lindemann, Lindemann-Hinshel wood, and RRKM theories. Termolecular reactions. Complex reactions-Rate expressions for opposing, parallel and consecutive reaction (all first order type) (C) **Chain reactions:** Dynamic chain, hydrogen-bromine reaction, pyrolysis of acetaldehyde, decomposition of ethane, photochemical reactions-  $H_2$ -Br₂,  $H_2$ -Cl₂ reactions, Autocatalysis,  $H_2$ -O₂ reaction explosion limits. (D) **Fast Reactions:** Flow system – Temperature and pressure Jump Methods – Relaxation Techniques.

## **UNIT – III : Thermodynamics**

(A) **Brief review of Thermodynamic concepts:** Enthalpy, entropy, free energy. Concept of Entropy – Entropy as a state function –Entropy change in reversible process and irreversible process – Temperature – Entropy diagrams – Entropy change and phase change – Entropy of mixing – Entropy and disorder. (B) **Statistical thermodynamics:** Partial molar properties: their significance and determination of partial molar properties, fugacity and its determination. Concept of distribution, thermodynamic probability and most probable Distribution, Ensemble averaging, postulates of ensemble averaging, canonical, grand canonical and micro- canonical ensembles, partition functions, translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions, Entropy of monatomic gases (Sackur-Tetrade equation)

## **UNIT-IV : Electrochemistry I**

#### (A) Thermodynamic and Kinetic concept of Electrochemistry

Thermodynamic and Kinetic Derivation of Nernst Equation, Chemical and Concentration Cells with and without Transference, Liquid Junction Potential, Derivation of the Expression for Liquid Junction Potentials-its determination and elimination, Applications of EMF Measurements: (i)Solubility product, (ii)pH Determination, (iii) Potentiometric Titrations.; (B)Conductivity: Theory of Electrolytic Conductance, Derivation of Debye-Huckle Equation and its Verification, Debye-Falkenhagen Effect, and Wein Effect, kohlrausch law. Calculation of Solubility of Sparingly soluble Salt from Conductance Measurements.

Conductometric Titrations : Titration of Strong Acid Vs Strong Base (HCl vs NaoH) ; Titration of Weak Acid Vs Strong Base (AcoH vs NaoH); Titration of mixture of Strong and Weak Acids vs Strong Base ; Precipitation Titrations.

#### **Books Suggested**

- 1. Physical Chemistry, P. W. Atkins (ELBS)
- 2. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine (Prentice Hall)
- 3. Atomic Structure and Chemical bond, Manas Chandra.
- 4. Chemical Kinetics, K.J. Laidler (Mc Graw Hill)
- 5. Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations, J. Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose (Mcmilan)
- 6. Thermodynamics for chemists, S. Glasstone
- 7. Chemical thermodynamics, I.M. Klotz
- 8. Statistical Thermodynamics, M. Dole
- 9. Modern Electrochemistry, Vol. I & II, J.O. M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy (plen
- 10. An Introduction to Electrochemistry (3rded.), S. Glasstone (Affiliated East-West).

CHE 1	04				ctical I: Chemist		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	2	Credits	;
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of grad	uate lev	el Inorg	anic Ch	emistry	practica	ıl.		
SEMI	MICR	O QUA	LITAT	IVE AN	ALYS	IS						
•	Basic la	boratory	v technic	jues of t	itration	and ana	lysis.					
•	Quantita	tive est	imation	of inorg	ganic co	mpound	s throug	gh volun	netric te	chnique	s.	
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able				
<b>CO1</b>	To dem	onstrate	e master	y of bas	ic semi-	-micro q	ualitativ	ve analy	sis of si	mple sal	lts and	
	interpre	ets analy	tical da	ta and w	ill mak	e scienti	fic clair	ns that a	re supp	orted by	the	
	observa								11	2		
CO2	To fam	iliarize	with tec	hniques	of titrat	ion and	calcula	tion of e	rrors			
CO3												
<u>CO4</u>												
		Ma	anning	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	ies		
	DO1										DO 1	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1
001	2	2	2	2	2		1	1		0	1	2
<u>CO1</u>	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	1	-	1	2	-
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	1	-	1	2	1	1	2
CO3												
<b>CO4</b>												

## CHE 104: Core practical I: Inorganic Chemistry

## Semi Micro Qualitative Analysis

I. Qualitative Analysis of a mixture containing four cations including two less common cations (viz., W, Mo, Se, Te, V, Ce, Th, Zr, Li and U).

CH	IE 105				actical CheImis		]	L-5,T-1	, <b>P-0</b>		2 Cre	dits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Orgai	nic Cher	nistry p	ractical.				
<ul><li>Ider</li><li>Sing</li></ul>	gle step	on of sin preparat	tions		1	by syste			ve analy	sis			
	1		<b>mes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able iliarize the systematic procedures of analysis of organic components, conformational										
CO1			•	-		res of ar	alysis c	or organ	ic comp	onents,	conforn	national	
			s functio	Ŭ	±	•1• •	• .1	.1 1	1 •		1 · 1	• 11	
CO2	importa			chanism	is and fa	amiliariz	te with	method	ologies	to prepa	are biolo	ogically	
CO3													
CO4													
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	1	1	2	-	2	
CO3													
<b>CO4</b>													

#### **CHE : 105 : PRACTICAL – II : ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

a) Identification of single organic component by systematic qualitative analysis. Aromatic acids

Phenols

Neutral compounds

Esters

Carbonyl compounds etc.

b) Single step preparations.

- 1. Preparation of aspirin
- 2. Preparation of p-nitroacetanilide
- 3. Preparation of p-bromoacetanilide
- 4. Hydrolysis

CH	E 106			-	actical CheImis		]	L-5,T-1	,P-0		2 Cre	dits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of grad	uate lev	el Physi	cal Che	mistry p	ractical	•			
• Dete syst	em.	on of c			Ĩ	ture, eut		1	ion and	tempera	ature of	binary	
	r	<b>Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able											
CO1	To study the determination of critical solution temperature, eutectic composition, distribution coefficient, adsorption of different To calibrate the statistical data												
CO2	To calil	orate the	e statisti	cal data									
CO3													
CO4													
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	1	-	2	1	1	
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	2	-	1	1	2	-	2	
CO3													
<b>CO4</b>													

#### CHE: 106: PRACTICAL – III: Physical Chemistry

Syllabus

- Calibration of volumetric apparatus and statistical analysis of the data.
- Determination of critical solution temperature of phenol-water system and study the effect of electrolyte on CST.
- Determination of Eutectic composition and temperature of binary system
- Determination of distribution coefficient of benzoic acid between water and benzene.
- Study the adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal and analysis of the data on the basis of Langmuir and Freundlich adsorption isotherms.
- Determination of rate constant of acid hydrolysis of an ester and investigate the effect of catalyst concentration, reactant concentration and temperature.

CHE	E-107		Gen	eral Ch	emistry	' I	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	2	Credits	;
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Chem	istry					
Cours	se Object	ives:										
	knowle	0	-			•		detectio	n, Lii	nit of	determi	nation,
	sitivity an		•									
	iliarize w	-	-		-	flame e	emissior	n spectro	oscopy	and ator	nic abso	orption
spec	troscopy	and the	ir applic	cations.								
Cours	se Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able											
<b>CO1</b>	To know about mean and median values, standard deviation and coefficient of variation.											
	To know about mean and median values, standard deviation and coefficient of variation.											
CO2	To acqu	ire kno	wledge of	on princ	iple and	l instrun	nentatio	n of AA	S and d	ifferenc	e betwe	en
	flame A	AS and	furnace	AAS.	1							
CO3												
004												
<b>CO4</b>												
I		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	1	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	-	2	1	-	2	-	2
<b>CO3</b>												
<b>CO4</b>												

#### **CHE107: General Chemistry I**

#### UNIT-I: TREATMENT OF ANALYTICAL DATA

#### 15 Hrs

Precision and accuracy –mean and median values –Standard deviation – coefficient of variation, Types of errors: Determinate and indeterminate errors, confidence limits, significant figures, computations, minimization of errors, statistical evaluation of data –T-test ,F- test , and  $X^2$  –test. Correlation coefficient and coefficient of determination; Limit of detection (LOQ); Limit of determination(LOD) Sensitivity and selectivity of an analytical method.

#### UNIT-II: FLAME EMISSION AND ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY 15 Hrs

(a) **Flame Emission Spectroscopy**: Principles, chemical reactions in flames, Interferences, evaluation methods, flame photometer and experimental technique, procedure for determinations, limitations and disadvantages. Applications

(b)**Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Flame AAS:** Principle, Instrumentation – Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization

GF AAS: Principle and technique –Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

## **Books Suggested**

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merritt and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis
- 2. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis.
- 3. Analytical Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis H. Kaur

СН	E 108	Hu	man Va	lues an Ethi		ssional	L-3	3,T-1,P-	2	4	Credit	S
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate leve	el Huma	n Value	es and p	rofessio	nal ethic	cs	
Course	e Objec	tives:										
• Ana	lyze val	ues in v	arious e	thical p	rofession	ns						
			oncepts									
	-		values w	-				-				
			stake in			ation of	· practio	ce and a	ssess ov	wn ethic	al value	es with
-			ntext and	<u>.</u>								
Course	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course, t	the stude	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	To kno	ow abou	it the ne	eds and	importa	nce of p	rofessio	onal ethi	cs.			
CO2	To ana	lyze na	ture of V	Values, l	oasic Mo	oral Con	cepts c	haracter	and Co	nduct.		
CO3	To gai	n know	ledge or	individ	lual and	society	ethical	values, a	ahimsa,	satya an	ıd	
		acharya										
<b>CO4</b>	To und	lerstand	l values	of Bhag	avd Gita	a, variou	ıs religi	ons, reli	gious to	lerence,	Gandh	ian
	ethics.											
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	ies		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	-	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	-	1	2
CO2	3	-	2	3	1	2		2	3	2	-	2
<b>CO3</b>	3	1		3	2		1				1	3
CO4	3	1	2	3		2	2	2	2	2	-	3

**CHE 107: ELECTIVE FOUNDATION (HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS – I) Chapter I:** Definition and Nature of Ethics – Is relation to Religion, Politics, Business, Law, Medicine and Environment. Need and Importance of Professional Ethics – Goals – Ethical Values in Various Professions.

**Chapter II:** Nature of Values – Good and Bad, Ends and Means, Actual and Potential Values, Objective and Subjective Values, Analysis of Basic Moral Concepts – Right, Ought, Duty, Obligation, Justice, Responsibility and Freedom, Good Behavior and Respect for Elders, Character and Conduct.

**Chapter III:** Individual and Society: Ahimsa (Non-Violence), Satya (Truth), Brahmacharya (Celibacy), Asteya (Non Possesion) and Aparigraha (Non-stealing). Purusharthas (Cardinal virtues) - Dharma (Righteousness), Artha (Wealth), Kama (Fulfillment Bodily Desires), Moksha (Liberation), Crime and Theories of Punishment – (a) Reformative, Retributive and Deterrent, (b) Views on Manu and Yajnavalkya

**Chapter IV:** Bhagavd Gita – (a) Niskama Karma, (b) Buddhism – The Four Nobel Truths – Arya astanga marga, (c) Jainism - Mahavratas and Anuvratas. Values Embedded in Various Religions, Religious Tolerence, Gandhian Ethics.

## **Books for study:**

- 1. Johns S Mackenjie: A Manual of ethics
- 2. "The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard D. Irwin Inc.

- 3. "Ethics in Management" by S.A. Shelekar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today
- 5. Maitra, S.K: Hindu Ethics
- 6. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics
- 7. Manu: Manava Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties: Religious and Civil (ed) G.C. Haughton.
- 8. Sasruta Samhita: Tr. Kaviraj Kunjanlal, Kunjanlal Brishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit Series, Vol I,II and III, Varanasi, Vol I PP, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 9. Charaka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series Office. Varanasi I, II, III Vol I PP 183-191.
- 10. Ethics, Theory and Contemporary Issues. Barbara Mackinnon, Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
- 11. Analyzing Moral Issues, Judith A. Boss, Mayfield Publishing Company, 1999.
- 12. I.C. Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India. Nagin& Co Julundhar.

CHE -	201		Inorga	anic Che	emistry	' II		L-5, T-	1, P-0	4	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of gradu	ate leve	el chemi	istry						
C	ourse O	bjectiv	es:										
		-		-	of trai	nsition 1	metal co	mplexes	and var	rious rea	ctions or	ı ligands	
		-	synthesis										
		-	e on e	lectronic	spectr	a of co	omplex	molecule	es of o	ctahedral	and te	trahedral	
	geometr												
			-			, diama	agnetism	and pa	iramagn	etism a	nd other	related	
-	properties of complex molecules Familiarize with different catalytic reactions of complex molecules and factors effecting the												
			h differ	ent catal	lytic re	actions	of com	plex mol	ecules	and fact	ors effec	cting the	
	reactions												
Course CO1							ent will b		andr	nonantiaa	noturo o	£	
COI				features				eparation	s and p	roperties	, nature o	1	
CO2						-		energy le	vels in	octahedr	al field a	nd	
002					-	• •	-	no diagra		octaneura	ai neiu ai	iu	
CO3				-	-		-			nd magne	etic susce	ntibility	
				's and F				bb, magn	etisiii u	ina magin		puonity	
CO4								reactions	. Therm	al decom	position		
			in reaction			,					I		
		l	Mappin	g of cou	rse out	comes v	with the	program	outco	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	2	-	2	_	1	
CO2	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	_	1	
CO3	3	-	2	3	-	2	1	-	2	1	1	-	
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	

#### CHE 201: INORGANIC CHEISTRY II

#### UNIT – I: TRANSITION METAL II – COMPLEXES II

Transition metal  $\pi$  – complexes with unsaturated organic molecules – alkenes, alkynes, diene, dienyl and Cyclopentadienyl complexes and arene complexes-general methods of preparation, properties, nature of bonding and structural features – Important reactions relating to Nucleophilic and Electrophilic attack on ligands and to organic synthesis.

#### **UNIT - II: ELECTRONIC SPECTRA OF COMPLEXES**

Russel-Saunders coupling – Spectroscopic term symbols- Derivation of term symbols of  $p^2$  and  $d^2$  configuration, Hole Formulation, Energy ordering of terms (Hund's Rules), Splitting of energy levels and spectroscopic states in Octahedral field, Selection rules – Break – down of selection rules, Orgel diagrams, Definition and utility–Orgel Diagrams for  $d^1$  to  $d^9$  configurations in Octahedral and tetrahedral fields. Interpretation of electronic spectra of high spin octahedral and tetra hedral complexes of Ti(III), V(III), Cr(III), Mn(II), Fe(II), Fe(III), Co(III), Co(II), Ni(II) and Cu(II) complexes, Calculation of Dq and B¹ parameters for Cr(III) and Ni(II) complexes. Tanabe – Sugano diagrams, Differences between Orgel diagrams and Tanabe – Sugano diagrams, Tanabe – Sugano diagrams of d² to d⁶ and d⁸ configurations. Charge transfer spectra- LMCT and MLCT.

#### 15 Hrs

## UNIT – III: MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES 15 Hrs

Diamagnetism and paramagnetism-orbital and spin contributions, spin-orbit coupling, Hunds third rule and Energies of J levels – Curie law and Curie – Weiss law- Ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism – Temperature independent magnetism Magnetic susceptibility and its determination by Gouy's and Faraday methods.Calculation of magnetic moment from magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula, Orbital contribution to magnetic moment (Oh and Td Complexes) –Paramagnetism and crystalline fields – Ti (III), V (III), VO²⁺, Cr (III), Mn (II), Fe (III), Co(II), Ni (II) and Cu (II). Magnetic Exchange in copper acetate and other dimmers – spin cross over in complexes.

#### **UNIT -IV: CATALYSIS**

#### 15 Hrs

Homogeneous catalysis, Metal ion catalyzed reactions – Redox potentials and processes – Mechanism of redox processes involving ligands – Factors affecting redox potentials - other types of metal catalyzed reactions – Reactions involving Ag (I), Cu (II) and Os (VIII) – Reactions of Oxyanions – Factors affecting rate (General discussion only) – Induced reactions – Free radical reactions – Thermal decomposition of peroxy disulphate – Fe(III) –S₂O₈ reactions – chain reactions – H-Br reactions,  $H_2O_2 - S_2O_8$  reactions.

## **Books Suggested**

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry principles of Structure and Reactivity 6th Edition. James E. Huheey.
- 2. Organometallic Chemistry: R.C. Mehrotra and Singh.
- 3. R. S. Drago: Structural methods in Inorganic Chemistry.
- 4. H. H. Willard, L. L. Merritt, Jr., J. A. Dean and F. A. Settle, Jr.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis (CBS Publishers).
- 5. R. L. Carlin: Magnetic Chemistry. R. L. Datta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetic Chemistry.

CHE	-202		Orga	nic Che	mistry	II	L-	<b>3, T-1,</b>	P-2	4	Credits				
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Orga	nic Che	emistry	•								
	e Objec														
		ognize,	classify	, explai	n, and	apply fu	ındamer	ntal orga	anic rea	ctions s	uch as	$E_2, E_1,$			
E _{1CE}		iliar with molecular rearrangements involving electron deficient carbon, nitrogen and													
	en atoms and electron rich carbon atom.														
	ide Hantzsch-Widmann nomenclature for the three and four membered heterocycles. Be														
	to predict synthetic routes and chemical reactions of these heterocycles.														
		miliar with occurrence, isolation, structural elucidation and synthesis of natural products-													
-	loids	bids													
		Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1			e the m								•				
		-	eliminat	tions an	id use	of isoto	opes, ch	nemical	trappin	g and	crossov	er			
CO2	experi				• 1	• 1	. 1	<u> </u>	1	•,	1				
CO2			rearran												
	of read		ctron ri	ch cardo	on atom	and fan	minarize	with th	e mmia	mons an	ia appli	cations			
CO3			synthesi	ic of the	raa and	four m	ambara	d hotoro	ovolos	machan	ism of	ring			
005			ions and												
	-	-	ring ope			election	uonam	ig and	withura	wing su	Ustituen	ls III			
CO4			the stru			on and s	vnthesi	s of alks	loids us	sing spe	cific rea	gents			
	10 010											5°1105.			
		IVI	apping	DI COURS	se outco	mes wit	in the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	2	-	1			
CO2	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	1	-	1	1			
CO3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	2				
<b>CO4</b>	3	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	1	1	-	1			

#### **CHE-202 : ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II**

#### **UNIT-I: Reaction mechanism-I**

Electrophilic addition to carbon carbon double bond: Stereoselective addition to carbon carbon double bond; anti addition- Bromination and epoxidation followed by ring opening. Syn addition of OsO₄ and KMnO₄.

Elimination reactions Elimination reactions  $E_2$ ,  $E_1$ ,  $E_{1CB}$  mechanisms. Orientation and stereoselectivity in  $E_2$  eliminations. Pyrolytic syn elimination and  $\alpha$ -elimination, elimination Vs substitution. Facors influencing the elimination reactions

Determination of reaction mechanism: Determination of reaction mechanism: Energy profiles of addition and elimination reactions, transition states, product isolation and structure of intermediates, use of isotopes, chemical trapping, crossover experiments. Use of IR and NMR in the investigation of reaction mechanism.

## **UNIT-II: Molecular Rearrangements**:

Rearrangements to electron deficient Carbon atom:

Pinacol-Pinacolone, Wagner-Meerwein, Dienone-Phenol and Demjonove Rearrngements Rearrangements to electron deficient Nitrogen atom:

#### 15 Hrs

Hofmann, Curtius, Schimidt and Beckmann Rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron deficient Oxygen atom: Baeyer-Villiger and Dakins Rearrangements Rearrangements to electron rich Carbon atom: Favorski and Neber Rearrangements Aromatic and Sigmatropic Rearrangements: Fries and Claisen Rearrangements

#### UNIT III: Three and four membered heterocycles:

Systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch-Widmann system) and Replacement nomenclature for monocyclic heterocycles (Three and four membered rings). Synthesis and chemical reactions of aziridines, oxiranes, thiiranes, azetidines, oxetanes, and thietanes.

## **UNIT-IV:** Alkaloids

Occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation and physiological action, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring, structure elucidation and synthesis of the following: Atropine, Papaverine and Quinine.

## **Books Suggested:**

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Modern Organic Reactions, H.O. House, Benjamin.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J. M. Coxon, Blackie Academic.
- 7. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.
- 8. Text book of Organic Chemistry, M.C. Murry
- 9. Text book of Organic Chemistry, Fessendon and Fessendon.
- 10. Text book of Organic Chemistry, T.W. Solomon,
- 11. Organic Chemistry, Vol II, I.L. Finar, ELBS Eds.
- 12. Heterocyclic chemistry T.L Gilchrist, Longman Scientific Technical
- 13. An Introduction to the Heterocyclic compounds, R M Acheson, John Wiley.

## 15 Hrs

CHE	-203		Phy	sical ch	emistry	' II	L-	5,T-1,P	-6	4	Credits			
Pre-r	equisite:	Basic k	knowled	ge abou	t Physic	al Chen	nistry							
Cours	Course Objectives:													
	• Learn Angular momentum and Molecular Orbital Theory and application of Huckel theory to													
	organic molecules.													
	Know about concepts in Surface Chemistry, concept of electric double layer model and Micelles.													
	Get knowledge on symmetry and group theory their use in spectroscopy, Mulliken character													
	tables.													
	• Understand Irreversible Electrode phenomenon controlled potential electrolysis and													
-	arograph		the and	ofthaa		ha atuda	nt	a abla						
	se Outco	mes At	the end	of the c	ourse, u	ne stude	int will t	be able						
CO1	To know	w about	Pauli E	xclusion	ı princip	le and S	Slater de	etermina	nt, ator	nic orbit	als, Sim	ple		
	molecu	lar orbit	als and I	Huckel	theory o	of conjug	gated sy	stems.						
CO2	To learn	n Gibbs	adsorpti	ion isotł	nerm, Bl	ET equa	tion and	l correla	te limit	ations, c	ritical n	nicellar		
	concent	ration (	CMC) a	nd facto	rs affec	ting the	CMC o	f surfact	ants.					
CO3	To iden	tify Rel	ation be	tween o	rder of a	a finite g	group an	nd its sul	b-group	, conjug	acy, Syı	nmetry		
	point gr	oup (M	LS, M	IHS and	MSS) a	and orth	ogonalit	y theore	em.			-		
<b>CO4</b>	To acc	quire k	nowledg	ge on	DC-Pol	larograp	hy, AO	C-Polarc	graphy	, Contr	olled F	Potential		
	Electrol	lysis, to	derive e	quation	for Taf	el plots,	half-wa	ave pote	ntials fo	or revers	ible syst	em.		
		Μ	apping	of cour	se outco	omes wi	th the p	orogran	1 outco	mes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	-	3	-	2	1	1	-	1	1	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	2	-	2	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	_	-	1	1	-	1	1	1		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	-	2	2	1	1	-	2	1	1	1		

## **CHE-AC-203** Physical Chemistry III

#### **UNIT-I: Quantum Chemistry-II**

#### 15 Hrs

(A) Angular momentum: Angular momentum, Rotations and angular momentum, Eigen functions and Eigen values of angular momentum, Ladder operator, addition of angular momenta, spin, antisymmetry and pauli Exclusion principle. Slater determinant. ;

(B) Molecular Orbital TheoryAtomic Orbitals, Simple Molecular Orbitals, Hybrid Atomic Orbitals, Shapes and energies of Molecular Orbital, Systems of Organic Molecules (Ex: Methane, Ethylene, Acetylene). Huckel theory of conjugated systems, Π-bond order and charge density calculations, application of Huckel theory to ethylene, butadiene and benzene.

## **UNIT-II: Surface Chemistry**

Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface, (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibbs adsorption isotherm, BET adsorption isotherm, derivation of BET equation, limitations of BET equation, estimation of surface area from BET equation, Surface films on liquids. Concept of electric double layer model- Helmholtz perrin, Gouy- Chapman and stern models (no derivation)

**Micells:** Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents micellisation, hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, thermodynamics of micellisation, emulsions, reverse micelles.

#### **UNIT-III: SYMMETRY AND GROUP THEORY**

Definition of a group, rules that are set for a group, sub-group, order of a group, Relation between order of a finite group and its sub-group, conjugacy relation and class of a group, symmetry elements and symmetry operation. Symmetry point group (MLS, MHS and MSS), Schoenflies symbols - Representation of groups by matrices (representation for  $C_n$ ,  $C_{nv}$ ,  $D_{nh}$  etc. groups to be worked out

explicitly), character of a representation, group multiplication tables, reducible - irreducible representations The great orthogonality theorem (without proof) - character tables ( $H_2O,NH_3$ ) and their use in spectroscopy, Mulliken character tables.

#### **UNIT-IV: ELECTROCHEMISTRY- II**

#### 15 Hrs

**Irreversible Electrode phenomenon:** Reversibility and irreversibility, Dissolution and deposition potentials, Decomposition voltage, overvoltage, diffusion overvoltage, charge transfer overvoltage, concentration overvoltage-hydrogen and oxygen overvoltages, Tafel plots, Exchange current density and Transfer coefficient, Butler-Volmer equation for one electron transfer processes.

**Polarography:**Theory, classification, principle, Instrumentation of Polarography, DME, HMDE diffusion current, Ilkovic equation, DC-Polarography, AC-Polarography, Controlled Potential Electrolysis, Millicoulometry, Equation for half-wave potentials, for reversible system when oxidant alone, reductant alone and both are present.

#### **Books Suggested**

- 1. P.W. Atkins: Physical Chemistry (ELBS).
- 2. Ira N. Levine: Quantum Chemistry (Prentice Hall).
- 3. R. Mcweeny: Coulson's Valence (ELBS).
- 4. J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Modern Electrochemistry, vol.I & II (Plenum).
- 5. S. Glasstone; An Introduction to Electrochemistry (3rd ed.)(Affiliated East-West).
- 6. V. Moroi: Micelles, theoretical and applied aspects (Plenum).
- 7. Maron and prutton: principles of physical Chemistry.
- 8. Silbey, Alberty, Bawendi. Physical Chemistry. Jhon-Wiley & Sons. 4th edition-2006.
- 9. D.N. Bajpai: Advanced physical Chemistry: S. Chand & Company, 1998.

CHE 2	204		(	Core pra	actical l	[:	L	5,T-1,	P-0	2	Credit	6
			Inc	organic	Chemis	stry						
Pre-re	equisite	e: Under	rstandin	g of grae	duate le	vel Inor	ganic C	hemistr	y practic	cal.		
SEMI	MICF	RO QUA	LITA	ΓΙΥΕ Α	NALYS	SIS						
•	Separa	tion and	determ	ination of	of the tw	vo comp	onent n	nixtures.				
•	Prepara	ation of	metal co	omplexe	s							
Cours	e Outo	comes: A	At the en	nd of the	course	, the stu	dent wil	l be able	e			
CO1	CO 1:	To sepa	arate and	d determ	ine the	two con	nponent	mixture	es.			
CO2	CO 2:	To acq	uire kno	wledge	in the p	reparati	on of me	etal com	plexes			
CO3												
<b>CO4</b>												
		N	lapping	of cour	se outc	omes w	ith the	program	n outco	mes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	1	_	2	_	3	3	1
CO2	3	2	2	3	-	1	2	-	2	3	3	1
CO3												
<b>CO4</b>												

## CHE 204: Core practical I: Inorganic Chemistry

#### I. Quantitative Analysis:

Separation and determination of two component mixtures:

(i) Separation of Al(III) and Determination of Fe (III)

(ii) Separation of Cu(II) and Determination of Zn (II)

- (iii) Separation of Ca(II) and Determination of Mg (II)
- (iv) Separation of Cu(II) and Determination of Ni (II)

(v) Determination of Ferrocyanide and Ferricyanide

## **II. Preparation of Metal Complexes:**

- (i) Tetra(ammine) copper (II) sulphate.
- (ii) Mercury tetra( thiocyanato) cobaltate(II).
- (iii) Hexa(ammine) Nickel (II) chloride.
- (iv) Tris(acetylacetonato) Manganese (III) chloride.
- (v) Tris (ethylenediammine) Nickel (II) thiosulpha

CH	IE 106			-	actical l CheImis		]	L-5,T-1	, <b>P-0</b>		2 Cre	dits			
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Orgai	nic Cher	nistry p	ractical.						
<ul><li>Fam</li><li>prep</li></ul>	Course Objectives: Familiarize with two component mixture separation and identification. preparation of derivatives and purification by different methods														
Course	1	Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1		To familiarize with binary mixture separation and to gain hands-on-experience in purification of the													
CO2	To get I	knowled	lge abou	ut the ch	emical l	behavior	of diff	erent co	mponen	ts and n	nechanis	sms.			
CO3															
CO4															
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2			
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	-	1	1	1			
CO2	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	1	2	1	-	2			
CO3															
<b>CO4</b>															

## CHE: 205: PRACTICAL – II: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Separation and Identification of two component organic mixture by systematic qualitative analysis.

## Binary mixture of

Acid + Neutral Phenol + Neutral Base + Neutral Acid + Ether insoluble component Phenol + Ether insoluble component Base + Ether insoluble component

CH	IE 206				actical I CheImis		]	L-5,T-1	, <b>P-0</b>		2 Cro	edits			
Pre-re	quisite	uisite: Understanding of graduate level Physical Chemistry practical.													
• Fam	arse Objectives: amiliarize with conductometric, potentiometric and redox methods of analysis colorometric and pHmetric methods of analysis														
Course	e Outco	Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To stud	To study the determination of cell constant and verification of Onsagar equation, strength of strong													
CO2	To get l	tnowledg	ge on the	applicat	ions of c	onducto	metry, po	otentiom	etry, cou	lometry	and pH	metry.			
CO3															
CO4															
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	-	1	1	1			
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	2			
CO3															
<b>CO4</b>															

#### CHE: 106: PRACTICAL – III: Physical Chemistry

Syllabus

1. Conductometry:

- (a) Getermination of cell constant
- (b) Verification of Onsagar equation
- (c) Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid
- (d) Titration of a strong acid with a strong base
- (e) Titration of a weak acid with a strong base

## 2. Potentiometry:

- (a) Titration of a strong acid with a strong base
- (b) Titration of a weak acid with a strong base
- (c) Redox titration
- 3. Coulometry: Estimation of Manganese
- 4. pH metry: Strong acid, Strong base titrations.

CHE	-207		Gene	eral Ch	emistry	II	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	2	Credits				
Pre-re	Pre-requisite: Understanding of graduate level Chemistry														
	e Objectives:														
• Ga	in knowledge on the principles of different electro analytical methods.														
• Fa	miliarize with chromatographic techniques.														
Cours	e Outco	Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To acquire knowledge on ion selective electrodes, solid membrane electrodes and glass electrodes and														
CO2		To learn general principles and classifications of chromatographic separations and applications of TLC, GLC													
CO3															
<b>CO4</b>															
		Ma	apping	of cours	e outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2			
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	2	2	-	1	1			
CO2	3	-	2	3	1	2	1	2	-	2	1	1			
CO3															
CO4															

#### CHE 204-A: General Chemistry II

## UNIT-I: ELECTRO ANALYTICAL METHODS

Theory of potentiometry, calculation electrode potential at the equivalence. Finding of equivalence volume, derivative and linear titration plots. Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes – metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes, glass electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes, Amperometric titrations - Anodic stripping voltammetry, chronoamperometry, chronopotentiometry, Cyclic Voltammetry, Differential Pulse Polarography, linear sweep voltammetry, square wave voltammetry.

## **UNIT-II: CHROMATOGRAPHY**

General principles and classifications of chromatographic separations

Thin layer chromatography: Classification, principle, experimental technique, sample application, development of plate, retardation factor.

**Gas liquid chromatography:** Gas liquid chromatography - instrumentation (columns and detectors), retention time and retention volume. Chromatographic behaviour of solutes, column efficiency and resolution, column processes and band broadening, time of analysis and resolution, Van-Deemter equation.

**High performance liquid chromatography:** Theory and instrumentation-column performance, gradient elution, delivery system, sample introduction, separation columns, detectors and applications of HPLC.

#### **Books Suggested**

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A.Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel"s Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick : Analytical Chemistry (McGraw Hill).
- 5. D. Midgley and K. Torrance : potentiometric Water Analysis (John Wiley).

CHE	208	H	Iuman `	Values a ethio		fessiona	l L-	- <b>3,</b> T-1,P	-2	4	Credits	5		
Pre-re	equisite:	Under	standing	of Hun	nan Valu	ues and p	orofessi	onal eth	ics					
Cours	e Objec	tives:												
						y values								
	-		wards	medical,	, health	a care p	rofessi	onals a	nd ethi	cal issu	ies in	genetic		
0	ineering derstand		nortan	e of so	cial eth	ice towa	rde or	ran trad	e hum	an traff	ic king	human		
	derstand the importance of social ethics towards organ trade, human traffic king human ts violation and social disparities.													
-				-		cal crises	s, pollut	tion and	protect	ion of e	nvironm	ent		
						the stude	-		•					
CO1	To un	derstand	the cor	ncepts of	f human	values,	respons	sibilities	of fam	ily value	es and st	atus		
			family a	-		,	I			5				
CO2	To acc	juire kn	owledge	e on diff	erent m	edical et	hics the	e views	of chara	ka and	sushruta	on		
	moral	respons	sibilities	of medi	ical prac	ctitioners								
CO3	To gai	n know	ledge or	n social	ethics a	nd under	stand t	he chara	cteristic	es of eth	ical pro	olems		
<u> </u>		nageme												
CO4	To far	niliarize	e enviro	nmental	ethics,	ethical th	neory an	nd ecolo	gical cr	isis.				
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	h the p	rogram	outcor	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	1	3	1	2	1	-	3	1	1	1		
CO2	3	1	1	3	-	2	-	3	3	1	1	1		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	1		
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	1		

## CHE 207: ELECTIVE FOUNDATION (HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-II)

**Chapter I:** Value Education – Definition – Relevance to present day – Concept of human values - Self introspection – Self-esteem. Family values-Components, Structure and responsibilities of family Neutralization of anger – Adjustability – Threats of family life – Status of women in family and society – Caring for needy and elderly – Time allotment for sharing ideas and concerns.

**Chapter II:** Medical ethics – Views of Charaka, Sushruta and Hippocratus on moral responsibility of medical practitioners. Code of ethics for medical and healthcare professionals. Euthanasia, Ethical obligation to animals, Ethical issues in relation to health care professionals and patients. Social justice in health care, human cloning, problem of abortion. Ethical issues in genetic engineering and Ethical issues raised by new biological technology or knowledge.

**Chapter III:** Social ethics – Organ trade, Human trafficking, Human rights violation and social disparities, Feminist ethics, Surrogacy/pregnancy. Ethics of media – Impact of Newspapers, Television, Movies and Internet, Business ethics – Ethical standards of business – Immoral and illegal practices and their solutions. Characteristics of ethical problems in management, ethical theories, causes of unethical behavior, Ethical abuses and work ethics.

**Chapter IV:** Environmental ethics – Ethical theory, man and nature - Ecological crisis, Pest control, Pollution and waste, Climate change, Energy and pollution, Justice and environmental health.

#### **Books for study:**

- 1. Johns S Mackenjie: A Manual of ethics
- 2. "The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard D. Irwin Inc.
- 3. Management Ethics Integrity at work by Joseph A. Petrick and John F. Quinn, Response Books, New Delhi.
- 4. "Ethics in Management" by S.A. Shelekar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today
- 6. Maitra, S.K: Hindu Ethics
- 7. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics
- 8. Sinha: A Manual of Ethics
- 9. Manu: Manava Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties: Religious and Civil (ed) G.C. Haughton.
- 10. Sasruta Samhita: Tr. KavirajKunjanlal, KunjanlalBrishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit Series, Vol I,II and III, Varanasi, Vol I PP, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
- 11. Charaka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series Office. Varanasi I, II, III Vol I PP 183-191.
- 12. Ethics, Theory and Contemporary Issues. Barbara Mackinnon, Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
- 13. Text Book for Intermediate First Year Ethics and Human Values, Board of Intermediate Eduction Telugu Academy, Hyderabad.
- 14. I.C. Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India. Nagin& Co Julundhar.

CHE-A	AC- 301		norgani hermal				L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits				
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Basi	c Inorga	nic Spe	ctroscop	by and T	hermal	Method	s of Ana	alysis			
Course	e Objec	tives:													
		dge on	thermal	metho	ds of a	nalysis	and prin	nciples	and app	olication	s to inc	organic			
mater • Famil		vith hasi	cs of M	osshaue	r and N	OR snee	rtroscon	V							
		arize with basics of Mossbauer and NQR spectroscopy. the properties like g-factor, nuclear spin, hyperfine coupling constants.													
		the ESR instrumentation, various applications and photoelectron spectroscopy.													
		<b>Outcomes :</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To know about TG and DTA and applications of different scanning calorimetry.														
CO2	To gai	n know	ledge or	n Dopple	er shift a	and cher	nical sh	ift, basio	c princip	oles and	applica	tions of			
	0	spectros	U	11				,	1 1		11				
CO3	To lea	rn zero	field spl	itting ar	nd Kram	ner's deg	generacy	, relaxa	tion pro	cesses,					
			on and a												
CO4			-				-	heorem	and im	part the	applica	tions of			
	X-ray		/ photoe			pectrosc									
		Ma	apping o			mes wit	the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	-	2	2	1			
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	2	-			
CO3	3     2     2     3     2     2     1     2     2     1														
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	-	-1		2	-	2	1			

#### CHE-AC- 301: Inorganic Spectroscopy and Thermal Methods of Analysis

#### **UNIT -I: THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS**

Thermo gravimetry –Principle, Factors affecting the results, instrumentation. Application with special reference to  $CuSO_45H_2O$ ,  $CaC_2O_4 2H_2O$ . Different thermal analysis – principle, instrumentation, difference between TG and DTA, applications with special reference to the clays and minerals.Different scanning calorimetry –principle, and applications to inorganic materials like chlorates and perchlorates, ammonium nitrate.

#### UNIT -II: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY and NQR

**Mossbauer spectroscopy:** Basic principles, Recoil energy, Doppler shift, Chemical shift, Quadrapole effects, Magnetic effects. Instrumentation, spectral parameters and spectrum display.

Aapplication of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of  $Fe^{2+}$  and  $Fe^{3+}$  compounds, (2)  $Sn^{2+}$  and  $Sn^{4+}$  compounds.

**NQR spectroscopy:** Basic principles of NQR spectroscopy, quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant and applications.

#### UNIT –III: ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

Basic Principles, Hyper fine splitting, Factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, Hamiltonian and spin densities. Zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, Relaxation process and line widths. Instrumentation and Applications. The EPR spectrum of bis(salicylidimine)-copper(II) complex, study of inorganic free radicals, biological applications of Electron Spin Resonance (Study of free radicals and Iron-sulfur proteins)

#### 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

#### UNIT -- IV: PHOTO ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY

Photoelectric effect, Koopmans's theorem, ionization energy.

**X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA):** Principle, Binding energies, Chemical shift, Applications of XPES to Qualitative analysis, to surface studies and structural analysis. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy- Principle, application of UPES in studying the molecular orbitals of  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  molecules. Block diagram of photoelectron spectrophotometer. Sources of radiation, detectors. Auger spectra – Principle, Applications of Auger spectra to surface studies and use of Auger spectra as a finger print tool.

#### **Books Suggested**

- 1. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter: Inorganic Chemsitry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity (4th Ed.) (Addison-Wesley)
- 3. Gary Wulfsberg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 4. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemsitry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. R.L. Carlin: Magneto-chemsitry (Springer-Verlag)
- 7. R.L. Dutta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetochemsitry (Affiliate East-West).
- 8. K. Hussain Reddy Text book of Bioinorganic chemistry

CHE-A	AC 302		Organi	c Spectı Applica		and	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-re	Pre-requisite: Understanding of Organic Spectroscopy and Applications													
Cou	irse Ob	jectives	:											
	niliarize ntifying						and vi	sible sp	oectrosc	opy, ap	plicatio	ons of		
abse	lerstand orption l	bands									-	-		
	dy on th		ations o	f NMR	spectros	scopy in	ascerta	ining th	e stereo	chemica	l structu	ares of		
	molecul		1.		1.0		<i>.</i> .	1 0	1.00	/ 1	ı .	М		
	lerstand		orking ]	principle	e and fi	ragment	ation ru	nes of	aitteren	t molec	ules in	Mass		
	etroscop e Outco	2	t the en	d of the	course	the stud	ent will	he able	to					
Cours	e Outeo	mes. A			course,	ine siuu			10					
CO1			ence to o ic comp		e λ max	values f	or diene	es, enon	es, poly	enes, arc	omatic a	ind		
CO2			-		ption ba	nds of tl	ne mole	cules wi	th speci	fic func	tional g	roups		
CO3	To int	erpret tl	ne data t	o differ	ent type	s of prot	tons and	carbon	s presen	t in a m	olecule	so as		
	to asc	ertain th	ne struct	ure of th	ne moleo	cule bas	ed on th	e data p	rovided					
<b>CO4</b>		-	nowledg	e about	specific	ragme	entation	rules of	differe	nt mole	cules w	hich are		
	uniqu		•	0		•								
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wi	in the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	1	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1		2	2	2	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	2	-		

#### CHE 302: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND APPLICATIONS

#### UNIT-I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY:

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fisher-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

#### **UNIT – II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY**

Instrumentation and sample handling. Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance, FT-IR

#### UNIT -III: NMR SPECTROSCOPY:

¹H NMR spectroscopy: Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and nonequivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic

## 15Hrs

15Hrs

protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, Signal integration, Spin-spin coupling: vicinal, germinal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

Applications of ¹H NMR spectroscopy: Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), E, Z isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve variation of coupling constant with dihedral angle. Simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE).

¹³C NMR spectroscopy: General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY.

### UNIT-IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

### 15Hrs

Introduction, ion production, type of ionization, EI, CI, FD, and FAB-factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular-ion peak, metastable peak, Mc. Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, isotope labeling. High resolution mass spectrometry, Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

### **Books suggested:**

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others, 5th Ed, John Wiley
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley, 1993.
- 4. NMR in chemistry-A multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan, 1986.
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi

CHE AC 3 304	)3 &	( Classica	Core-Pr l Metho			L	-5,T-1,P	<b>-</b> 0	4	Credits	5			
Pre-requis	te: Und	erstanding	of Ana	lytical C	Chemistr	y- Prac	tical.							
Course Ob	jectives	:												
Gain kno	wledge	on synthes	sis of in	organic	complex	es.								
Analysis	Analysis of ores, alloys and water.													
• Acquire	Acquire knowledge on working principle of colorimetry.													
Estimation	Estimation of metal ions by complex metric and colorimetric method.													
Course Ou	<b>Course Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1 To k														
CO2 Tog	ain kno	wledge on	chemist	try of al	loys.									
CO3 To U	Indersta	nd the con	nplexity	, theory	and wor	king p	rinciple	of colou	rimetry					
CO4 To f	amiliariz	ze with law	vs of col	lorimetr	ic titratio	ons.								
	]	Mapping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	h the p	orogram	outcon	nes					
PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
<b>CO1</b> 3	-	1	3		2	3	2	1	-	1	-			
<b>CO2</b> 3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2		1	1	2			
<b>CO3</b> 3	2		3	-	2	-	2	1	2	-	-			
<b>CO4</b> 3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	2	1	1	2			

### CHE -AC -303: Core-Practical Classical Methods of Analysis PRACTICAL -I

### 1. Analysis of ores and alloys:

- a) Brass/Bronze
- b) Cement
- c) Illmenite/Chalcopyrite
- d) Dolamite
- e) Copper and Nickel alloy

### II. Water Analysis:

- a) Determination of dissolved Oxygen
- b) Determination of BOD of Waste water
- c) Determination of COD of Waste water
- d) Hardness of Water
- e) Chloride, sulphates, carbonates and bicarbonates.

### CHE AC 304 Core-Practical PRACTICAL –II –Instrumental methods of analysis

- 1. Colorimetric Determinations:
  - a) Determination of manganese
  - b) Determination of nickel
  - c) Determination of iron by 1,10 Pheren-thiroline
  - d) Determination of chromium
  - e) Determination of Phosphate
  - f)Determination of Pesticides
  - g) Determination of Nitrite.

CHE-A	C-305A		Orga	anic Ch	emistry	' III	1	L-3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Orga	anic Che	emistry								
Cours	e Objec	tives: (	Course (	Objectiv	ves:									
			ne applie			rent rea	igents in	ı organi	c synth	esis, Mo	echanisi	ms and		
	eochemi	•												
			of prepa											
		topoci	ty, proc	chirality.	, auxilla	ary and	reagen	t-contro	olled m	ethods	in asyn	nmetric		
-	hesis.	<b>C</b> 11	<b>66</b>						•			1		
			fferent c	ox1d1z1ng	g and re	educing	agents	in orga	nic synt	thesis w	ith regi	on and		
	eo controlled products.													
	urse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1			e with											
			inimide,				t, 1,3-d	ithianes	and M	lerrifield	ł resin	in the		
~ ~ ~ ~			variety											
CO2			vledge in									stereo		
CO2			cificity a											
CO3		derstan lled rea	d diaste	reosele	ctivity,	stereose	electivit	y and s	ubstrate	e contro	med au	xillary		
CO4			nowledg	e about	the rea	gents w	hich ca	ises ovi	dation i	n varioi	is comr	ounds		
0.04			reagents											
	compo		eugentes	that out					actions	to synt	105120	unous		
	p		apping	of cours	se outco	mes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1			1	1		PO7	-	PO9		PO11	PO12		
	PUI	rU2	PU3	PO4	PO5	rU0	FU/	FU8	P09	PUIU	PUII	PU12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	-	2	1		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	1	2	-		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	2	1		

### CHE-AC-303A Core-Theory Organic Chemistry III

### **UNIT I: REAGENTS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS**

Use of the following reagents in organic synthesis: Anhydrous AlCl₃, Boran trifluoride, N-Bromosuccinimide, Diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, Lead tetraacetate, Zieglar-Natta catalysts, DDQ, Dithianes, Merrifield resin.

### **UNIT-II: ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENTS**

Synthesis and applications of Grignard reagents, Organolithium, Zinc, Copper, Mercury, Palladium and Rhodium compounds in Organic Synthesis, Homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation and hydroformylation reactions

### UNIT III: ASYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS

**Topocity - Prochirality**- Substrate selectivity - Diastereoselectivity and enantioselectivity-Substrate controlled methods-use of chiral substrates - examples

**Auxiliary controlled methods**-Use of chiral auxiliaries-Chiral enolates-alkylation of chiral imines – Stereoselective Diels-Alder reaction

**Reagent controlled methods**-Use of chiral reagents-Asymmetric oxidation-Sharpless epoxidation-Asymmetric reduction-Use of lithium aluminium hydride and borate reagents.

### 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

### UNIT IV: METHODS OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

### 15 Hrs

i). Oxidations: (a) Alcohols to carbonyls-Chromium (iv) oxidants-Dimethylsulfoxide oxidation, periodate xidation, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation with manganese dioxide, oxidation with silver carbonate (b) Alkenes to epoxides-peroxide induced epoxidations. (c) Alkenes to diols-oxidation with potassium permanaganate, osmium tetraoxide, Prevost reaction (d) Ketones to esters-Bayer-Villiger oxidation (e) Oxidative bond cleavage-cleavage of alkenes by transition metals. (f) Oxidation of alkyl or alkenyl fragments-selenium dioxide and chromium trioxide oxidations.

**ii).** *Reductions* : Reduction with lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride, alkoxides, bismethoxy ethoxy aluminium hydride, Boran aluminium hydride and derivatives-catalytic,hydrogenationdissolving metal reductions, Non-Metallic reducing agents including enzymatic and microbial reductions.

### **Suggested Books**

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Name reactions and reagents in organic synthesis, B.P. Muway and M.G Ellord, John Wiley.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Principles of organometallic chemistry, P. Powell, ELBS.
- 9. Organo transition metal chemistry-Applications to organic synthesis, S.G. Davis, Pergmon.
- 10. Stereochemistry to Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.

CHE-A	C-305B	6	Ph	ysical (	Chemist	ry III	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-re	equisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Physi	cal Che	mistry						
<ul> <li>Lea</li> <li>App</li> <li>Fan</li> <li>spec</li> <li>Get</li> <li>theory</li> </ul>	e Objec rn applic plication niliarize ctroscop knowle pry of po e Outco	cations of X- s of X- with the y edge on olymer s	ray Diff e applica concep olutions	raction ations of the o	and Elec f Microv nermody	ctron Di wave sp /namics	ffraction ectrosco of pol	n on soli opy, infr ymer di	d state of ared species of the state of the	chemisti ectrosco	py and ]			
<b>CO1</b>	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to         CO1       To know the determination of Character Co-ordinate of C ₂ V point group based on 3N													
001	To know the determination of Character Co-ordinate of $C_2V$ point group based on 3N Coordinates and to learn the Mutual exclusion Principle.													
CO2	To learn	n the Bra	agg con	ditions-l	Miller Iı	ndices- l	Laue me		ragg me	ethod, D	ebye Sc	herrer		
	method		•								DODI			
CO3	To stud selectio		and v						-	oscopy,	PQR br	anches,		
CO4	To stud	y the co		n heat c	of dissol	ution, re	egular so	olution t	heory, I		nd			
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	2	3	_	2	1	_	2	1	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	-	2	-	2		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	-	2	2		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	-	2		2	-	2	_	2		

### CHE-AC-303B CORE-THEORY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY III

### **UNIT-I Applications of Group Theory**

Construction of reducible and irreducible representations, Determination of Character Coordinate of  $C_2V$  point group based on 3N Coordinates. Standard reduction formula, Determination of normal modes of vibrations of SO₂, NH₃, POcl₃, Ptcl₄²⁻ H₂O₂ molecules. Mutual exclusion Principle, Direct Product, Accidental Degeneracy and Fermi resonance Group Theory and Spectroscopy: IR Spectral activity of NH₃ molecule, selection rules, symmetry Criteria for optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moments, symmetry and stereo isomerism. Prediction of IR and Raman Spectral activity of H₂O and CO₂.

### **UNIT-II: X-ray Diffraction:**

(A) Solid State Chemistry: Dislocation of Solids, Schottky and Frenkel defects, insulaters, a, d semiconductors, Band theory of solids, solid state reactions.

(B) Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern- structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities- structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density- Description of procedure for X-ray structure analysis (NaCl and KCl)

### 15 Hrs

(C) Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity Vs scattering angle, Wierlequation, and its importance. Measurement techniques, Elucidation of structures of simple gas phase molecules, Low energy electron diffraction (LEED) for the study of surfaces.

### **UNIT-III: SPECTROSCOPHY**

**Microwave spectroscopy:** classification of molecules, rigid rotator model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities- stark effect.

**Infrared spectroscopy:** Linear harmonic oscillator, zero point energy, anharmonity, Mores potential energy diagram, fundamental and overtone transitions, hot bands and combinations bands. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, PQR branches, selection rules, factors affecting the band positions and intensities for IR region. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, pure rotational, pure vibrational Raman spectroscopy, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman spectroscopy and coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy. Vibrational- rotational Raman spectroscopy.

### **UNIT-IV: POLYMER SOLUTIONS**

Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution, effect of molecular weight on solubility, solubility of crystalline and amorphous polymer, heat of dissolution, regular solution theory, Hildebrand solubility parameter, Flory-Huggins theory of polymer solutions, conformational entropy, osmotic pressure and viscosity of polymer solutions. Molecular weight determination by light scattering, ultra-centrifugation and sedimentation equilibrium method. Liquid Crystals- synthesis and applications

### **Books Suggested**

- 1. F.A. Cotton : Introduction to Group theory for chemists.
- 2. Geroge Davidson Elsevier : Introductory Group Theory for Chemists.
- 3. Gurdeep Raj , Ajay Bhagi&Vinod Jain : Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis -M.H. Willard, Meritt Jr. and J.A. Dean
- $5. \quad \mbox{Principles of instrumental analysis} Skoog \mbox{ and West}$
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar: Polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.

### 15 Hrs

CHE	AC 30	6	Spec	tral Te	chniqu	es		L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	Credits	5	
Pre-re	equisit	e: Unde	erstandi	ng of Sp	pectral T	Fechniqu	es						
	Cours	e Obje	ctives:										
							V and	visible	spectro	scopy, a	pplicatio	ons of	
i	identify	ing the	structu	res of th	ne mole	cules.							
			-	•	and a	applicatio	ons to	ascertair	the f	undamen	tal grou	ps by	
	observing absorption bands.												
	• Study on the applications of flame atomic absorption spectroscopy.												
	• Understand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass												
	spectro	12	A1	1 0 1			1 .						
						se, the stu		'ill able					
<b>CO1</b>	To kno	w the b	asic pri	nciples	of spect	troscopy.							
CO2	To fam	iliarize	with th	e analy	sis of v	arious fu	inctiona	l groups	by usin	g differe	nt specti	oscopic	
t	techniq	ues.							-	_	-		
CO3	To Und	lerstand	l the app	olicatior	ns of A	AS.							
<b>CO4</b>	To gain	l knowl	edge a	bout M	ass spec	ctral frag	mentati	on of org	ganic co	mpounds	s and cor	nmon	
1	function	nal grou											
		Ν	Aappin	g of cou	irse ou	tcomes v	with the	e progra	m outco	omes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
<b>CO1</b>	3	1	-	3	-	2	3	2	1	-	1	2	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	_	1	-	2	
CO3	3	2	_	2	2	-	2		1		1	1	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	1	-	1		2	
· · · ·	•												

### CHE : AC : 306(A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) SPECTRAL TECHNIQUES

### **UNIT – I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY**

Various electronic transitions (185-800nm.), Beer-Lambert Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds

### **UNIT – II : INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY**

Instrumentation and sample handling, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids and anhydrides. Effect of hydrogen bonding.

### **UNIT – III:ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY: FLAME AAS:** 15 Hrs

Principle, Instrumentation - Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization GF AAS: Principle and technique -Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

### **UNIT - IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY**

Principle, instrumentation, different methods of ionization, EI, CI, FD and FAB, Mass spectra-molecular ion, base peak, meta-stable peak, nitrogen rule and Mc Lafferty rearrangement. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds and common functional groups. Normal and branched alkanes, alkenes, cycloalkanes, benzene and its derivatives, alcohols and phenols, ethers, aldehydes and ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives, amines and nitro compounds. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

### 15 Hrs

# 15 Hrs

### **Books Suggested:**

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS .2.
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others 5th Ed, John Wiley 1991
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, PS Kalsi, Wiley, 1993
- 4. NMR in chemistry A Multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan 1986
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi TMH . 2005

CHE A	AC 306	Chr	omatog	raphic	Technic	ques	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Chroi	natogra	phic Teo	chnique	8			
Cours	e Objec	tives:											
• Fam	niliarize	with Cl	assificat	tion of C	Chromat	ographi	c metho	ds.					
• Und	lerstand	Demon	stration	experin	nent in T	ΓLC.							
• Stuc	ly on th	e applic	ations of	f High-I	Perform	ance Lic	juid Chi	omatog	raphy (l	HPLC).			
• Und	Understand the working principle of gas chromatography.												
Cours	<b>Course Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will able to												
<u>CO1</u>													
CO1	To kno	w the st	ationary	and mo	bile pha	ases in c	hromato	ographic	technic	ques.			
CO2	To fam	iliarize	applicati	ions of a	different	t chroma	atograph	nic meth	ods.				
CO3	To Und	lerstand	the prin	ciple of	chroma	atograph	ic techn	iques.					
<b>CO4</b>	To gair	n knowle	edge on	the norr	nal phas	se and re	everse p	hase.					
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	-	2	3	-	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	1	2	2	-	2		2	-	1	1	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	1	_	1	-	2	

### **CHE AC 306 : Chromatographic Techniques**

**Unit** –**I**: Introduction - Classification of Chromatographic methods – Column chromatography-Adsorption phenomenon: Nature of adsorbents-Solvent systems-Differential migration-Separation of mixture of o-/p-nitro anilines (A demonstration experiment).

**Unit** –**II:** Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC)-Coating materials and preparation of TLC plates-Solvents for development-Detection of compounds in TLC-  $R_f$  values in TLC-Applications of TLC in chemistry-Preparative TLC – Demonstration experiment in TLC.

**Unit** –**III:** High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Application of HPLC- HPLC instrument-Stationary phases in HPLC-Normal and reversed phase HPLC: A comparison- Normal phase HPLC: Principle-Retention times in Normal and reversed phase HPLC- Reversed phase HPLC: Principle.

**Unit** –**IV:** Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Instruments for Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Chromatographic Columns and the Stationary Phase- Application of Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Solid Chromatography.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Analytical chemistry: G L David Krupadanam, D. Vijaya prsad, K. Varaprasad Rao, KLN Reddy, C. Sudhakar.
- 2. Analytical chemistry: Skoog West Holler.
- 3. Modern Analytical Chemistry : David Harvey DePauw University.
- 4. J.G. Dick. Analytical Chemistry, Mc Grraw Hill, New Delhi, (1973).

CHE-I	EC-301		Ph	ysical (	Chemist	try III	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-r	equisite	Unders	standing	of grad	uate lev	el Physi	cal Che	mistry						
<ul><li>Lea</li><li>Ap</li><li>Far</li></ul>	<b>se Objec</b> arn appli plication miliarize	cations of X- with the	ray Diff	raction	and Elec	ctron Di	ffraction	n on soli	d state of	chemistr		Raman		
• Ge	ectroscop t knowle ory of po	edge on			hermody	namics	of pol	ymer di	ssolutio	on and	Flory-H	uggins		
Cours	<b>Se Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	To know the determination of Character Co-ordinate of C ₂ V point group based on 3N Coordinates and to learn the Mutual exclusion Principle.													
CO2	1													
CO3	To stud selectio		gid rotate and V						-	oscopy,	PQR br	anches,		
CO4	To stud	y the co		on heat o	of dissol	ution, re	egular so	olution t	heory, H		nd			
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	2	3	_	2	1	_	2	_	2	2		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2		1	2	2	1	1		
CO3	3	2	2 3 2 2 1 1 2											
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	2	2	2		

### CHE-EC-303B CORE-THEORY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY III

### **UNIT-I Applications of Group Theory**

Construction of reducible and irreducible representations, Determination of Character Co-ordinate of  $C_2V$  point group based on 3N Co-ordinates. Standard reduction formula, Determination of normal modes of vibrations of SO₂, NH₃, POCl₃, PtCl₄²⁻·H₂O₂ molecules. Mutual exclusion Principle, Direct Product, Accidental Degeneracy and Fermi resonance Group Theory and Spectroscopy: IR Spectral activity of NH₃ molecule, selection rules, symmetry Criteria for optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moments, symmetry and stereo isomerism. Prediction of IR and Raman Spectral activity of H₂O and CO₂.

### **UNIT-II: X-ray Diffraction:**

(A) Solid State Chemistry Dislocation of Solids, Schottky and Frenkeldefects, insulaters, a,d semiconductors, Band theory of solids, solid state reactions.

(**B**) Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern- structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities- structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density- Description of procedure for X-ray structure analysis (NaCl and KCl)

(C) Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity Vs scattering angle, Wierlequation, and its importance. Measurement techniques, Elucidation of structures of simple gas phase molecules, Low energy electron diffraction (LEED) for the study of surfaces.

### 15 Hrs

### **UNIT-III: SPECTROSCOPHY**

**Microwave spectroscopy:** classification of molecules, rigid rotator model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities- stark effect.

**Infrared spectroscopy:** Linear harmonic oscillator, zero point energy, anharmonity, Mores potential energy diagram, fundamental and overtone transitions, hot bands and combinations bands. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, PQR branches, selection rules, factors affecting the band positions and intensities for IR region. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, pure rotational, pure vibrational Raman spectroscopy, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman spectroscopy and coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy. Vibrational- rotational Raman spectroscopy.

### **UNIT-IV: POLYMER SOLUTIONS**

Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution, effect of molecular weight on solubility, solubility of crystalline and amorphous polymer, heat of dissolution, regular solution theory, Hildebrand solubility parameter, Flory-Huggins theory of polymer solutions, conformational entropy, osmotic pressure and viscosity of polymer solutions. Molecular weight determination by light scattering, ultra-centrifugation and sedimentation equilibrium method. Liquid Crystals- synthesis and applications

### **Books Suggested**

- 1. F.A. Cotton : Introduction to Group theory for chemists.
- 2. Geroge Davidson Elsevier : Introductory Group Theory for Chemists.
- 3. Gurdeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi&Vinod Jain : Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis M.H. Willard, Meritt Jr. and J.A. Dean
- 5. Principles of instrumental analysis Skoog and West
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.

### 15 Hrs

CHE-E	C 302		Orga		ctroscop cations	y and		L-5,T-	1,P-0	4	4Credit	S		
Pre-re	quisite	: Und	lerstandi	ing of C	Organic S	pectroso	copy a	nd Appl	ications					
Cou	rse Ob	jectiv	es:											
							and	visible	spectros	scopy, a	pplicati	ons of		
					molecule									
	lerstand orption	-	ectrome	etry and	l applicat	tions to	ascerta	ain the f	undamen	tal group	s by ob	serving		
• Stuc	ly on th	ne appl	lications	s of NM	IR spectr	oscopy	in asce	ertaining	the stere	eochemic	al struc	tures of		
the	ly on the applications of NMR spectroscopy in ascertaining the stereochemical structures of molecules.													
	lerstand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass													
-	ctrosco													
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1			rience to atic con			x values	s for di	ienes, en	ones, pol	lyenes, ai	romatic	and		
CO2						ands of	the m	olecules	with spe	cific fun	ctional	groups		
	1010			une des	orprion e	unus or		orecures	with spe		e i o i i o i i o i i o	Stoups		
CO3		-				-			ons pres		nolecule	e so as		
	to as	certain	the stru	icture of	f the mol	ecule ba	ased or	n the dat	a provide	ed				
CO4	To ac	quire	knowled	dge abo	ut specif	ic fragn	nentati	on rules	of diffe	rent mole	ecules v	which are		
	uniqu			-	-	-								
		Ι	Mappin	g of co	urse outo	comes w	vith th	e progr	am outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	-	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	2	1		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	1	2	2	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	2		

### **CHE-EC 302: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND APPLICATIONS**

### UNIT-I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY:

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fisher-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

### **UNIT – II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY**

Instrumentation and sample handling. Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance, FT-IR

### UNIT -III: NMR SPECTROSCOPY:

¹H NMR spectroscopy: Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and nonequivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic

### 15Hrs

15Hrs

protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, Signal integration, Spin-spin coupling: vicinal, germinal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

Applications of ¹H NMR spectroscopy: Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), E, Z isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve variation of coupling constant with dihedral angle. Simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE).

¹³C NMR spectroscopy: General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY.

### UNIT-IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

### 15Hrs

Introduction, ion production, type of ionization, EI, CI, FD, and FAB-factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular-ion peak, metastable peak, Mc. Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, isotope labeling. High resolution mass spectrometry, Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

### **Books suggested:**

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others, 5th Ed,John Wiley
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley, 1993.
- 4. NMR in chemistry-A multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan, 1986.
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi.

CHE I	EC 303	&	C	ore pra	ctical I:	:	L	-5,T-1,I	P-0	4	Credits	5			
	304		Enviro	imenta	l Chem	istry -									
				Pract	ical										
Pre-re	equisite	Unders	standing	of Env	ironmer	tal Che	mistry- l	Practica	l.						
Cours	<ul><li>Course Objectives:</li><li>Familiarize with water analysis</li></ul>														
•	Familia	rize with	h water a	analysis											
•	<ul> <li>Study of soil analysis.</li> <li>Know shout instrumentation and analysis of mintures by notentiametry.</li> </ul>														
•	Know a	Know about instrumentation and analysis of mixtures by potentiometry													
•	Identification of cations by flame photometry														
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able														
CO1	To get a	an idea a	bout wat	er analys	sis.										
CO2	To unde	erstand t	he basic	principle	s of soil	analysis									
CO3	To fam	iliarize w	vith instr	umentati	on of po	tentiome	tric techi	niques.							
CO4	To gain	knowled	dge on fl	ame pho	tometry	and its a	pplication	ns.							
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2		2	2	-	2			
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	-	2	2	2			
CO3	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	2	-	1	-	2			
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	2			

### CHE- EC-303: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-I

### WATER & SOIL ANALYSIS

### Water Analysis

- a. Alkalinity
- b. Acidity
- c. Temporary, Permanent and total hardness
- d. Sulphate
- e. Phosphorus
- f. Nitrites
- g. Cholorides
- h. D.O, BOD and COD
- i. Insecticides

### Soil Analysis:

Determination Of:

- a) pH
- **b**) Conductivity
- c) Ca
- d) Mg
- e) Heavy metals like Cr, Pb, Cd, Zn.

### CHE EC-304: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-II – INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

1) Potentiometry:

a)Mixture of Acids

- b)Mixture of Halides
- 2) Flame Photometry: Determination of Na, K, and Li.

CHE-E	C-305A	<b>\</b>	Orga	anic Ch	emistry	III	Ι	2-3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Orga	nic Che	emistry	•						
			Course (										
			e applie	cations	of diffe	rent rea	gents in	organi	c synth	esis, Mo	echanisr	ns and	
	eochemi	2											
			of prepa										
		topoci	ty, proc	hirality,	auxilla	ary and	reagen	t-contro	filed m	ethods	in asym	metric	
	hesis.	6 - 1:0	· · · · · · · ·		1		4 -	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	:41	1	
			ferent o	xidizing	g and re	eaucing	agents	in organ	nc synt	nesis w	ith regi	on and	
	eo controlled products. e Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to												
Cours	se Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to												
CO1	To fo	milioriz	e with	the ane	oifia fu	nationa	of the	raagant	nortic	ulorly /	liozomo	thong	
COI			inimide,										
			variety	0		•	l, 1,5-u	lunanes	and w		1 105111	in the	
CO2			ledge in				rent org	anomet	allic rea	orents a	nd also	stereo	
	0		cificity a	•						0		stereo	
CO3			d diaste									xillarv	
		olled rea			···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
CO4	To ac	quire kr	owledge	e about	the reas	gents w	hich cau	ses oxi	dation i	n variou	is comp	ounds	
			eagents										
	compo		U										
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	-	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	1	2	1	
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	2	-	1	1	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	-	2	2	-	

### CHE-EC-305A Core-Theory Organic Chemistry III

### **UNIT I: REAGENTS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS**

Use of the following reagents in organic synthesis: Anhydrous AlCl₃, Boran trifluoride, N-Bromosuccinimide, Diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, Lead tetraacetate, Zieglar-Natta catalysts, DDQ, Dithianes, Merrifield resin.

### **UNIT-II: ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENTS**

Synthesis and applications of Grignard reagents, Organolithium, Zinc, Copper, Mercury, Palladium and Rhodium compounds in Organic Synthesis, Homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation and hydroformylation reactions

### UNIT III: ASYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS

**Topocity - Prochirality**- Substrate selectivity - Diastereoselectivity and enantioselectivity-Substrate controlled methods-use of chiral substrates - examples

Auxiliary controlled methods-Use of chiral auxiliaries-Chiral enolates-alkylation of chiral imines – Stereoselective Diels-Alder reaction

**Reagent controlled methods**-Use of chiral reagents-Asymmetric oxidation-Sharpless epoxidation-Asymmetric reduction-Use of lithium aluminium hydride and borate reagents.

### 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

### **UNIT IV: METHODS OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS**

### 15 Hrs

i). Oxidations: (a) Alcohols to carbonyls-Chromium (iv) oxidants-Dimethylsulfoxide oxidation, periodate xidation, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation with manganese dioxide, oxidation with silver carbonate (b) Alkenes to epoxides-peroxide induced epoxidations. (c) Alkenes to diols-oxidation with potassium permanaganate, osmium tetraoxide, Prevost reaction (d) Ketones to esters-Bayer-Villiger oxidation (e) Oxidative bond cleavage-cleavage of alkenes by transition metals. (f) Oxidation of alkyl or alkenyl fragments-selenium dioxide and chromium trioxide oxidations.

**ii).** *Reductions* : Reduction with lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride, alkoxides, bismethoxy ethoxy aluminium hydride, Boran aluminium hydride and derivatives-catalytic,hydrogenationdissolving metal reductions, Non-Metallic reducing agents including enzymatic and microbial reductions.

### **Suggested Books**

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Name reactions and reagents in organic synthesis, B.P. Muway and M.G Ellord, John Wiley.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Principles of organometallic chemistry, P. Powell, ELBS.
- 9. Organo transition metal chemistry-Applications to organic synthesis, S.G. Davis, Pergmon.
- 10. Stereochemistry to Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.

CHE-E	C- 305		organic nermal 1				L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite	: Unders	standing	of Basi	c Inorga	anic Spe	ctroscop	by and T	Thermal	Method	s of An	alysis		
Cours	e Objec	ctives:												
		edge on	therma	l metho	ds of a	nalysis	and prin	nciples	and app	olication	s to inc	organic		
mater														
						~ 1	ctroscop	•						
	-	1	0		-		erfine co	1 0						
							s and ph			ctroscop	у.			
Cours	e Outco	Outcomes :At the end of the course, the student will be able												
CO1	To know about TG and DTA and applications of different scanning calorimetry.													
CO2	<b>O2</b> To gain knowledge on Doppler shift and chemical shift, basic principles and applications of													
	NQR	spectros	scopy.					-						
CO3							generacy	y, relaxa	tion pro	cesses,				
	instru	mentatio	on and a	pplication	ons of E	SR.								
<b>CO4</b>	To kno	w abou	t photoe	electric	effect a	nd Kooj	pmans t	heorem	and imp	part the	applica	tions of		
	X-ray a	and UV	photoel	ectron s	spectros	copy.								
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3		2	1		1	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	-		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	2	-	-	1	1	-	2	1		

CHE-EC- 301: Inorganic Spectroscopy and Thermal Methods of Analysis

### UNIT -I: THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Thermo gravimetry –Principle, Factors affecting the results, instrumentation. Application with special reference to  $CuSO_45H_2O$ ,  $CaC_2O_4$  2H₂O. Different thermal analysis – principle, instrumentation, difference between TG and DTA, applications with special reference to the clays and minerals.Different scanning calorimetry –principle, and applications to inorganic materials like chlorates and perchlorates, ammonium nitrate.

### UNIT -II: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY and NQR

**Mossbauer spectroscopy:** Basic principles, Recoil energy, Doppler shift, Chemical shift, Quadrapole effects, Magnetic effects. Instrumentation, spectral parameters and spectrum display.

Aapplication of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of  $Fe^{2+}$  and  $Fe^{3+}$  compounds, (2)  $Sn^{2+}$  and  $Sn^{4+}$  compounds.

**NQR spectroscopy:** Basic principles of NQR spectroscopy, quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant and applications.

### UNIT –III: ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

Basic Principles, Hyper fine splitting, Factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, Hamiltonian and spin densities. Zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, Relaxation process and line widths. Instrumentation and Applications. The EPR spectrum of bis(salicylidimine)-copper(II) complex, study of inorganic free radicals, biological applications of Electron Spin Resonance (Study of free radicals and Iron-sulfur proteins)

### 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

### UNIT -- IV: PHOTO ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY

Photoelectric effect, Koopmans's theorem, ionization energy.

**X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA):** Principle, Binding energies, Chemical shift, Applications of XPES to Qualitative analysis, to surface studies and structural analysis. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy- Principle, application of UPES in studying the molecular orbitals of  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  molecules. Block diagram of photoelectron spectrophotometer. Sources of radiation, detectors. Auger spectra – Principle, Applications of Auger spectra to surface studies and use of Auger spectra as a finger print tool.

### **Books Suggested**

- 1. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter: Inorganic Chemsitry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity (4th Ed.) (Addison-Wesley)
- 3. Gary Wulfsberg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 4. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemsitry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. R.L. Carlin: Magneto-chemsitry (Springer-Verlag)
- 7. R.L. Dutta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetochemsitry (Affiliate East-West).
- 8. K. Hussain Reddy Text book of Bioinorganic chemistry

CHE-F	EC- 306	A Sp	oectral '	Fechniq	lues		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits		
Pre-re	equisite	: Unders	standing	of Basi	c Spect	ral Tech	niques						
Cours	se Objec	ctives:			_		-						
• Fami	iliarize v	with the	instrum	entatior	n of UV	and vis	ible spe	ectrosco	py, appl	ications	of iden	tifying	
the st	tructures	s of the	molecul	es.									
	erstand 1	-	rometry	and ap	plicatio	ns to as	certain	the func	lamenta	l groups	s by obs	serving	
	rption ba												
•	y on the					-	-						
	Understand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass												
spectroscopy													
	Course Outcomes :At the end of the course, the student will be able												
CO1	To kno	w the ba	asic prir	ciples o	of spectr	oscopy							
CO2													
CO3	To Uno	derstand	the app	lication	s of AA	S.							
CO4	0	n knowl nal grou	0	bout Ma	ass spec	tral frag	mentati	on of or	ganic co	ompound	ds and c	ommon	
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	1	1	3	-	2	3	2	1	-	1	1	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	-	2	
CO3	3	2	-	2	2	-	2		1		1	-	
	3	2	2	3		2							

### CHE : EC : 306(A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) SPECTRAL TECHNIQUES

### **UNIT – I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY**

Various electronic transitions (185-800nm.), Beer-Lambert Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions , ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds

### **UNIT – II : INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY**

Instrumentation and sample handling, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids and anhydrides. Effect of hydrogen bonding.

### UNIT - III: ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY: FLAME AAS:

Principle, Instrumentation - Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences-Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization GF AAS: Principle and technique -Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

### **UNIT -IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY**

Principle, instrumentation, different methods of ionization, EI, CI, FD and FAB, Mass spectra-molecular ion, base peak, meta-stable peak, nitrogen rule and Mc Lafferty rearrangement. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds and common functional groups. Normal and branched alkanes, alkenes, cycloalkanes, benzene and its derivatives, alcohols and phenols, ethers, aldehydes and ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives, amines and nitro compounds. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

### 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

### 15 Hrs

### **Books Suggested:**

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W.Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS .2.
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others 5th Ed, John Wiley 1991
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, PS Kalsi, Wiley, 1993
- 4. NMR in chemistry A Multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan 1986
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi TMH . 2005

CHE E	C 306	B Cl	hromate	ographi	ic Techr	niques	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of Chro	omatogra	aphic Te	echnique	es				
Cours	e Objec	tives:										
					of Chron	0	phic me	ethods				
					eriment							
					gh-Perfo				itograph	iy (HPL	C)	
•	Underst	and the	working	, princip	le of ga	s chrom	atograp	hy.				
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able				
CO1	To kno	w the st	ationary	and mo	bile pha	ases in c	hromate	ographic	technic	ques.		
CO2	To fam	iliarize	applicat	ions of a	different	t chroma	atograph	nic meth	ods			
CO3	To Und	lerstand	the prin	ciple of	chroma	atograph	ic techn	iques				
CO4	To gain	ı knowle	edge on	the norr	nal phas	se and re	everse p	hase				
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	-	1	3	-	2	3	2	1	-	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2		1	-	2
CO3	3	2	-	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	1	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	2	-	1	-	2

### CHE : EC : 306(B): (OPEN ELECTIVE) CHROMATOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES

**Unit** –**I**: Introduction - Classification of Chromatographic methods – Column chromatography-Adsorption phenomenon: Nature of adsorbents-Solvent systems-Differential migration-Separation of mixture of o-/p-nitro anilines (A demonstration experiment).

**Unit** –**II:** Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC)-Coating materials and preparation of TLC plates-Solvents for development-Detection of compounds in TLC-  $R_f$  values in TLC-Applications of TLC in chemistry-Preparative TLC – Demonstration experiment in TLC.

**Unit** –**III:** High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Application of HPLC- HPLC instrument-Stationary phases in HPLC-Normal and reversed phase HPLC: A comparison- Normal phase HPLC: Principle-Retention times in Normal and reversed phase HPLC- Reversed phase HPLC: Principle.

**Unit** –**IV:** Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Instruments for Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Chromatographic Columns and the Stationary Phase- Application of Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Solid Chromatography.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Analytical chemistry: G L David Krupadanam, D.Vijaya prsad, K.Varaprasad Rao, KLN Reddy, C.Sudhakar.
- 2. Analytical chemistry: Skoog West Holler.
- 3. Modern Analytical Chemistry : David Harvey DePauw University.
- 4. J.G.Dick. Analytical Chemistry, McGrraw Hill, New Delhi, (1973).

CHE-I	C- 301		organic	-			L	5,T-1,P	<b>·-0</b>	4	Credits				
Pre-re	quisite	Unders	standing	of Basi	c Inorga	anic Spe	ctroscoj	by and T	Thermal	Method	ls of An	alysis			
Cours	e Objec	tives:													
mater	rials					nalysis			and app	olication	is to ind	organic			
						QR spec	-	•							
	-	the properties like g-factor, nuclear spin, hyperfine coupling constants the ESR instrumentation, various applications and photoelectron spectroscopy.													
										etroscop	y.				
						the stud									
<b>CO1</b>	To know about TG and DTA and applications of different scanning calorimetry.														
CO2	To ga	in know	ledge of	n Doppl	er shift	and cher	nical sh	ift, basi	c princi	ples and	applica	tions of			
	-	spectros	-						1	L					
CO3	To lea	rn zero		-		ner's deg ESR.	generacy	y, relaxa	tion pro	ocesses,					
<b>CO4</b>	To kno	w abou	t photoe	electric	effect a	nd Koop	omans t	heorem	and im	part the	applica	tions of			
			photoel							•					
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	-	1	-	2	2			
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	-			
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	1	-	2	-	2			
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	2	-	2	-	1	-	2	2			

### **CHE-IC- 301: INORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS**

### **UNIT -I: THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS**

Thermo gravimetry –Principle, Factors affecting the results, instrumentation. Application with special reference to  $CuSO_45H_2O$ ,  $CaC_2O_4 2H_2O$ . Different thermal analysis – principle, instrumentation, difference between TG and DTA, applications with special reference to the clays and minerals.Different scanning calorimetry –principle, and applications to inorganic materials like chlorates and perchlorates, ammonium nitrate.

### UNIT -II: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY and NQR

**Mossbauer spectroscopy:** Basic principles, Recoil energy, Doppler shift, Chemical shift, Quadrapole effects, Magnetic effects. Instrumentation, spectral parameters and spectrum display.

Aapplication of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of  $Fe^{2+}$  and  $Fe^{3+}$  compounds, (2)  $Sn^{2+}$  and  $Sn^{4+}$  compounds.

**NQR spectroscopy:** Basic principles of NQR spectroscopy, quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant and applications.

### UNIT -III: ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

Basic Principles, Hyper fine splitting, Factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, Hamiltonian and spin densities. Zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, Relaxation process and line widths. Instrumentation and Applications. The EPR spectrum of bis(salicylidimine)-copper(II) complex, study of inorganic free radicals, biological applications of

### 15 Hrs

### 15 Hrs

Electron Spin Resonance (Study of free radicals and Iron-sulfur proteins)

### UNIT -- IV: PHOTO ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY

15 Hrs

Photoelectric effect, Koopmans's theorem, ionization energy.

**X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA):** Principle, Binding energies, Chemical shift, Applications of XPES to Qualitative analysis, to surface studies and structural analysis. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy- Principle, application of UPES in studying the molecular orbitals of  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  molecules. Block diagram of photoelectron spectrophotometer. Sources of radiation, detectors. Auger spectra – Principle, Applications of Auger spectra to surface studies and use of Auger spectra as a finger print tool.

### **Books Suggested**

- 8. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 9. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter: Inorganic Chemsitry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity (4th Ed.) (Addison-Wesley)
- 10. Gary Wulfsberg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 11. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 12. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemsitry (McGraw-Hill)
- 13. R.L. Carlin: Magneto-chemsitry (Springer-Verlag)
- 14. R.L. Dutta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetochemsitry (Affiliate East-West).
- 8. K. Hussain Reddy Text book of Bioinorganic chemistry

CHE-I	C 302			ganic S plicatio	pectroso ons	copy an	d	L-5,T-1	1,P-0	4	<b>Credit</b>	S		
Pre-re	quisit	e: Und	_	_	Drganic S	pectros	copy ai	nd Appl	ications					
	_	bjectiv				1	17							
• Fan	niliariz	e with	the i	nstrume	entation	of UV	and /	visible	spectros	scopy, a	pplicati	ons of		
ider	entifying the structures of the molecules.													
	Understand IR spectrometry and applications to ascertain the fundamental groups by observing													
	sorption bands													
	ly on the applications of NMR spectroscopy in ascertaining the stereochemical structures of													
	nolecules.													
	erstand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass													
	ectroscopy													
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	To g	et expe	rience t	o calcul	ate λ ma	x value	s for di	enes. en	ones, pol	venes, a	romatic	and		
				npound				,	1	<b>,</b>				
CO2					orption b	ands of	the mo	olecules	with spe	cific fun	ctional g	groups		
<u> </u>	Tei		41	- 4 - 1:64		C					1 1 .			
CO3		-			erent typ	-			-		nolecule	e so as		
	to as	scertain	the stru	icture of	f the mol	ecule b	ased on	the dat	a provide	ed				
CO4	To a	cquire	knowle	dge abo	ut specif	ïc fragi	nentati	on rules	of differ	rent mole	ecules v	which are		
	uniq				_									
		Ν	Aappin	g of co	urse outo	comes v	with th	e progr	am outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	2	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	1		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2		2	2	2	2		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	_	2	2	-		

### **CHE-IC 302: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND APPLICATIONS**

### UNIT-I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY:

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fisher-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

### **UNIT – II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY**

Instrumentation and sample handling. Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance, FT-IR

### 15Hrs

### UNIT -III: NMR SPECTROSCOPY:

¹**H NMR spectroscopy:** Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and nonequivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, Signal integration, Spin-spin coupling: vicinal, germinal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

Applications of ¹H NMR spectroscopy: Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), E, Z isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve variation of coupling constant with dihedral angle. Simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE).

¹³C NMR spectroscopy: General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY.

### **UNIT-IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY**

Introduction, ion production, type of ionization, EI, CI, FD, and FAB-factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular-ion peak, metastable peak, Mc. Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, isotope labeling. High resolution mass spectrometry, Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

### **Books suggested:**

- 6. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS
- 7. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others, 5th Ed, John Wiley
- 8. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley, 1993.
- 9. NMR in chemistry-A multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan, 1986.
- 10. Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemm.

### 15Hrs

	IC 33 8 304	λ.		e practi ganic (			L	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5		
Pre-re	equisite	Under	standing	of Inor	ganic C	hemistry	/ - Pract	ical.						
• Gai	<ul> <li>Course Objectives:</li> <li>Gain knowledge on synthesis of inorganic complexes</li> <li>Estimation of metal ions by complex metric and colorimetric method.</li> </ul>													
Cours	e Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able.													
CO1	To know the basic principles of instrumental methods of analysis.													
CO2	To fam	iliarize	with the	analysi	s of org	anometa	allic con	nplex sa	lts.					
CO3	To Unc	lerstand	the con	nplexity	, theory	and wo	rking pr	inciple of	of colou	rimetry				
CO4	To gair	n knowl	edge on	analysis	s of orga	anic con	ponent	8						
	•	M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
<b>CO1</b>	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	2	-	1	1	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	-	2		
CO3	3	2	1	2	2		2	-	2	-	1	1		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3		2		1	2	1	-	2		

### CHE- IC -303: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-I

### Preparation of Inorganic complexes and characterization:

- a) Tris thiourea Zinc (II) Sulphate
- **b**) Tris thiourea Copper(I) Sulphate
- c) Hexamine nickel (II) Chloride
- d) Chloropentamanine cobalt (III) Chloride
- e) Cis potassium diaquodioxalato chromate (III)
- f) Tris (acetylacetonato) manganese (III)
- g) Mercury tetrakristhiocyanato cobaltate (II)
- h) Sodium trioxalato ferrate (III)
- i) Tetrammine Copper (II) Sulphate
- j) Potassium hexathiocyanato chromate (III) tetrahydrate

# CHE -IC -304 Core-Practical- PRACTICAL –II –Instrumental methods of analysis

### **Colorimetric determinations:**

- **k**) Determination of manganese
- **I**) Determination of nickel
- m) Determination of iron by 1,10 Pheren-thiroline
- **n**) Determination of chromium
- o) Determination of Phosphate
- **p**) Determination of Pesticides
- q) Determination of Nitrite.

CHE-I	C-305A		Orga	anic Ch	emistry	III	Ι	2-3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Orga	nic Che	emistry								
Cours	e Objec	tives: C	Course (	Objectiv	ves:									
			e applie	cations	of diffe	rent rea	gents ir	ı organi	c synth	esis, Mo	echanisr	ns and		
	ereochemistry.													
	Study the methods of preparation and applications of organometallic reagents.													
	Inderstand topocity, prochirality, auxillary and reagent-controlled methods in asymmetric													
-	nthesis.													
	plications of different oxidizing and reducing agents in organic synthesis with region and													
	ereo controlled products.													
	<b>e Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	To familiarize with the specific functions of the reagents particularly diazomethane,													
	N-bromosuccinimide, Ziegler Natta catalyst, 1,3-dithianes and Merrifield resin in the													
CO2	<ul><li>synthesis of a variety of complex molecules.</li><li>To gain knowledge in the synthesis of different organometallic reagents and also stereo</li></ul>													
02			cificity a									stereo		
CO3			d diaste									villary		
005		olled rea		1005010	cuvity,	stereose		y and s	uosuak	contro	neu au	XIIIdi y		
<b>CO4</b>			owledg	e about	the reas	gents w	hich cau	ises oxi	dation i	n variou	is comp	ounds		
			eagents											
	compo		U				1			2				
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcor	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	2	-	2	2		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	2	-	1		
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	2		

### CHE-IC-303A Core-Theory Organic Chemistry III

### **UNIT I: REAGENTS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS**

Use of the following reagents in organic synthesis: Anhydrous AlCl₃, Boran trifluoride, N-Bromosuccinimide, Diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, Lead tetraacetate, Zieglar-Natta catalysts, DDQ, Dithianes, Merrifield resin.

### **UNIT-II: ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENTS**

Synthesis and applications of Grignard reagents, Organolithium, Zinc, Copper, Mercury, Palladium and Rhodium compounds in Organic Synthesis, Homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation and hydroformylation reactions

### **UNIT III: ASYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS**

**Topocity - Prochirality**- Substrate selectivity - Diastereoselectivity and enantioselectivity-Substrate controlled methods-use of chiral substrates - examples

**Auxiliary controlled methods**-Use of chiral auxiliaries-Chiral enolates-alkylation of chiral imines – Stereoselective Diels-Alder reaction

**Reagent controlled methods**-Use of chiral reagents-Asymmetric oxidation-Sharpless epoxidation-Asymmetric reduction-Use of lithium aluminium hydride and borate reagents.

### 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

### **UNIT IV: METHODS OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS**

# i). Oxidations: (a) Alcohols to carbonyls-Chromium (iv) oxidants-Dimethylsulfoxide oxidation, periodate xidation, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation with manganese dioxide, oxidation with silver carbonate (b) Alkenes to epoxides-peroxide induced epoxidations. (c) Alkenes to diols-oxidation with potassium permanaganate, osmium tetraoxide, Prevost reaction (d) Ketones to esters-Bayer-Villiger oxidation (e) Oxidative bond cleavage-cleavage of alkenes by transition metals. (f) Oxidation of alkyl or alkenyl fragments-selenium dioxide and chromium trioxide oxidations.

**ii).** *Reductions* : Reduction with lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride, alkoxides, bismethoxy ethoxy aluminium hydride, Boran aluminium hydride and derivativescatalytic,hydrogenation-dissolving metal reductions, Non-Metallic reducing agents including enzymatic and microbial reductions.

### **Suggested Books**

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Name reactions and reagents in organic synthesis, B.P. Muway and M.G Ellord, John Wiley.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Principles of organometallic chemistry, P. Powell, ELBS.
- 9. Organo transition metal chemistry-Applications to organic synthesis, S.G. Davis, Pergmon.
- 10. Stereochemistry to Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.

CHE-I	C-305B		Ph	ysical (	Chemist	try III	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders	standing	of grad	uate lev	el Physi	cal Che	mistry						
	se Objec													
	<ul> <li>Learn applications of Group Theory, symmetry criteria and symmetry restrictions.</li> <li>Applications of X-ray Diffraction and Electron Diffraction on solid state chemistry.</li> </ul>													
	Familiarize with the applications of Microwave spectroscopy, infrared spectroscopy and Raman													
	Familiarize with the applications of Microwave spectroscopy, infrared spectroscopy and Raman spectroscopy.													
-	spectroscopy. Get knowledge on concept of Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution and Flory-Huggins													
	theory of polymer solutions.													
	<b>irse Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1														
	Coordinates and to learn the Mutual exclusion Principle.													
CO2														
	method								22	,	2			
CO3	To stud								-	oscopy,	PQR br	anches,		
~~~						ional Ra								
CO4	To stud	•	-				0				nd			
	solubili	ty paran	neter, co	oncept of	f Flory-	Huggins	s theory	of poly	mer solu	itions				
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
C01	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	_	1	_	2	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	-	2	-	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	-	2	2	1	2		

CHE-AC-303B CORE-THEORY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY III

UNIT-I Applications of Group Theory

Construction of reducible and irreducible representations, Determination of Character Co-ordinate of C_2V point group based on 3N Coordinates. Standard reduction formula, Determination of normal modes of vibrations of SO₂, NH₃, POCl₃, PtCl₄²⁻·H₂O₂ molecules. Mutual exclusion Principle, Direct Product, Accidental Degeneracy and Fermi resonance Group Theory and Spectroscopy: IR Spectral activity of NH₃ molecule, selection rules, symmetry Criteria for optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moments, symmetry and stereo isomerism. Prediction of IR and Raman Spectral activity of H₂O and CO₂.

UNIT-II: X-ray Diffraction:

(A) Solid State Chemistry Dislocation of Solids, Schottky and Frenkeldefects, insulaters, a,d semiconductors, Band theory of solids, solid state reactions.

(**B**) Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern- structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities- structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density- Description of procedure for X-ray structure analysis (NaCl and KCl)

(C) Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity Vs scattering angle, Wierlequation, and its importance. Measurement techniques, Elucidation of structures of simple gas phase molecules, Low energy electron diffraction (LEED) for the study of surfaces.

15 Hrs

UNIT-III: SPECTROSCOPHY

Microwave spectroscopy: classification of molecules, rigid rotator model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities- stark effect.

Infrared spectroscopy: Linear harmonic oscillator, zero point energy, anharmonity, Mores potential energy diagram, fundamental and overtone transitions, hot bands and combinations bands. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, PQR branches, selection rules, factors affecting the band positions and intensities for IR region. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, pure rotational, pure vibrational Raman spectroscopy, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman spectroscopy and coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy. Vibrational- rotational Raman spectroscopy.

UNIT-IV: POLYMER SOLUTIONS

Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution, effect of molecular weight on solubility, solubility of crystalline and amorphous polymer, heat of dissolution, regular solution theory, Hildebrand solubility parameter, Flory-Huggins theory of polymer solutions, conformational entropy, osmotic pressure and viscosity of polymer solutions. Molecular weight determination by light scattering, ultra-centrifugation and sedimentation equilibrium method. Liquid Crystals- synthesis and applications

Books Suggested

- 1. F.A. Cotton : Introduction to Group theory for chemists.
- 2. Geroge Davidson Elsevier : Introductory Group Theory for Chemists.
- 3. Gurdeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi&Vinod Jain : Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis M.H. Willard, Meritt Jr. and J.A. Dean
- 5. Principles of instrumental analysis Skoog and West
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.

15 Hrs

CHE	IC 306	A	Spectr	al Tech	niques		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5		
Pre-re	equisite	Unders	standing	of Spec	etral Tec	chniques								
		Object												
	• Familiarize with the instrumentation of UV and visible spectroscopy, applications of identifying the structures of the molecules.													
• (Understand IR spectrometry and applications to ascertain the fundamental groups by observing absorption bands. 													
	• Study on the applications of flame atomic absorption spectroscopy.													
	• Understand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass													
	spectroscopy.													
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able													
CO1	CO1 To know the basic principles of spectroscopy.													
CO2			e with echniqu		nalysis	of var	ious fu	nctional	l group	os by	using c	lifferent		
CO3	To Uno	derstand	the app	lication	s of AA	S.								
CO4				oout Ma	ss spect	ral fragi	nentatio	on of org	ganic co	mpound	ls and co	ommon		
	functio	nal grou	ips. apping (of cours		mos wi	th tha n	roarom	outcon	noc				
	201						-	-			D O 11	2010		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	1	1	3	1	2	3	2	1	-	1	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	2		
CO3	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	1	-		
CO4	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	1	-	1	-	2		

CHE : IC : 306(A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) SPECTRAL TECHNIQUES

UNIT – I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY

Various electronic transitions (185-800nm.), Beer-Lambert Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds

UNIT – II : INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

Instrumentation and sample handling, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids and anhydrides. Effect of hydrogen bonding.

UNIT - III: ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY: FLAME AAS:

Principle, Instrumentation - Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization GF AAS: Principle and technique -Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

UNIT -IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

15 Hrs

Principle, instrumentation, different methods of ionization, EI, CI, FD and FAB, Mass spectra-molecular ion, base peak, meta-stable peak, nitrogen rule and Mc Lafferty rearrangement. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds and common functional groups. Normal and branched alkanes, alkenes, cycloalkanes, benzene and its derivatives, alcohols and phenols, ethers, aldehydes and ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives , amines and nitro compounds. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

Books Suggested:

- 6. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS .2.
- 7. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others 5th Ed, John Wiley 1991
- 8. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, PS Kalsi, Wiley, 1993
- 9. NMR in chemistry A Multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan 1986
- 10. Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi TMH . 2005

CHE	IC 306]	B Chi	romatog	graphic	Techni	ques	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits		
Pre-re	equisite	Unders	standing	of grad	uate lev	el Chro	natogra	phic Te	chnique	S			
 Fan Und Stud Und 	 Course Objectives: Familiarize with Classification of Chromatographic methods. Understand Demonstration experiment in TLC. Study on the applications of High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC). Understand the working principle of gas chromatography. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to 												
CO1	To know the stationary and mobile phases in chromatographic techniques.												
CO2	To familiarize applications of different chromatographic methods.												
CO3	To Understand the principle of chromatographic techniques.												
CO4	To gair	n knowl	edge on	the norm	mal pha	se and r	everse p	hase.					
	1	M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	1	1	3	1	2	3	2	2	-	1	1	
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	-	2	
CO3	3	3 2 - 2 2 - 2 - 1 -											
CO4	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	2	2	

CHE IC 306 (B) : Chromatographic Techniques

Unit –**I:** Introduction - Classification of Chromatographic methods – Column chromatography-Adsorption phenomenon: Nature of adsorbents-Solvent systems-Differential migration-Separation of mixture of o-/p-nitro anilines (A demonstration experiment).

Unit –**II:** Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC)-Coating materials and preparation of TLC plates-Solvents for development-Detection of compounds in TLC- R_f values in TLC-Applications of TLC in chemistry-Preparative TLC – Demonstration experiment in TLC.

Unit –**III:** High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Application of HPLC- HPLC instrument-Stationary phases in HPLC-Normal and reversed phase HPLC: A comparison- Normal phase HPLC: Principle-Retention times in Normal and reversed phase HPLC- Reversed phase HPLC: Principle.

Unit –**IV:** Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Instruments for Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Chromatographic Columns and the Stationary Phase- Application of Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Solid Chromatography.

Reference Books:

- 5. Analytical chemistry: G L David Krupadanam, D. Vijaya prsad, K. Varaprasad Rao, KLN Reddy, C. Sudhakar.
- 6. . Analytical chemistry: Skoog West Holler.
- 7. Modern Analytical Chemistry : David Harvey DePauw University.
- 8. J.G. Dick. Analytical Chemistry, Mc Grraw Hill, New Delhi, (1973).

CHE-O	C-301		Orga	anic Ch	emistry	III	Ι	L-3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Orga	anic Che	emistry						
 Fam ster Stud Und synt App ster 	niliarize eochemi ly the m lerstand hesis. olication eo contr	with the istry. hethods topocifies s of dified pr	of prepa ty, proc fferent c oducts.	rations ration a hirality, oxidizing	of differ nd appli , auxilla g and re	cations ary and educing	of organ reagen agents	n organi nometall t-contro in organ	ic reage lled me	ents. ethods	in asyn	nmetric
Cours CO1	To fa N-bro	miliariz mosuce	e with	the spe Ziegle	cific fu r Natta	nctions catalys	of the	be able reagent ithianes	s partic			
CO2	To ga	in know	ledge in	n the sy	nthesis	of diffe		anometa organoi				stereo
CO3	To un		d diaste					y and s				xillary
CO4		so the r	eagents	that cau	ises sele	ective ar	nd comp	ises oxio lete red	uctions	to syntl		
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	3											
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	2	2

CHE-OC-301Core-Theory Organic Chemistry III

UNIT I: REAGENTS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Use of the following reagents in organic synthesis: Anhydrous AlCl₃, Boran trifluoride, N-Bromosuccinimide, Diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, Lead tetraacetate, Zieglar-Natta catalysts, DDQ, Dithianes, Merrifield resin.

UNIT-II: ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENTS

Synthesis and applications of Grignard reagents, Organolithium, Zinc, Copper, Mercury, Palladium and Rhodium compounds in Organic Synthesis, Homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation and hydroformylation reactions

UNIT III: ASYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS

Topocity - Prochirality- Substrate selectivity - Diastereoselectivity and enantioselectivity-Substrate controlled methods-use of chiral substrates - examples

Auxiliary controlled methods-Use of chiral auxiliaries-Chiral enolates-alkylation of chiral imines – Stereoselective Diels-Alder reaction

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

Reagent controlled methods-Use of chiral reagents-Asymmetric oxidation-Sharpless epoxidation-Asymmetric reduction-Use of lithium aluminium hydride and borate reagents.

UNIT IV: METHODS OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

15 Hrs

- i). Oxidations: (a) Alcohols to carbonyls-Chromium (iv) oxidants-Dimethylsulfoxide oxidation, periodate xidation, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation with manganese dioxide, oxidation with silver carbonate (b) Alkenes to epoxides-peroxide induced epoxidations. (c) Alkenes to diols-oxidation with potassium permanaganate, osmium tetraoxide, Prevost reaction (d) Ketones to esters-Bayer-Villiger oxidation (e) Oxidative bond cleavage-cleavage of alkenes by transition metals. (f) Oxidation of alkyl or alkenyl fragments-selenium dioxide and chromium trioxide oxidations.
- **ii**). *Reductions* : Reduction with lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride, alkoxides, bismethoxy ethoxy aluminium hydride, Boran aluminium hydride and derivatives-catalytic, hydrogenation-dissolving metal reductions, Non-Metallic reducing agents including enzymatic and microbial reductions.

Suggested Books

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Name reactions and reagents in organic synthesis, B.P. Muway and M.G Ellord, John Wiley.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Principles of organometallic chemistry, P. Powell, ELBS.
- 9. Organo transition metal chemistry-Applications to organic synthesis, S.G. Davis, Pergmon.
- 10. Stereochemistry to Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.

CHE-O	C 302	2	Or	ganic S	Spectroso	copy an	ıd	L-5,T-	1,P-0	4	4Credit	s		
			Ap	plicati	ons									
Pre-re	quisit	e: Und	lerstand	ing of C	Organic S	pectros	copy a	nd Appl	ications					
Cou	rse O	bjectiv	es:											
	Familiarize with the instrumentation of UV and visible spectroscopy, applications of identifying the structures of the molecules.													
	Inderstand IR spectrometry and applications to ascertain the fundamental groups by observing posorption bands													
	dy on the applications of NMR spectroscopy in ascertaining the stereochemical structures of													
the	molecules.													
	lerstand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass													
-	pectroscopy													
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1			rience t atic con		late λ ma s.	x value	s for di	enes, en	ones, pol	lyenes, a	romatic	and		
CO2	To fa	amiliari	ize with	the abs	orption b	ands of	f the m	olecules	with spe	cific fun	ctional	groups		
CO3		-			ferent typ	-			-		nolecule	e so as		
	to as	scertain	the stru	icture o	f the mol	ecule b	ased or	n the dat	a provide	ed				
CO4		-	knowle	dge abo	out specif	fic fragi	nentati	on rules	s of diffe	rent mol	ecules v	which are		
	unic		Mannin	g of oo	urse outo	omos I	with th	o progr	om outo	omos				
				-		comes v				omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	1	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	2	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	2	1		

CHE-IC 302: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND APPLICATIONS

UNIT-I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY:

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fisher-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

UNIT – II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

Instrumentation and sample handling. Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance, FT-IR

15Hrs

UNIT -III: NMR SPECTROSCOPY:

¹**H NMR spectroscopy:** Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and nonequivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, Signal integration, Spin-spin coupling: vicinal, germinal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

Applications of ¹H NMR spectroscopy: Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), E, Z isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve variation of coupling constant with dihedral angle. Simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE).

¹³C NMR spectroscopy: General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY.

UNIT-IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

Introduction, ion production, type of ionization, EI, CI, FD, and FAB-factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular-ion peak, metastable peak, Mc. Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, isotope labeling. High resolution mass spectrometry, Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

Books suggested:

- 11. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS
- 12. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others, 5th Ed, John Wiley
- 13. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley, 1993.
- 14. NMR in chemistry-A multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan, 1986.
- 15. Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemm.

15Hrs

	OC 303 304		Co rganic I	ore pra Estimat				5,T-1,P	2-0	4	Credit	5		
Pre-re	quisite:	Under	standing	of Orga	anic Che	emistry	- Practic	al.						
Cours	e Objec	tives:												
•	Estimatio	on of phe	enol, glu	cose, pri	mary am	ine and l	ketone							
	Estimatic	-	Ų	•	-	-								
	Multister			-	. –		-							
	Familiari					*								
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	lent will	be able						
CO1	CO1 To gain knowledge about the estimation/percent purity of different organic molecules.													
CO2	To get purity.	hands-	on-expe	rience	with the	e synthe	esis and	detern	nination	of con	centrati	ons and		
CO3	-	-	nowledg	ge in h	andling	g of to	xic che	micals	in mul	ti step	prepara	tion of		
CO4	To gain	experi	ence in t	he prop	osal of	syntheti	c routes	to func	tionalize	ed derivation	atives.			
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcor	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	-	2	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2		2	1	2	2	2		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	1	-	2	1	2	-	2		

CHE-OC-303 Core-Practical Organic Estimations PRACTICAL –I

- 1) Estimation of phenol
- 2) Estimation of glucose
- 3) Estimation of primary amine
- 4) Estimation of ketone
- 5) Estimation of percentage purity of aspirin
- 6) Estimation of percentage purity of paracetamol.

CHE-OC-304 Core-Practical Multistep preparations PRACTICAL –II

- 1) Preparation of benzilic acid
- 2) Preparation of benzanilide
- 3) Preparation of o-chlorobenzoic acid
- 4) Preparation of symmetric tribromobenzene

	-OC- 5 A		organic hermal [-			L	-5,T-1,P	2-0	4	Credits				
Pre-re	quisite	Unders	standing	of Basi	c Inorga	anic Spe	ctrosco	py and 7	Thermal	Method	ls of An	alysis			
Cours	e Objec	tives:													
i	inorgani	c mater	ials.					and priors	inciples	and a	pplicatio	ons to			
•	Learn th	amiliarize with basics of Mossbauer and NQR spectroscopy. earn the properties like g-factor, nuclear spin, hyperfine coupling constants sudy the ESR instrumentation, various applications and photoelectron spectroscopy. Outcomes : At the end of the course, the student will be able													
Cours	e Outco	omes : A	At the en	d of the	course,	, the stuc	lent wil	ll be able	2						
CO1	To kn	To know the basic principles of instrumental methods of analysis.													
CO2	To ga	in know	ledge o	n chemi	stry of a	alloys.									
CO3	To U	nderstar	d the co	mplexit	y, theor	y and w	orking	principle	e of cold	ourimetr	У				
CO4	To fa	miliariz	e with la	ws of c	olorime	tric titra	tions.								
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	th the p	orogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	1	-	3	2	2	3	2	1	-	1	-			
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	2			
CO3	3	1	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	1	-			
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	_	2			

CHE-OC- 305 A: Inorganic Spectroscopy and Thermal Methods of Analysis

UNIT -I: THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Thermo gravimetry –Principle, Factors affecting the results, instrumentation. Application with special reference to $CuSO_45H_2O$, $CaC_2O_4 2H_2O$. Different thermal analysis – principle, instrumentation, difference between TG and DTA, applications with special reference to the clays and minerals.Different scanning calorimetry –principle, and applications to inorganic materials like chlorates and perchlorates, ammonium nitrate.

UNIT -II: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY and NQR

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Basic principles, Recoil energy, Doppler shift, Chemical shift, Quadrapole effects, Magnetic effects. Instrumentation, spectral parameters and spectrum display.

Aapplication of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of Fe^{2+} and Fe^{3+} compounds, (2) Sn^{2+} and Sn^{4+} compounds.

NQR spectroscopy: Basic principles of NQR spectroscopy, quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant and applications.

UNIT –III: ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

Basic Principles, Hyper fine splitting, Factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, Hamiltonian and spin densities. Zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, Relaxation process and line widths. Instrumentation and Applications. The EPR spectrum of bis(salicylidimine)-copper(II) complex, study of inorganic free radicals, biological applications of Electron Spin Resonance (Study of free radicals and Iron-sulfur proteins)

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

UNIT -- IV: PHOTO ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY

Photoelectric effect, Koopmans's theorem, ionization energy.

X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA): Principle, Binding energies, Chemical shift, Applications of XPES to Qualitative analysis, to surface studies and structural analysis. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy- Principle, application of UPES in studying the molecular orbitals of O_2 and N_2 molecules. Block diagram of photoelectron spectrophotometer. Sources of radiation, detectors. Auger spectra – Principle, Applications of Auger spectra to surface studies and use of Auger spectra as a finger print tool.

- 1. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter: Inorganic Chemsitry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity (4th Ed.) (Addison-Wesley)
- 3. Gary Wulfsberg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 4. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemsitry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. R.L. Carlin: Magneto-chemsitry (Springer-Verlag)
- 7. R.L. Dutta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetochemsitry (Affiliate East-West).
- 8. K. Hussain Reddy Text book of Bioinorganic chemistry

CHE-	OC- 305	B	Ph	ysical (Chemist	ry III	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	;		
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders	standing	of grad	uate lev	el Physi	cal Che	mistry						
Cour	se Objec	tives:												
• Lea	arn applie	cations	of Group	p Theor	y, symm	etry crit	teria and	l symme	etry rest	rictions.				
-	plication		•											
• Fai	miliarize	with the	e applica	ations of	f Microv	wave sp	ectrosco	opy, infr	ared spe	ectrosco	py and I	Raman		
1	ectroscop	•												
	t knowle	-	-		nermody	vnamics	of pol	ymer di	ssolutic	on and	Flory-H	uggins		
	theory of polymer solutions.													
Cour	ourse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1														
	Coordinates and to learn the Mutual exclusion Principle.													
CO2	To learn	n the Br	agg con	ditions-l	Miller In	ndices- l	Laue me	ethod, B	ragg me	ethod, D	ebye Sc	herrer		
	method		•		•									
CO3	To stud		-						-	oscopy,	PQR br	anches,		
			and V				-		**					
CO4	To stud		-				0				nd			
	solubili	ty paran	neter, co	oncept of	f Flory-	Huggins	theory	of poly	mer solu	itions				
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	1	-	2	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	2	1	-		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2		2	-	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	1	2	2	2		

CHE-OC-305B CORE-THEORY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY III

UNIT-I Applications of Group Theory

Construction of reducible and irreducible representations, Determination of Character Co-ordinate of C_2V point group based on 3N Coordinates. Standard reduction formula, Determination of normal modes of vibrations of SO₂, NH₃, POCl₃, PtCl₄²⁻, H₂O₂ molecules. Mutual exclusion Principle, Direct Product, Accidental Degeneracy and Fermi resonance Group Theory and Spectroscopy: IR Spectral activity of NH₃ molecule, selection rules, symmetry Criteria for optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moments, symmetry and stereo isomerism. Prediction of IR and Raman Spectral activity of H₂O and CO₂.

UNIT-II: X-ray Diffraction:

(A) Solid State Chemistry Dislocation of Solids, Schottky and Frenkeldefects, insulaters, a,d semiconductors, Band theory of solids, solid state reactions.

(**B**) Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern- structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities- structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density- Description of procedure for X-ray structure analysis (NaCl and KCl)

(C) Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity Vs scattering angle, Wierlequation, and its importance. Measurement techniques, Elucidation of structures of simple gas phase molecules, Low energy electron diffraction (LEED) for the study of surfaces.

15 Hrs

UNIT-III: SPECTROSCOPHY

Microwave spectroscopy: classification of molecules, rigid rotator model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities- stark effect.

Infrared spectroscopy: Linear harmonic oscillator, zero point energy, anharmonity, Mores potential energy diagram, fundamental and overtone transitions, hot bands and combinations bands. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, PQR branches, selection rules, factors affecting the band positions and intensities for IR region. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, pure rotational, pure vibrational Raman spectroscopy, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman spectroscopy and coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy. Vibrational- rotational Raman spectroscopy.

UNIT-IV: POLYMER SOLUTIONS

Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution, effect of molecular weight on solubility, solubility of crystalline and amorphous polymer, heat of dissolution, regular solution theory, Hildebrand solubility parameter, Flory-Huggins theory of polymer solutions, conformational entropy, osmotic pressure and viscosity of polymer solutions. Molecular weight determination by light scattering, ultra-centrifugation and sedimentation equilibrium method. Liquid Crystals- synthesis and applications

Books Suggested

- 1. F.A. Cotton : Introduction to Group theory for chemists.
- 2. Geroge Davidson Elsevier : Introductory Group Theory for Chemists.
- 3. Gurdeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi&Vinod Jain : Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis M.H. Willard, Meritt Jr. and J.A. Dean
- 5. Principles of instrumental analysis Skoog and West
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.

15 Hrs

	OC 30	5	Spectr	al Tech	niques		L	•5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5
	A) misito:	Under	standing	of Spec	tral Tac	chniques						
				of spec		liniques						
		Object										
			h the i tructure			of UV les.	and v	isible s	pectrosc	copy, aj	pplicatio	ons of
			spectro ption ba		and app	olication	s to as	certain	the fur	ndament	al grou	ps by
• S	tudy on	the app	olication	s of flar	ne atom	nic absor	ption sp	pectrosc	opy.			
	Indersta		working	princip	le and f	ragment	ation ru	les of di	fferent	molecul	es in Ma	ass
-		10	1	1 6 4		.1 . 1	11	1.1				
Course	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	able				
CO1	To kno	w the b	asic prir	ciples o	of spectr	oscopy.						
			e with techniqu		nalysis	of vari	ious fu	inctiona	l group	os by	using o	different
001			the app		s of AA	S.						
	-	ı knowl nal grou	-	bout Ma	ss spect	tral fragi	nentatio	on of org	ganic co	mpound	ls and co	ommon
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
I	201	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	1	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	-	2
CO3	3	2	-	2	2	2	2	-	2	-	1	-
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	2	1	1	1	2

CHE : OC : 306 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) SPECTRAL TECHNIQUES

UNIT – I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY

Various electronic transitions (185-800nm.), Beer-Lambert Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds

UNIT - II : INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

Instrumentation and sample handling, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids and anhydrides. Effect of hydrogen bonding.

UNIT – III:ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY: FLAME AAS: 15 Hrs

Principle, Instrumentation – Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization GF AAS: Principle and technique –Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

15 Hrs

UNIT -IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

15 Hrs

Principle, instrumentation, different methods of ionization, EI, CI, FD and FAB, Mass spectra-molecular ion, base peak, meta-stable peak, nitrogen rule and Mc Lafferty rearrangement. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds and common functional groups. Normal and branched alkanes, alkenes, cycloalkanes, benzene and its derivatives, alcohols and phenols, ethers, aldehydes and ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives , amines and nitro compounds. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W.Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS .2.
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others 5th Ed, John Wiley 1991
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, PS Kalsi, Wiley, 1993
- 4. NMR in chemistry A Multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan 1986
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi TMH . 2005

	E OC (B)	Chr	omatog	raphic	Technie	ques	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits				
	equisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Chror	natograj	phic Tec	chnique	s					
FamUncStud	e Objec niliarize lerstand dy on the lerstand	with Cl Demon e applic	stration ations of	experin f High-l	nent in T Perform	TLC. ance Lic	luid Chi		raphy (l	HPLC).					
		Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to													
CO1	To kno	To know the stationary and mobile phases in chromatographic techniques.													
CO2	To fam	To familiarize applications of different chromatographic methods.													
CO3	To Und	lerstand	the prin	ciple of	chroma	atograph	ic techn	iques.							
CO4	To gain	knowle	edge on	the nori	nal phas	se and re	everse p	hase.							
	-	Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2			
CO1	3	1	-	3	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	-			
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2			
CO3	3	2	-	2	2	-	2	-	2	-	1	-			
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	1	-	1	1	2			

CHE OC 306 (B) : Chromatographic Techniques

Unit –**I:** Introduction - Classification of Chromatographic methods – Column chromatography-Adsorption phenomenon: Nature of adsorbents-Solvent systems-Differential migration-Separation of mixture of o-/p-nitro anilines (A demonstration experiment).

Unit –**II:** Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC)-Coating materials and preparation of TLC plates-Solvents for development-Detection of compounds in TLC- R_f values in TLC-Applications of TLC in chemistry-Preparative TLC – Demonstration experiment in TLC.

Unit –**III:** High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Application of HPLC- HPLC instrument-Stationary phases in HPLC-Normal and reversed phase HPLC: A comparison- Normal phase HPLC: Principle-Retention times in Normal and reversed phase HPLC- Reversed phase HPLC: Principle.

Unit –**IV:** Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Instruments for Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Chromatographic Columns and the Stationary Phase- Application of Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Solid Chromatography.

Reference Books:

- 1. Analytical chemistry: G L David Krupadanam, D. Vijaya prsad, K. Varaprasad Rao, KLN Reddy, C. Sudhakar.
- 2. Analytical chemistry: Skoog West Holler.
- 3. Modern Analytical Chemistry : David Harvey DePauw University.
- 4. J.G. Dick. Analytical Chemistry, Mc Grraw Hill, New Delhi, (1973).

CHE-P	PC-301		Ph	ysical (Chemist	ry III	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-re	equisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Physi	cal Che	mistry						
	se Objec													
	arn applio													
	plication niliarize		•									Raman		
	ctroscop		- appile			and sp		·p <i>j</i> ,	area sp		PJ 4110 -			
	t knowle	-	-		nermody	namics	of pol	ymer di	issolutio	on and 1	Flory-H	uggins		
	eory of polymer solutions. rse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
	rse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1														
CO2	Coordinates and to learn the Mutual exclusion Principle.To learn the Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer													
02	method		00					, mou, D	ragg nic	uiou, D	coye se	nerrer		
CO3	To stud		•		•	•		-rotatio	n spectr	oscopy,	PQR br	anches,		
	selection													
CO4	To stud		-				0				nd			
	solubilit	y paran	neter, co	oncept of	f Flory-	Huggins	theory	of poly	mer solu	itions				
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	1	1	-	2	2		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	-	1		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	1	2	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	-	2	2	-	2		

CHE-PC-301 CORE-THEORY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY III

UNIT-I Applications of Group Theory

Construction of reducible and irreducible representations, Determination of Character Co-ordinate of C_2V point group based on 3N Coordinates. Standard reduction formula, Determination of normal modes of vibrations of SO₂, NH₃, POCl₃, PtCl₄²⁻ H₂O₂ molecules. Mutual exclusion Principle, Direct Product, Accidental Degeneracy and Fermi resonance Group Theory and Spectroscopy: IR Spectral activity of NH₃ molecule, selection rules, symmetry Criteria for optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moments, symmetry and stereo isomerism. Prediction of IR and Raman Spectral activity of H₂O and CO₂.

UNIT-II: X-ray Diffraction:

(A) Solid State Chemistry Dislocation of Solids, Schottky and Frenkeldefects, insulaters, a,d semiconductors, Band theory of solids, solid state reactions.

(**B**) Bragg conditions-Miller Indices- Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern- structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities- structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density- Description of procedure for X-ray structure analysis (NaCl and KCl).

(C) Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity Vs scattering angle, Wierlequation, and its importance. Measurement techniques, Elucidation of structures of simple gas phase molecules, Low energy electron diffraction (LEED) for the study of surfaces.

15 Hrs

UNIT-III: SPECTROSCOPHY

Microwave spectroscopy: classification of molecules, rigid rotator model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities- stark effect.

Infrared spectroscopy: Linear harmonic oscillator, zero point energy, anharmonity, Mores potential energy diagram, fundamental and overtone transitions, hot bands and combinations bands. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, PQR branches, selection rules, factors affecting the band positions and intensities for IR region. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, pure rotational, pure vibrational Raman spectroscopy, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman spectroscopy and coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy. Vibrational- rotational Raman spectroscopy.

UNIT-IV: POLYMER SOLUTIONS

Thermodynamics of polymer dissolution, effect of molecular weight on solubility, solubility of crystalline and amorphous polymer, heat of dissolution, regular solution theory, Hildebrand solubility parameter, Flory-Huggins theory of polymer solutions, conformational entropy, osmotic pressure and viscosity of polymer solutions. Molecular weight determination by light scattering, ultra-centrifugation and sedimentation equilibrium method. Liquid Crystals- synthesis and applications

Books Suggested

- 8. F.A. Cotton : Introduction to Group theory for chemists.
- 9. Geroge Davidson Elsevier : Introductory Group Theory for Chemists.
- 10. Gurdeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi&Vinod Jain : Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry
- 11. Instrumental methods of analysis M.H. Willard, Meritt Jr. and J.A. Dean
- 12. Principles of instrumental analysis Skoog and West
- 13. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 14. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.

15 Hrs

CHE-	PC 30	2	0	0	Spectros pplicatio		nd	L-5,T-1	l,P-0	2	4Credit	8		
Pre-re	quisite	: Und	erstandi	ng of C	rganic S	pectros	copy an	d Appl	ications					
 Familden Undiabso Studithen Undispective 	niliarize atifying lerstane orption ly on the molecu lerstane ctrosco	the str d IR sp bands he appl iles. d the v py	the in ructures ectrome ications working	of the r etry and of NM	nolecules applicat R spectro ple and	s. ions to oscopy fragme	ascertai in ascer ntation	in the furtaining rules	the stere	scopy, a tal group eochemic ent mole	es by ob	serving tures of		
CO1	 D1 To get experience to calculate λ max values for dienes, enones, polyenes, aromatic and heteroaromatic compounds. 													
CO2				-		ands of	the mo	lecules	with spe	cific fun	ctional g	groups		
CO3		-			erent typ f the mol	-			-	ent in a n ed	nolecule	e so as		
CO4	To a uniq	-	knowled	lge abo	ut specif	ïc fragr	nentatio	on rules	of diffe	rent mole	ecules v	which are		
		N	Aappin	g of co	irse outo	comes v	vith the	e progra	am outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	-	2	2	-		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	2		
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	-	2	2	2		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	2		

CHE-PC 302: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY AND APPLICATIONS

UNIT-I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY:

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fisher-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

UNIT – II: INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

Instrumentation and sample handling. Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance, FT-IR

15Hrs

UNIT -III: NMR SPECTROSCOPY:

¹**H NMR spectroscopy:** Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and nonequivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, Signal integration, Spin-spin coupling: vicinal, germinal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

Applications of ¹H NMR spectroscopy: Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), E, Z isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve variation of coupling constant with dihedral angle. Simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE).

¹³C NMR spectroscopy: General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY.

UNIT-IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

Introduction, ion production, type of ionization, EI, CI, FD, and FAB-factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular-ion peak, metastable peak, Mc. Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, isotope labeling. High resolution mass spectrometry, Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

Books suggested:

- 1. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS
- 2. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others, 5th Ed, John Wiley
- 3. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley, 1993.
- 4. NMR in chemistry-A multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan, 1986.
- 5. Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi

15Hrs

CHE I	PC 303	&	С	ore pra	ctical I:		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits				
	304	Phy	ysical C	hemistr	y-pract	icals I &	z								
				II											
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Inorg	ganic Cł	nemistry	- Pract	ical.							
Course	e Objec	ives:													
			kinetics	of diffe	rent read	ctions									
			to deterr												
• Fam	iliarize	with co	nducton	netric tit	rations	of mixtu	res								
Colo	orometri	c estim	ation of	differen	nt molec	ules.									
Course	e Outco	Dutcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To stu	To study chemical kinetics of homogeneous solutions To gain knowledge on the determination of different cations by flame photometry													
CO2	To gai	n know	ledge of	n the de	terminat	tion of di	fferent	cations	by flam	e photo	metry				
CO3	To un	derstan	d the pri	nciple a	nd work	king aspe	cts of c	conducto	ometric	titration	s				
CO4	To acc	juire kr	nowledg	e on the	implem	entation	of cold	orometri	c estima	ations.					
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	-	2	-	1	2	-	2			
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	-	2	-	2	2	2			
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	2	1	-	2	-	2	2			
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	2	-	2	2	2			

CHE-PC-303: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-I

1. Chemical Kinetics:

- a) Study of the kinetics of halogenations of acetone.
- b) Determination of activation energy of reaction between iodide and Persulphate
- c) Determination rate constant of oxidation of iodide ion by persulphate ion and study the effect of neutral salt (KCl) on this reaction.

2. Flame Photometry:

- a) Determination of Na
- b) Determination of K
- c) Determination of Cu

CHE- PC-304: Core-Practical PRACTICAL-II

- 1. <u>Conductometry:</u>
 - a) Titration of mixture of halides
 - b) Titration of mixture of HCl+HOAC
 - c) Saponification of an ester
- 2. Colorimetry:
 - a) Estimation of Manganese
 - b) Estimation of Iron
 - c) Estimation of Phosphate
 - d) Titration of copper Vs EDTA

					(Mand	latory Co	ore)					
CHE P	C 305 A	\	Orga	anic Ch	emistry	III	Ι	3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Orga	anic Che	emistry						
	•		Course (•								
			e applie	cations	of diffe	rent rea	gents in	ı organi	c synth	esis, M	echanisı	ns and
	eochemi	-	- f	nation o		antinua	. f					
			of prepa ty, proc								in asvn	metric
	hesis.	topoer	ty, proc	inn antry,		ary and	reagen	t-contro	incu inv	cillous	in asyn	metre
		s of dif	ferent o	xidizing	g and re	educing	agents	in orgai	nic synt	hesis w	ith regi	on and
		olled pr				U	U	0	5		υ	
Course	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	To fa	miliariz	e with	the spe	cific fu	nctions	of the	reagent	s partic	ularly d	liazome	thane,
			inimide,									
			variety									
CO2			ledge in									stereo
<u> </u>			cificity a									.11
CO3		iderstan	d diaste	reosele	ctivity,	stereose	electivity	y and s	ubstrate	contro	fied au	xillary
CO4			owledg	e about	the read	oents w	hich car	ises oxi	dation i	n varior	is comr	ounds
004			eagents									
	compo		U				1			5		
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	_	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	-	2	-
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	2	1

CHE-PC-305A Core-Theory Organic Chemistry III UNIT I: REAGENTS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Use of the following reagents in organic synthesis: Anhydrous AlCl₃, Boran trifluoride, N-Bromosuccinimide, Diazomethane, Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, Lead tetraacetate, Zieglar-Natta catalysts, DDQ, Dithianes, Merrifield resin.

UNIT-II: ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENTS

Synthesis and applications of Grignard reagents, Organolithium, Zinc, Copper, Mercury, Palladium and Rhodium compounds in Organic Synthesis, Homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation and hydroformylation reactions

UNIT III: ASYMMETRIC SYNTHESIS

Topocity - Prochirality- Substrate selectivity - Diastereoselectivity and enantioselectivity-Substrate controlled methods-use of chiral substrates - examples

Auxiliary controlled methods-Use of chiral auxiliaries-Chiral enolates-alkylation of chiral imines – Stereoselective Diels-Alder reaction

Reagent controlled methods-Use of chiral reagents-Asymmetric oxidation-Sharpless epoxidation-Asymmetric reduction-Use of lithium aluminium hydride and borate reagents.

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

UNIT IV: METHODS OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

15 Hrs

i). Oxidations: (a) Alcohols to carbonyls-Chromium (iv) oxidants-Dimethylsulfoxide oxidation, periodate xidation, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation with manganese dioxide, oxidation with silver carbonate (b) Alkenes to epoxides-peroxide induced epoxidations. (c) Alkenes to diols-oxidation with potassium permanaganate, osmium tetraoxide, Prevost reaction (d) Ketones to esters-Bayer-Villiger oxidation (e) Oxidative bond cleavage-cleavage of alkenes by transition metals. (f) Oxidation of alkyl or alkenyl fragments-selenium dioxide and chromium trioxide oxidations.

ii). *Reductions* : Reduction with lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride, alkoxides, bismethoxy ethoxy aluminium hydride, Boran aluminium hydride and derivatives-catalytic,hydrogenationdissolving metal reductions, Non-Metallic reducing agents including enzymatic and microbial reductions.

Suggested Books

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- 3. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, R.T Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Name reactions and reagents in organic synthesis, B.P. Muway and M.G Ellord, John Wiley.
- 6. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Principles of organometallic chemistry, P. Powell, ELBS.
- 9. Organo transition metal chemistry-Applications to organic synthesis, S.G. Davis, Pergmon.
- 10. Stereochemistry to Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry, P.S. Kalsi, Wiley Eastern.

CHE-P	C- 305		organic hermal	-			L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits				
Pre-re	quisite	: Unders	standing	of Basi	c Inorga	anic Spe	ctroscop	by and T	Thermal	Method	s of An	alysis			
 Gain mater Fami Learr 	rials liarize v h the pro	edge on with basic operties	ics of M like g-fa	ossbaue actor, nu	er and N Iclear sp	nalysis QR spec pin, hype	ctroscop erfine co	y. oupling o	constant	S		organic			
						lications				ctroscop	у.				
CO1		Outcomes :At the end of the course, the student will be able To know about TG and DTA and applications of different scanning calorimetry. To gain knowledge on Doppler shift and chemical shift basic principles and applications													
CO2	-	To gain knowledge on Doppler shift and chemical shift, basic principles and applications of NQR spectroscopy.													
CO3		of NQR spectroscopy. To learn zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, relaxation processes, instrumentation and applications of ESR.													
CO4			ut photo V photoe			and Koo	pmans (theorem	and im	part the	applica	tions of			
	1	M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
C01	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	1	-	1	2	1			
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	-			
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	1	2	-	1			
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	2	-	2	1			

CHE-PC- 304: Inorganic Spectroscopy and Thermal Methods of Analysis

UNIT -I: THERMAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Thermo gravimetry –Principle, Factors affecting the results, instrumentation. Application with special reference to $CuSO_45H_2O$, $CaC_2O_42H_2O$. Different thermal analysis – principle, instrumentation, difference between TG and DTA, applications with special reference to the clays and minerals.Different scanning calorimetry –principle, and applications to inorganic materials like chlorates and perchlorates, ammonium nitrate.

UNIT –II: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY and NQR

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Basic principles, Recoil energy, Doppler shift, Chemical shift, Quadrapole effects, Magnetic effects. Instrumentation, spectral parameters and spectrum display.

Aapplication of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of Fe^{2+} and Fe^{3+} compounds, (2) Sn^{2+} and Sn^{4+} compounds.

NQR spectroscopy: Basic principles of NQR spectroscopy, quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant and applications.

UNIT –III: ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

Basic Principles, Hyper fine splitting, Factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, Hamiltonian and spin densities. Zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy,

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

Relaxation process and line widths. Instrumentation and Applications. The EPR spectrum of bis(salicylidimine)-copper(II) complex, study of inorganic free radicals, biological applications of Electron Spin Resonance (Study of free radicals and Iron-sulfur proteins)

UNIT -- IV: PHOTO ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY

15 Hrs

Photoelectric effect, Koopmans's theorem, ionization energy.

X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA): Principle, Binding energies, Chemical shift, Applications of XPES to Qualitative analysis, to surface studies and structural analysis. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy- Principle, application of UPES in studying the molecular orbitals of O_2 and N_2 molecules. Block diagram of photoelectron spectrophotometer. Sources of radiation, detectors. Auger spectra – Principle, Applications of Auger spectra to surface studies and use of Auger spectra as a finger print tool.

- 1. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter: Inorganic Chemsitry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity (4th Ed.) (Addison-Wesley)
- 3. Gary Wulfsberg: Inorganic Chemistry (5th Ed. (Viva Books)
- 4. J.D. Lee: Concise Inorganic Chemistry (Blackwell)
- 5. W.L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemsitry (McGraw-Hill)
- 6. R.L. Carlin: Magneto-chemsitry (Springer-Verlag)
- 7. R.L. Dutta and A. Syamal: Elements of Magnetochemsitry (Affiliate East-West).
- 8. K. Hussain Reddy Text book of Bioinorganic chemistry

CHE	PC 306		Spectr	al Tech	niques		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
	Α													
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of Spec	tral Tec	hniques								
(Course	Objecti	ives:											
	amiliari dentifyir						and v	isible s _j	pectrosc	copy, ap	plicatio	ons of		
	Understa bserving		-	•	ind app	lications	s to as	certain	the fur	dament	al grou	ps by		
• S	tudy on	the app	olication	s of flar	ne atom	ic absor	ption sp	ectrosco	opy.					
	Understand the working principle and fragmentation rules of different molecules in Mass spectroscopy.													
S	spectroscopy.													
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able													
CO1	CO1 To know the basic principles of spectroscopy.													
CO2														
CO3	To Und	•	•		s of AA	S.								
CO4	To gain functior			oout Ma	ss spect	ral fragr	nentatio	on of org	ganic co	mpound	s and co	ommon		
				of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2		
CO1	3	1	1	3	-	2	3	2	1	-	1	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2		
CO3	3	2	-	2	2	-	2	2		2	1	-		
CO4	3	2	2	3	1	2	1	-	2	1	-	2		

CHE : PC : 306(A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) SPECTRAL TECHNIQUES

UNIT – I: ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY

Various electronic transitions (185-800nm.), Beer-Lambert Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds

UNIT – II : INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

Instrumentation and sample handling, characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids and anhydrides. Effect of hydrogen bonding.

UNIT – III:ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY: FLAME AAS: 15 Hrs

Principle, Instrumentation – Sources of radiation (HCL and EDL), Different types of burners, Interferences- Physical, Chemical, spectral and back ground correction, and methods of minimization GF AAS: Principle and technique –Comparison between Flame AAS and furnace AAS, Applications of

15 Hrs

AAS, Comparison between Atomic Absorption & Flame Photometry.

UNIT -IV: MASS SPECTROMETRY

15 Hrs

Principle, instrumentation, different methods of ionization, EI, CI, FD and FAB, Mass spectra-molecular ion, base peak, meta-stable peak, nitrogen rule and Mc Lafferty rearrangement. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds and common functional groups. Normal and branched alkanes, alkenes, cycloalkanes, benzene and its derivatives, alcohols and phenols, ethers, aldehydes and ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives , amines and nitro compounds. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

- 11. Organic spectroscopy, W. Kemp 5th Ed, ELBS .2.
- 12. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, RM Silversteen and others 5th Ed, John Wiley 1991
- 13. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, PS Kalsi, Wiley, 1993
- 14. NMR in chemistry A Multi nuclear introduction, William Kemp, Mc Millan 1986
- 15. Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry, DH Williams & I Flemmi TMH . 2005

CHE	PC 306 B	Chr	omatog	raphic	Technie	ques	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits			
Pre-re	equisite:	Unders	tanding	of grad	uate lev	el Chror	natogra	phic Teo	chniques	8				
 Fam Unc Stud Unc 	e Objec niliarize lerstand dy on the lerstand	with Cl Demon e applic the wor	stration ations o king pri	experin f High-I nciple c	nent in T Perform of gas ch	TLC. ance Lic promatog	quid Chi graphy.	comatog	raphy (l	HPLC).				
Cours	e Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to													
C01	To know the stationary and mobile phases in chromatographic techniques.													
CO2	To familiarize applications of different chromatographic methods.													
CO3	To Und	erstand	the prin	ciple of	chroma	atograph	ic techn	iques.						
CO4	To gain	knowle	edge on	the norr	nal phas	se and re	everse p	hase.						
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2		
CO1	3	-	2	3	-	2	3	2	2	-	1	1		
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	-	2		
CO3	3	2	_	2	2	-	2	_	2	-	1	-		
CO4	3	2	2	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	-	2		

CHE PC 306 B : Chromatographic Techniques

Unit –**I:** Introduction - Classification of Chromatographic methods – Column chromatography-Adsorption phenomenon: Nature of adsorbents-Solvent systems-Differential migration-Separation of mixture of o-/p-nitro anilines (A demonstration experiment).

Unit –**II:** Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC)-Coating materials and preparation of TLC plates-Solvents for development-Detection of compounds in TLC- R_f values in TLC-Applications of TLC in chemistry-Preparative TLC – Demonstration experiment in TLC.

Unit –**III:** High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Application of HPLC- HPLC instrument-Stationary phases in HPLC-Normal and reversed phase HPLC: A comparison- Normal phase HPLC: Principle-Retention times in Normal and reversed phase HPLC- Reversed phase HPLC: Principle.

Unit –**IV:** Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Instruments for Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Chromatographic Columns and the Stationary Phase- Application of Gas-Liquid Chromatography- Gas-Solid Chromatography.

Reference Books:

- 1. Analytical chemistry: G L David Krupadanam, D. Vijaya prsad, K. Varaprasad Rao, KLN Reddy, C. Sudhakar.
- 2. Analytical chemistry: Skoog West Holler.
- 3. Modern Analytical Chemistry : David Harvey DePauw University.
- 4. J.G. Dick. Analytical Chemistry, Mc Grraw Hill, New Delhi, (1973).

CHE-	AC- 401		Quality	Contro Princ		General	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits		
					-								
	quisite:		tanding	of Qual	ity Con	trol and	Genera	l Princip	oles				
	e Object												
•	v on qual	•			0								
	n practi	ce on	the app	plication	ns of d	ifferent	organi	c reage	nts in	analysis	of inc	rganic	
-	ounds.												
	rstand s			-	ential, m	nechanis	m of co	omplex	formati	on react	tions. E	nzyme	
	cteristics	-	-										
-	Study on Equilibrium constants of oxidation and reduction reactions and the complexometric												
	titration with EDTA.												
	Course Outcomes :At the end of the course, the student will be able												
CO1	To diag			in the	quality	improve	ement p	process	and Exp	plain ead	ch total	quality	
	implem												
	To knov	v about	theoret	ical basi	s for the	e use of	organic	reagent	s in inoi	ganic ar	nalysis.		
CO3	To unde	erstand	differen	t types	of kinet	tic meth	ods and	their e	valuatio	n and to	o detern	nine the	
	kinetics		2										
CO4	To unde				eactions	s with C	e (IV)	sulphate	e solutio	ons and	applicat	tions of	
	complex												
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	2		2	2	-	
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	2	-	2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	1	1	1	
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	-	1	-	2	1	-	1	

CHE AC 401: CORE THEORY: QUALITY CONTROL AND GENERAL PRINCIPLES

UNIT-I: QUALITY CONTROL IN ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY 15 Hrs

Definition of analytical terms: Accuracy, precision, limit of detection, sensitivity, selectivity and specificity, ruggedness, principles of Ruggedness test, validating the Method as a Standard Method.

Quality assurance and management systems: Elements of quality assurance, Quality and quantity management system ISO 9000 and ISO 14000 series.

Good laboratory practices (GLP): Elements of Good Laboratory Practice, Laboratory accreditation, GLP status in India.

UNIT-II: ORGANIC REAGENTS IN INORGANIC ANALYSIS 15 Hrs

Theoretical basis for the use of organic reagents in inorganic analysis: Application of the following reagents in inorganic analysis: dimethylglyoxime, salicylaldehyde, cupferron, d-benzoin, 1,10 phenanthroline, 8-hydroxy quinoline, nitron, tannin, pyridine, 8-hydroxyquinoldine, dithizone, Acetylacetone, theonyl, trifluoroacetone, 8-hydroxy quinoline, tri-M-octylphosphine oxide.

UNIT - III: KINETIC METHODS OF TRACE ANALYASIS 15 Hrs

Rate laws, Analytical use of reaction rates, First and second order reactions, relative rate of reactions. Determination of reaction rates. Analytical utility of first and pseudo first order reactions. Types of kinetic methods, differential, integral, logarithmic, extrapolation method. Evaluation of kinetic methods - Scale of Operation, Catalyzed reactions, measurement method for catalyzed reaction. Micro determination of Inorganic species like Iodine and Hg in complex materials. Determination of organic

species. Kinetics of enzyme, catalyzed reactions. Michael's constant factors affecting the rate of enzyme, Catalyzed reactions, Enzyme characteristics and applications of Kinetic methods of trace analysis.

UNIT-IV:REDOX AND COMPLEXOMETRIC TITRATIONS: 15Hrs

Redox Titrations: Standard reduction potential, equilibrium constants of oxidation-reduction reactions, change of electrode potential during the titration of reductant with an oxidant. Formal potential primary standard substance. Standard solutions. Preparation and storage. Oxidations with cerium (IV) sulphate solutions. Theory and use of (i) acid-base, (ii) Oxidation-reduction (iii) Metal ion indicators.; **Complexometric titrations:** Introduction, complexones, stability constants of EDTA complexes, conditional stability constants, titration curves, types of EDTA titration's, titration of mixtures.

- 1. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Basselt, Denmy, Jaffery and Merdhan, ELBS, Orientlong- Manan, 5th Ed.1990.
- 2. Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, John Laliley and Senes, New York, 6th Ed., 2007.
- 3. Fundamentals of ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, Skoog, West, Holler; 7th Editin 2001
- 4. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, D.A. Skoog & D.M. West, Holf-Saunderrs, 5th Ed., 1991.
- 5. Principles and Methods Chemical Analysis: H.F. Walton, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6. Chemical Analysis, H.A. Laitinan, Mc.Graw Hill Book Company.
- 7. Technical methods of analysis Griffin, Mc Graw Hill Book Co.
- 8. K.V.S.G Murali Krishna, An Introduction ISO 9000, ISO 1400 Series,
- 9. Environmental Management Quality Assurance and Good Laboratory Practices, Prof. Y. Anjaneyulu, In Now Publication, New York.
- 10. Quality Assurance in Analytical Chemistry G.Kateman and F.W Pijpers, John Wiley and Sons, New York

CHE-A	AC	: Ins	trumen	tal Met	hods of	Analys	is L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
40	2					-								
Pre-re	quisite:	Under	standing	g of Inst	rumenta	al Metho	ods of A	nalysis						
Cou	rse Ob	jectives	:											
• (Gain so	und kno	wledge	in spect	roscopi	c metho	ds of IC	P-AES,	ICP-M	S, x-ray	fluores	cence,		
5	spectros	copic te	echnique	es and th	eir appl	ications	•							
	Chromatographic techniques like High-Performance Liquid Chromatography, Capillary Electrophoresis and Supercritical Fluid Chromatography (SFC).													
•]	Familiarise with instrumentation, resolution and ionization sources of GCMS and LCMS.													
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to					
CO1	rse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to To understand the working principles, instrumentation and applications of ICP-AES and													
					X-ray fl	uorescei	nce (ED	XRF),	Wavele	ngth dis	persive	X-ray		
	ICP-MS, energy dispersive X-ray fluorescence (EDXRF), Wavelength dispersive X-ray fluorescence (WDXRF).													
CO2			d the ba	-		-		-		-				
			matogra							ohy (GP	C): Caj	oillary		
			sis (CE)											
CO3	-		ledge o			on and a	applicat	ions of	GCMS	in drug	g analys	is and		
~~ .			al sample											
CO4	To im	prove t	he know	ledge al	bout cou	lometri	c techni	ques an	d their a	nalysis	of cation	ns (As		
	(111), 1		and anio								on in sol	utions		
		IVI	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	in the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	2	-	2	1	-	1		
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	1	1	1		
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	3		
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	2	2	-	1	1	1	3		

CHE-402: CORE THEORY: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

UNIT –I SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS

15 Hrs

Emission Spectroscopy:

(i) ICP-AES: Principles, instrumentation, AES detectors, applications in the analysis of trace and toxic metals in water, geological and industrial samples.

(ii) ICP-MS: Principles, instrumentation, quadrupole mass spectrometers, applications

Fluorescence Spectroscopy:

i) Molecular Fluorescence Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory of fluorescence, phosphorescence, relation between intensity of fluorescence and concentration, Correlation of fluorescence with molecular structure, Fluorescence quenching, Instrumentation and applications.

ii) X-ray Fluorescence Spectroscopy: Principle, energy dispersive X-ray fluorescence (EDXRF), Wavelength dispersive X-ray fluorescence (WDXRF), applications.

UNIT – II: CHROMATOGRAPHIC METHODS

15 Hrs

High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Principles, Stationary phases, Instrumentation, Solvent delivery system, sample introduction, gradient elution, columns and detectors.Partition Chromatography, adsorption chromatography, Gel permeation chromatography.

Capillary Electrophoresis: Principle, Electroosmotic flow, Instrumentation, Applications to separation of small ions, separation of Molecular Species, DNA sequencing

Supercritical-fluid chromatography: Supercritical-fluids, Instrumentation and Applications

UNIT –III: HYPHENATED TECHNIQUES

15 Hrs

Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, basic instrumentation, resolution, Ionization sources- Electron impact and Chemical ionization, Mass Analyzers- Quadrupole Mass analyzer and Time- of- Flight Analyzer.

Gas Chromatography- Mass spectrometry: Introduction, GC – MS interface, processing of GC – MS data – ion chromatogram. Quantitative measurement – sample preparation, Selected ion monitoring – Application of GC-MS for Trace constituents. Drugs analysis, Environmental analysis and others.

Liquid chromatography- Mass spectrometry – Introduction – Instrumentation – liquid chromatography – Mass spectrometer Interface – Instrumental details – Processing LC-MS data – ion chromatograms, Sample preparation – selected ion monitoring. Application of LC-MS for Drug analysis, Environmental samples and others.

UNIT- IV: ELECTRO ANALYTICAL METHODS 15 Hrs

Anodic stripping voltametry: principle, instrumentation, Hanging mercury drop electrode, application in the analysis of Pb and Cd in environmental samples, principle of cathode stripping voltametry.

Coulometric analysis: principles of coulometric analysis with constant current, coulometric analysis with controlled potential, applications of coulometric methods for the analysis of cations-As (III), Fe (II) and I- and S₂- by using I₂ liberations and Ce⁴⁺ liberation in solutions

Ion Selective Electrodes: types of ion selective electrodes, basic properties, potentials and construction, calibration of ion selective electrodes, ion selective electrodes with fixed membrane sites, silver, lead, cadmium, sulfide, fluoride, cyanide and glass electrodes, applications in the analysis of air and water pollutants, principles of liquid membrane, gas sensing and enzyme based electrode

- 1. Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, John Laliley and Senes, New York, 6th Ed., 2007.
- 2. Analytical Chemistry Principles and Techniques, I.G. Harge, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Principles of Instrumental analysis, D.A. Skoog and J.L. Loacy, W.B. Saunders.
- 4. Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry, F. Serlie, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Vogels Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Basett, Denny Jebbary, 5th Ed. ELBs 1990.
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Willard Merrit, Dean, Stella Jr 6th Edition.
- 7. Separation methods, M.N Sastri, Himalaya Publishing Company, Mumbai

CHE A	AC 403		Core pra alytical			actical	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	6
Pre-re	quisite:		v		v	Chemistry	y- Pract	ical.				
Cours	e Objec	tives:										
			separatio	on metho	ods and	flame pl	notomet	ric anal	ysis of _l	pesticide	e residuo	es
• Dete	erminati	on of tr	ansition	metal io	ons by p	olarogra	phy					
• Prin	ciple, in	strumer	ntation,	determi	nation o	f metal i	ons By	AAS.				
• Inte	Principle, instrumentation, determination of metal ions By AAS.Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts and hydrogen bonding.											
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stude	ent will	be able	to			
CO1 (Jndersta	nd the c	common	laborat	ory tech	iniques i	ncludin	g separa	tion tec	hniques	5	
CO2 F	olarogra	aphy, at	omic ab	sorptior	n spectro	oscopy ii	n both e	mission	and ab	sorption	mode.	
	Gain kno nixtures.	0	on imp	lementa	tion of g	gas chroi	natogra	phy and	I HPLC	for sepa	aration o	of
CO4 F	Familiari	ze with	interpre	etation o	f data to	o structu	res by N	VMR.				
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	2	1	-	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2		2	-	3
CO3	3	3	-	3		3	-	2	2	3	2	3
CO4	3	-	3	1	3	2	2	-	1	2	-	3

CHE AC 404: CORE PRACTICALS: PRACTICAL – I-

Instrumental methods of analysis- II

- 1. Flame Photometry: Determination of Na and K, Ca and Li in Water and Soil.
- 2. TLC/Paper chromatographic separation.
- 3. Determination of Pesticide residues by gas chromatographic method
- 4. Polarography: a) Determination of E ¹/₂ of Zn and Cd; b) Determination of amounts of Zn and Cd
- 5. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Determination of transition metal ions (Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Zn etc.,) by AAS.
- 6. Separation of Metal ion by Solvent Extraction /Ion exchange.

II DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS

- 1. IR Interpretation of IR spectrum of alcohols, ketones, aldehydes and other standard materials
- 2. AAS: Demonstration of AAS Determination of Zn, Cd, Pb, Mn, Fe and Ni in effluents using AAS.
- 3. Spectrofluorimetry estimation of quinine and fluoroscene
- 4. Ion selective electrodes estimation of F^{-} , S^{2-} and CN^{-} in effluents using ion selective electrode meter.
- 5. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry
- a). Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry behavior of Cd, Zn, Pb in a mixture.
- b). Determination of Pb and Cd in samples using Anode stripping voltametr
- 6. Gas chromatography- Determination of pesticides
- 7. HPLC- Determination of pesticides
- 8. NMR
- (a). Demonstration of NMR spectrometer and study of hydrogen bonding in a given alcohol or phenol.
- (b). Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts of ethyl benzene, ethyl alcohol

- 9. TGA, DTA, DSC Demonstration of TG, DTA and DSC and study of decomposition of calcium oxalate, calcium carbonate, copper sulfate, oxalic acid.
- 10. pH metry
 - (a). Determination of alkalinity in a colored effluent using pH metric end point.
 - (b). Determination of purity of commercial HCl, H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄ and CH₃COOH using pH metric end point.

CHE A	C 404		Р	roject V	Work		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Project	Work									
Course	e Objec	tives:										
	•		problei	n								
	Ability (gatherin	•	out inde	ependen	t chemis	stry rese	arch wi	th comp	etency	in reseat	ch desig	gn, data
	Interpre presenta		nd com	munica	tion of	researc	h result	s throug	gh scie	ntific p	ublicatio	ons and
• 1	Preparat	ion of d	issertati	on								
Course	e Outco	omes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Perform	n experi	ments, c	collectio	n and ev	valuation	n of data	a.				
CO2	Interpre behavio		of resul	ts while	adheri	ng to so	cientific	princip	les of 1	responsi	ble and	ethical
CO3	Analys disserta	-	compi	ling the	data a	nd resu	lts in a	chrono	ological	order i	in the f	form of
CO4	Prepara	tion of	dissertat	tion.								
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	3	_	2	3	2	1	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	2	-	3	-	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2		2	1	-	2	3

CHE AC 404: PRACTIAL II/ PROJECT WORK

CHE-A	C-405	Арј	plied an	d Envir	onmen	tal Aspe	cts I		P-2	4	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite	: Under	standing	of Env	ironmen	ital Aspe	ects						
 Gai con Exp Kno 	centration perience pw abou	d know on with fea at analys	rtilizer a	nalysis, els, alloy	pesticions and examples the pesticion of	of sam le analys xplosive	sis mine	-		separa	tion an	d pre-	
	Expertise with water quality monitoring urse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to												
CO1 CO2 CO3	of meta Gain e	al ions e xperienc	etc. ce on ag	rochemi	cals and	npling, de 1 fertilize alloys ar	ers and	their and	-	on and p	reconce	ntration	
CO4	Experi	ence wi	th enviro	onmenta	l polluti	ion moni	toring t	echniqu	es.				
	1	Μ	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
C01	3	2	2	3	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	1	1	1	1	1	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	3	
CO4	3	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	1	1	3	

CHE : AC 403(A): (GENERIC ELECTIVE) APPLIED AND ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS

UNIT-I: SAMPLING AND SEPARATION METHODS

Preparing the sample for analysis: Sampling, The effect of sampling uncertainties, Gross sample, determination of the size of the gross sample. Analytical sample. Preparation of laboratory sample from gross sample, Moisture in the sample, Karl-Fisher reagent for the determination of moisture content in samples.

Decomposition and dissolving the sample: Decomposition of sample by fluxes, wet digestion, dry ashing, combustion with oxygen, microwave decomposition.

Separation and pre-concentration: Extractive separation of metal ions as chelates (dithizone, oxine, APDC, NaDDTC), Solid-phase extraction

UNIT-II: ANALYSIS OF AGRO CHEMICALS and MINERALS 15 Hrs

Soil analysis: Soil moisture, pH, total nitrogen, Phosphorus, silica, boron and metals (Cd, Cu, Fe, Mn, and zinc) in soil.

Fertilizer analysis: Analysis of Ammonical fertilizers, Phosphate fertilizers, Nitrate fertilizers

Pesticide Analysis: Analysis of organo chlorine pesticides by gas chromatography, Determination of DDT residue in vegetable and food grains. Analysis of organo phosphorous pesticides (Malathion, parathion) by spectrophotometric and chromatographic methods.

Analysis of Minerals and Ores: Limestone, Ilmenite, Chalcopylites and Beryl. Analysis of Cement, Ceramics and glass.

UNIT-III: ANALYSIS OF COMPLEX MATERIALS

Analysis of Fuels: Coal, proximate and ultimate analysis, heating valves and grading of coal. Liquid Fuels: Flash point, aniline point, octane number and carbon residue.

Analysis of Gaseous Fuels: Producer gas, Water gas, Calorific values

Analysis of alloys: German Silver, Brass, bronze, Solder, Steels containing elements such as Mo, Co, V, Cr, Si and Ni.

Aanalysis of Explosives: Introduction, Classification, Deflagrating or low explosives, Characteristics of explosives, Nitrocellulose, PETN or PENTHRIT, Di-nitrobenzene (DNB), Trinitrobenzene (TNB), Trinitrotoluene (TNT),

UNIT – IV: ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION MONITORING: 15 Hrs

Water Quality monitoring: Methods of water sample collection, Determination of Dissolved oxygen (D.O), Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) and Chemical Oxygen Demand(COD)

Analytical methods for the determination of the following ions in water:

Anions: F⁻, PO₄³⁻, NO₃⁻, NO₂⁻ Cations: Cr⁶⁺, As⁵⁺, Pb²⁺, Hg²⁺, Cd²⁺

Air Quality Monitoring: Air sampling methods, Chemical analysis of the following Air pollutants. i) Gaseous pollutants: Carbon monoxide (CO). sulphur dioxide (SO₂), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), Aliphatic hydrocarbons and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). (ii) Particulate matter

- 1. Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, John Laliley and Senes, New York, 6th Ed., 2007.
- 2. Fundamentals of ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, Skoog, West, Holler; 7th Editin 2001.
- 3. Analytical Chemistry Principles and Techniques, I.G. Harge, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Principles of Instrumental analysis, D.A. Skoog and J.L. Loacy, W.B. Saunders.
- 5. Fundamentals of Air Pollution by A.C. Strem and others, Academic Press, 1975.
- 6. Standard methods for the examination of water and waste water published by American public health association, 15th Ed.1981.
- 7. Methods of Soil Analysis, C.A. Black, Part I and II.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Control of Iron and Steel Production, Harrison John Weily 1979
- 9. Standard methods of Chemical Analysis, Welcher.
- 10. Technical Methods of Analysis, Griffin, Mc Graw Hill.
- 11. Environmental Chemistry, Anil Kumar De, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

CHE-A	AC-406				nic, Bio al Cher	organic nistry	, L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits			
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders	standing	of Bioi	norgani	c, Bioorg	ganic, B	liophysi	cal Che	mistry				
Cours	se Objec	tives:												
٠	• Highlighten metal complexes as oxygen carriers and electron transfer in biology													
•	• Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems and importance of trace metals in biology													
•	 Learn physiological functions of carbohydrates, lipids, enzymes classification, stereospecificity 													
•	 The basic concepts of biophysical chemistry in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions. 													
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	Gain knowledge on metallo proteins in electron transfer processes.													
CO2	Know t	he appl	ications	of trace	metal i	ons and	metal io	ons as cl	nelating	agents i	n medic	cine.		
CO3			evelop h onmenta		ereosele	ctive syı	othesis	of orga	nic com	pounds	and dru	gs by		
CO4			rmodyn ameters		f biopol	ymer rea	octions	and to c	orrelate	free ene	ergy and	l		
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1		
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	2	-	1	3		
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	3	-	1	1	3		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	2	-	1		

CHE AC-406: (GENERIC ELECTIVE): BIOINORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I

15 Hrs

Metal complexes as oxygen carriers –Heme proteins –Hemoglobin and myoglobin –Non heme proteins –hemerythrin and hemocyanin – model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.Co-enzymes Vitamin B₁₂,carboxy peptidase and superoxidedismutase.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transfer processes –catalase –peroxidose –cytochromes and iron –sulphur proteins –synthetic models.

UNIT – II: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II: Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems, Metal ions in Biology, Molecular mechanism of ion transport across membranes: ionophores, photosynthesis.

Hydrolytic metalloenzymes: Carbonic anyhdrase, carboxy peptidase, calcium in control processes, calcium and muscle contraction, calcium and secretion, calcium in blood clotting mechanisms. Therapeutic uses of enzymes.

Importance of trace metals in biology: Metal ions as chelating agents in medicine, trace metal ions and metal and non-metal deficiency. Biological nitrogen fixation,in-vivo and in-vitro nitrogen fixation.

UNIT-III: BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Carbohydrates: Structure and biological functions of mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins, and

glycolipids- Role of sugars in biological recognition- Blood group substances

Lipids: Essential fatty acids-structure and function of triglycerols, Glycerophospholipids, cholesterol, bile acids prostaglandins- composition and functioning of lipoproteins

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification, properties, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, enzyme inhibition- reversible and irreversible inhibition. Uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical laboratories.

UNIT-IV: BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY:

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions, hydrolysis of ATP, thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, chain configuration of bio polymers, and calculation of average dimensions. Membrane equilibrium, ion transport through cell membrane.dialosis and its function. Structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems, forces involved in bio polymer interactions, electrostatic forces, hydrophobic forces, molecular expansion, and dispersion forces.

- M.N. Hughes, The Inorganic chemistry of Biological Processes, John wiley and Sons, New York 2nd Edition, 1981.
- 2. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao
- 3. Physical chemistry by Atkenes
- 4. Physical chemistry by Albertz.
- 5. Bio physical chemistry by Van Holde
- 6. Bio Physics by Narayanam
- 7. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 8. Chemistry of Natural Products, P.S. Kalsi, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 10. Natural products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, M.E. Wolff, John Wiley
- 12. Medicinal Chemistry, A. Kar, New Age International

CHE AC	2 406A		Dr	ug Che	mistry		L-	3,T-1,P	-2	4	Credits	
Pre-req	uisite:	Unders	tanding	of Drug	g Chemi	stry						
Cour	se Obj	ectives	:									
• To	o learn	about t	he natur	al produ	icts as l	eads for	new dru	ugs				
• D	etermir	nation c	of cardio	vascula	r drugs							
• To	o study	Autaco	oids		-							
• In	terpret	ation of	Antipy	retics								
Course	-				course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1 K	Know a	bout na	tural pro	oducts.								
CO2 K	Know II	nterpret	ation of	cardiov	ascular	drugs.						
CO3 K	Know th	ne Anal	yzing al	oout pro	staglan	dins.						
	Know nflamm			, Classi	ification	n, Nom	enclatur	e, Stru	cture a	nd Syn	thesis of	of ant
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	2	2	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	1	3	-	3	-	2		3	-	3
CO4	3	1	3	1	3	2	1	-	1	2	1	3

CHE : AC : 406 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : DRUG CHEMISTRY

UNIT – I: NATURAL PRODUCTS AS LEADS FOR NEW DRUGS

Occurrence, Structure and therapeutic uses of Drugs acting on Central Nervous System

Morphine alkaloids (morphine, codeine, thebaine, heroin, pethidine)

Cannabinoids (9-cannabinol, Tetrahydrocannabinol)

Neuromuscular Blocking Agents (Curare, Decamethonium)

Vinca Alkaloids (Vincristin and Vinblastin), Taxol and Taxotere, podophyllotoxin, Etoposide, Teniposide.

UNIT – II: CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis.

Cardiac glycosides (ex: Digoxin, Digitoxin);

Antihypertensive drugs (ex: Methyl dopa, Clonidene hydrochloride);

Antiarrhythmic agents (ex: Quinidine sulfate);

Antisympathetic drugs (ex: Propranolol hydrochloride, Verapamil hydrochloride);

Vasopressor drugs (ex: Prenylamine, Buphenine).

UNIT – III: AUTACOIDS

Definition, Occurrence, Isolation, Nomenclature, Classification, Synthesis, Biosynthesis and Stereochemical structures of Prostaglandins. Structural elucidation of PGE₁, PGE₂; Synthesis and biosynthesis of PGE₂, PGF_{2 α}. Structure and Biosynthesis of Thromboxane A2 and Prostacyclin (synthesis not expected).

UNIT – IV: ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis of Paracetamol, Aspirin (Antipyretic), Salol, Cinchophen, Antipyrene, Phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Tolmetin, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen. **Books suggested:**

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashitosh Kar
- 2 Medicinal Chemistry by D. Sriram, P. Yogeeswari
- 3 Medicinal Chemistry by David A. Williams, Thomas L. Lemke
- 4 Medicinal Chemistry by V. Alagarsamy
- 5 Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana
- 6 Natural Products Chemistry and Applications by Sujata V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, S. Meenakshi
- 7 Medicinal Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Madhu Chopra
- 8 Medicinal Chemistry by Balkishen Razdar
- 9 Advanced Practical Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutosh Kar
- 10 Chemistry of Organic Natural Products by O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 11 Chemistry of Natural Products by S. V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M. Sivakumar
- 12 Natural Products Chemistry by K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.

CHE	AC 40	6 B	Elect	troanal	ytical 7	Fechniqu	ies	L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	Credits	5		
Pre-r	equisit	e: Unde	rstandi	ng of El	ectroan	alytical T	Гесhniq	ues						
	Course Objectives:													
•	To reach about the endocrine of electronical frequencies													
•	Determination of types of earlenes													
•	• Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms													
•	Interpretation of Ion selective electrodes													
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to													
CO1														
CO2	Know the Interpretation of results while adhering to DC Polarography.													
CO3	Know	the An	alysing	and co	mpiling	the data	and res	sults in po	olarogra	iphy .				
CO4	Famil	iarize T	ypes of	ion ser	nsitive e	lectrodes	5.							
		Ν	Aappin	g of cou	urse ou	tcomes w	with the	e progra	m outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	-	1	2	-	1	2	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	2	_	2	2	2	-	3		
CO3	3	3 3 1 3 1 3 2 2 - 3 2 3												
CO4	3	2	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3		

CHE : AC : 406(B): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Unit I: Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods.

i) **Potentiometry-** Types of electrodes, Hydrogen gas, Calomel, Quin hydrone and glasselectrodes. Determination of pH. Potentiometric titrations.

ii) **Conductometry** – Definition of terms – conductivity, specific conductivity, cell constant. Mobility of ions, Conductometric titrations.

Unit II: D.C Polarography :. Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types of Currents : Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation(derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents: Adsorption,Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.

Unit III: (i) A.C. polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography(V) Cyclic Voltammetry: Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.

Unit IV: Ion selective electrodes: Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes –metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick : Analytical Chemistry (Mc Graw Hill).

CHE-F	EC- 401	Er	nergy, E	nviron	ment ar	nd Soil	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits			
Pre-ree	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of Ener	gy, Env	ironmer	nt and S	oil						
	e Objec													
			il fuels,											
-	ropower and photo-electrochemistry, hydrological cycle, water pollutants, eutrophication and nhouse effect.													
• Detec	ction of composition of soil, biodegradation, goals of green chemistry, biocatalysis													
• Soil p	pollution, solid waste management and disposable methods.													
Course	rse Outcomes : At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	Know about nuclear fission and fusion, uses of solar energy in space heating and water													
	heating, hydropower and water heating, hydropower and production of ethanol from indirect													
	solar energy.													
CO2	Learn p	hysical	and che	mical p	roperties	s of wat	er and w	vater con	nplexat	ion in na	atural ar	nd		
	waste w	vater an	d to und	erstand	about gl	lobal wa	arming,	ozone d	epletion	, green l	house ef	fect		
	and acid	d rains.												
CO3	Acquire	e knowl	edge on	compos	sition of	inorgan	ic and o	organic o	contami	nants in	soil, so	il		
			ndustria											
CO4	Get kno	wledge	on vari	ous met	hods of	solid wa	aste coll	ection a	nd its di	isposal.				
	I	Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1		
										0	1	2		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	2	-	2	3		
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	1	2	2	-	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	-	2	3		

CHE EC-401: CORE THEORY: ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT AND SOILS

UNIT-I: Sources of Energy

Fossil fuels- Nuclear fission and fusion- Solar energy-use of solar energy in space heating and water heating- production of electricity using solar energy- solar trough collectors- power tower- solar pond-solar energy for driving vehicles- power from indirect solar energy – Hydropower- wind power-Biomass energy- production of ethanol from biomass- production of methane from biomass-photosynthesis- photo electro chemistry- Geothermal energy.

UNIT-II: Water Resources and Air

Hydrological cycle- physical and chemical properties of water-complexation in natural and waste water, Anomalous properties-water pollutants-Types-Sources- Heavy metals- metalloids- organic – Inorganic –Biological and Radio active-Types of reactions in various water bodies including marine environment- Eutrophication- Ground water- Potable water standards. Treatment for portable water.

Air: Chemical reactions in the atmosphere – Aerosols types- Production and distribution – Aerosols and Radiation – structure and composition of atmosphere- temperature inversion – Global warning- Ozone depletion – Green house effect, "CFC"s- Acid rain.

UNIT-III: Soil and Green Chemistry

Soil: Composition of soil- lithosphere- inorganic and organic contaminants in the soil- Biodegradation-Nondegrdable waste and its effect on the environment- Bioremediation –of surface soils- Fate and

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

transport of contaminants on soil system– Bioindicators- Soil parameters- soil destruction- Erosion- Soil conservation – Nitrogen pathways and NPK in soil.

Green Chemistry: Goals of Green chemistry- Significance and basic components of Green chemistry research - industrial applications of Green chemistry-products from natural materials- Green fuels and E-Green propellants- Zeolites- Biocatalysts.

UNIT IV: Soil pollution:

15 Hrs

Introduction – soil pollution by industrial wastes. soil pollution by urban wastes, Radioactive pollutants and Agricultural waste- chemical and metallic pollutants-Biological agents – mining - Detrimental effects of soil pollutants – Effects of industrial pollutants- Effects of sewage and domestic wastes-Effects of heavy metals- Effects of radioactive pollutants- Effects of modern agro- technology – Diseases caused by soil pollution – solid waste management – sources and classification -public Health Aspects – methods of collection- Disposal methods – potential methods of disposal.

- 1. Daniel D. Chiras (1994), Environmental Science, 4th Ed.
- 2. Environmental Chemistry by W. Moore and J.Moore
- 3. Environmental chemistry by J.O.M. Bockariss
- 4. Environm, ental by BK SHArma
- 5. Environmental chemistry by SS Dara
- 6. Environmental chemistry by Mahajan
- 7. Environmental chemistry by a.K.De

					(Man	datory	Core)						
CHE-E	C 402	V	Vater P		n Monito	0	nd	L-5,T-1	l,P-0	4	4Credit	s	
				Envi	ronment	Laws							
Pre-re	quisit	e: Und	erstandi	ng of V	Vater pol	lution n	nonitor	ing and	environn	nent laws	s.		
Cou	Irse O	bjectiv	es:										
•	Basic c	concept	s of diff	erent w	ater poll	utants							
•	Differe	ent prin	ciples o	f water	treatmen	t.							
•	Biotecl	nnology	y and its	applica	ations in	environ	mental	protect	ion				
•	Environmental management and environmental laws												
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to												
CO1													
CO2	Learn	about t	he remo	oval of s	suspende	d and d	issolve	d solids	present	in waste	water.		
CO3	Under	stand d	lifferent	uses of	f micro-o	rganism	ns in en	vironm	ental pro	tection.			
CO4	Know	differe	ent worl	d life ac	ets such a	s forest	conve	rsion ac	t, water c	control p	ollution	act and	
	air pre	evention	n and co	ontrol ac	et.								
		Ν	Aappin	g of cou	arse outo	comes v	vith the	e progra	am outco	omes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	2	3	
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	-	3	
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	3	-	2	3	

CHE EC-402: CORE THEORY: WATER POLLUTION MONITORING AND ENVIRONMENT LAWS

UNIT-I: Water pollution

Basic aspects of water-general principles of water (physical and chemical)-criteria of water quality.Types of water pollutants: sewage and domestic wastes-industrial wastes-agriculture discharges- toxic metals-oxygen demanding wastes-disease causing agents-oils- detergents and phosphates. Sampling: Basics of Sampling, sampling procedure, statistics, sampling and physical state, crushing and grinding, hazards waste of sampling, pre-concentration methods

UNIT-II: Waste water treatment:

Basic process of water treatment- primary treatment pretreatment - sedimentation - Flotationsecondary (Biological) Treatment - Active sludge process - Trickling filters - sludge Treatment and disposal - Advanced waste water Treatment - Removal of suspended solids - Removal of dissolved solids - Nitrogen removal - phosphorous removal - Advanced Biological systems - chemical oxidation.

UNIT III: Biotechnology and its application in Environmental protection 15 Hrs

Introduction- Bio-informatics- Bio-Technology and pollution control,-Bioremediation- Biological de-odourisation- Biological purification of contaminated air-microorganisms and energy of mankind-use of microorganisms role in petroleum augmentation and recovery.

UNIT IV: Environmental Management and Important Environmental Laws: 15 Hrs Environmental Management: Introduction-objectives-components-environmental impact assessment (EIA)-historical background-elements of EIA process-participants in EIA processescontents of EIS-design of EIA.

15 Hrs

Important Environmental Laws: the world life act-the forest conservation act-the water and control pollution act-air prevention& control act—the environment act-environmental quality management standard-ISO 14000 series.

- 1. Environmental Chemistry by W. Moore and J.Moore
- 2. Environmental chemistry by J.O.M. Bokriss
- 3. Environmental by BK Sharma
- 4. Environmental chemistry by SS Dara
- 5. Environmental chemistry by Mahajan
- 6. Environmental chemistry by a.K.De
- 7. Lodge (1994) Methods of air sampling and analysis. Publications, Jaipur
- 8. Kudesia, V.P. (1985) Water Pollution, Pragati Prakashan
- 9. Elements of biotechnology by PK Gupta and Rastogi

CHE E	C 403			Practic	al I		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits		
Pre-re	quisite:	Enviro	onmenta	l Chem	nistry P	ractical	Ι						
Cours	e Objec	tives:											
• (Conduct	tometric	method	ls of ana	lysis.								
• (Colorim	etric me	ethods of	f analys	is								
•]	Interpre	tation of	data fro	om IR, I	HPLC, C	GC, AA	S						
• Determination of purity and alkanility by pH metry													
Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1 To know the basic principles of conductometry and analysis of acids and halides.													
CO2	Coloro	metric e	stimatio	n of iro	n and m	anganes	e.						
CO3			idea al y and H		orking	princip	les of	IR, A	AS, S _l	pectroflu	orimetr	y, Gas	
CO4		<u> </u>	vith inte		on of da	ta							
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	-	2	1	2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	-	2	2	2	3	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	_	2	2	2	-	3	
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	2	1	3	

CHE EC-404: PRACTICAL-I- INSREUMENTAL METHODSOF ANALYSIS-II

- 1) Conductometry:
- a) Mixture of Acids
- b) Mixture of Halides
- 2) Colorimetry:
- a) Estimation of Iron
- b) Manganese
- c) Phosphate
- d) Titration of copper Vs EDTA

DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS

- 1 IR Interpretation of IR spectrum of alcohols, ketones, aldehydes and other standard materials
- 2 AAS: Demonstration of AAS Determination of Zn, Cd, Pb, Mn, Fe and Ni in effluents using AAS.
- 3 Spectrofluorimetry estimation of quinine and fluoroscene
- 4 Ion selective electrodes estimation of F^- , S^{2-} and CN^- in effluents using ion selective electrode meter.
- 5 Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry
 - (A)Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry behavior of Cd, Zn, Pb in a mixture.
 - (B)Determination of Pb and Cd in samples using Anode stripping voltametr
- 6 Gas chromatography- Determination of pesticides
- 7 HPLC- Determination of pesticides
- 8 pH metry

(A)Determination of alkalinity in a colored effluent using pH metric end point.

(B)Determination of purity of commercial HCl, H_2SO_4 , H_3PO_4 and CH_3COOH using pH metric end point.

CHE	EC 404		Practio	cal II:P	roject V	Vork	L·	•5,T-1,P	·-0	4	Credits	5		
Pre-re	equisite	: Projec	t Work											
Cours	e Objec	ctives:												
• Iden	ntificatio	on of pr	oblem b	y literat	ure surv	vey								
• Car	ry out th	ne probl	em inde	pendent	ly									
• Inte	erpretation	on of da	ta											
• Cor	 Interpretation of data Communication of research results through presentations and preparation of dissertation Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able 													
Cours	e Outco	omes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	lent will	be able						
CO1	To ider	ntify res	earch pr	oblem,	propose	the hyp	othesis	and to c	ollect li	terature.				
CO2	To per	form res	earch de	esigns &	z experi	ments								
CO3	To tabu	ılate res	earch re	sults										
CO4	To con	clude re	search o	outcome	s in the	form of	disserta	ation.						
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	2	2	1	2	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	3		
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	-	2	-	3	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	-	2	3		

CHE EC- 405: PRACTIAL II/ PROJECT WORK

CHE-F	EC-405A	A	ir Pollu	tion, Co	ontrol N	lethods	5- I	3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits	;		
			Noise ai	nd Thei	rmal Po	llution								
	equisite:		standing	of Air I	Pollution	n, Contr	ol Meth	ods-Noi	se and T	Fhermal	Pollutio	on		
Cours	se Objec	tives:												
	ıdy on pr	-	-		-			-			•			
	niliarize										is analys	sis.		
	ow abou													
	t an idea									lth.				
Cours	se Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to					
CO1														
	caused due to sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, oxidants, ozone, hydro													
	carbons and particulate matter.													
CO2	Learn a	about di	fferent	control	method	s and a	dsorptio	n of sol	lids and	liquids	, gas an	alysis		
	eluents	viz., nit	rogen o	xides, ca	arbon m	onoxide	e and hy	drocarb	ons.					
CO3		-	llution c		•	le emiss	sion, dif	ferent in	dustries	s, cemer	nt plants	, steel		
			leum ret											
CO4	Know a	about no	oise and	thermal	power	project p	pollution	ns and the	neir effe	ct on hu	man hea	alth.		
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	_	1	2	_	1	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	1	2	3		
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	-	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	2	3	-	2	3		

CHE : EC-405 A: (GENERIC ELECTIVE): AIR POLLUTION, CONTROL METHODS-NOISE AND THERMAL POLLUTION

UNIT-I: Air Pollution

Classification and properties of air pollutants-emission sources-major emissions from global sourcesimportance of anthropogenic sources-behavior and fate of air pollutants photochemical smog and its effects on health-vegetation-material damage in India.

Air pollution sampling and measurement-ambient air sampling-collection of gaseous air pollutantscollection of particulate pollutants-stack sampling-analysis of air pollutants-sulphur dioxide-carbon monoxide-nitrogen dioxide-oxidants-ozone-hydro carbons and particulate matter

UNIT- II: Control methods

Sources-correction methods-particulate emission control-gravitational settling chambers-cyclone separators-fabric filters-electrostatic precipitator-wet scrubbers-control of gaseous emissions by adsorption of solids and liquids-control methods of sulphur dioxide emission, flue gasesanalysis-control method, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide and hydrocarbon-mobile sources.

UNIT-III: Vehicular Air Pollution:

Genesis of vehicular emissions standard- natural pollution-gasification of vehicles-point sources of air pollution – mechanism of air pollution from automobiles -automobile pollution- Indian scenario population and pollution loads of vehicles-automobile air pollution control-exhaust gas controlling treatment devices-thermal reactor-catalytic converter from automobiles-fuel tank carbonator. Air pollution from Portland cement plants-steel mills and petroleum refineries.

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

UNIT-IV: Noise and Thermal Polution

15 Hrs

Noise pollution: sources-measurement of noise and indices-effect of meteorological parameters on noise propagation-noise exposure levels and standards –measurement of noise-impact of noise on human health

Thermal pollution: Introduction-definition-sources-harmful effects-toxic compounds in tracesprevention and control of thermal pollution –thermal power projects in India.

- 1. Environmental Chemistry by W. Moore and J.Moore
- 2. Environmental chemistry by J.O.M. Bockeriss
- 4. Environmental chemistry by Sharmar and Kaur, Krishna Publishers
- 6. Environmental chemistry by a.K.De
- 8. Henry C perkins (1974) Air Pollution, McGraw-Hill
- 9. Kudesia, V.P. (1985) Water Pollution, Pragati Prakashan.
- 10. Environmental Engineering by CS Rao
- 11. Environmental by BK Sharma
- 12. Environmental chemistry by SS Dara

CHE-I	EC-405]	3	Bioinor Bioph	ganic, l ysical (0	,	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	}
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders	standing	of Bioi	norganio	c, Bioor	ganic, B	iophysi	cal Che	mistry		
Cours	se Objec	tives:										
• Hig	ghlighten	metal c	complex	es as ox	ygen ca	rriers an	d electr	on trans	fer in b	iology.		
• M	etal ion t	ranspor	t and sto	rage in	biologic	al system	ms and	importa	nce of t	race met	als in bi	ology.
• Lea	arn physi	ologica	l functio	ons of ca	rbohydı	rates, lip	ids, enz	ymes cl	assifica	tion, ste	reospeci	ificity.
• The	e basic c	oncepts	of biop	hysical	chemist	ry in bio	chemic	al reacti	ons, exe	ergonic	and end	ergonic
	ctions.			-		•				C		C
Cours	se Outco	mes• A	t the end	l of the	course	the stude	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Gain kı	nowledg	ge on me	etallo pro	oteins in	electro	n transf	er proce	sses.			
CO2	Know t	he appl	ications	of trace	metal i	ons and	metal ic	ons as ch	nelating	agents i	n medic	ine.
CO3	Achiev	e and de	evelop h	ighly ste	ereosele	ctive sy	nthesis	of organ	ic com	oounds a	nd drug	s by
			onmenta			-		-	-			-
CO4	Unders	tand the	ermodyn	amics o	f biopol	ymer rea	actions	and to c	orrelate	free ene	ergy and	
	biopoly	mer par	rameters									
		Ma	apping	of cours	e outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2		2		3
CO1 CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3		-		- 3	3
CO2 CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	2	_	2	5	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2		3	- 3	3
	3	3	5	3	3	3	2	L	-	3	3	3

CHE EC-405(B): (GENERIC ELECTIVE): BIOINORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I

15 Hrs

Metal complexes as oxygen carriers –Heme proteins –Hemoglobin and myoglobin –Non heme proteins –hemerythrin and hemocyanin – model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.Co-enzymes Vitamin B₁₂, carboxy peptidase and superoxidedismutase.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transfer processes –catalase –peroxidose –cytochromes and iron –sulphur proteins –synthetic models.

UNIT – II: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II: Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems, Metal ions in Biology, Molecular mechanism of ion transport across membranes: ionophores, photosynthesis.

Hydrolytic metalloenzymes: Carbonic anyhdrase, carboxy peptidase, calcium in control processes, calcium and muscle contraction, calcium and secretion, calcium in blood clotting mechanisms. Therapeutic uses of enzymes.

Importance of trace metals in biology: Metal ions as chelating agents in medicine, trace metal ions and metal and non-metal deficiency. Biological nitrogen fixation, in-vivo and in-vitro nitrogen fixation.

UNIT-III: BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Carbohydrates: Structure and biological functions of mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins, and glycolipids- Role of sugars in biological recognition-Blood group substances

Lipids: Essential fatty acids-structure and function of triglycerols, Glycerophospholipids, cholesterol, bile acids prostaglandins- composition and functioning of lipoproteins

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification, properties, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, enzyme inhibition- reversible and irreversible inhibition. Uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical laboratories.

UNIT-IV: BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY:

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions, hydrolysis of ATP, thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, chain configuration of bio polymers, and calculation of average dimensions. Membrane equilibrium, ion transport through cell membrane. dialosis and its function. Structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems, forces involved in bio polymer interactions, electrostatic forces, hydrophobic forces, molecular expansion, and dispersion forces.

- 1. M.N. Hughes, The Inorganic chemistry of Biological Processes, John wiley and Sons, New York 2nd Edition, 1981.
- 2. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao
- 3. Physical chemistry by Atkenes
- 4. Physical chemistry by Albertz.
- 5. Bio physical chemistry by Van Holde
- 6. Bio Physics by Narayanam
- 7. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 8. Chemistry of Natural Products, P.S. Kalsi, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 10. Natural products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, M.E. Wolff, John Wiley
- 12. Medicinal Chemistry, A. Kar, New Age International

CHE EC	C 406A		Dr	ug Che	mistry		L-	3,T-1,P	-2	40	Credits			
Pre-req	quisite:	Unders	tanding	of Drug	g Chemi	stry								
Cou	rse Ob	jectives	:											
• T	o learn	about t	he natur	al produ	icts as le	eads for	new dru	ıgs						
• D	Determin	nation c	of cardio	vascula	r drugs									
• T	o study	Autaco	oids											
• Iı	nterpret	ation of	Antipy	retics										
Course	Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to					
CO1	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to CO1 Know about natural products.													
CO2	Know about natural products. Know Interpretation of cardiovascular drugs.													
CO3	Know t	he Anal	yzing ał	oout pro	stagland	dins.								
	Know inflamn		finition, lrugs.	, Classi	ification	, Nom	enclatur	e, Stru	cture a	nd Syn	thesis o	of anti-		
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	1	2	-	1	2	3		
CO2	2	3	3	3	1	2	-	2	2	2	1	3		
CO3	3	3	2	3	-	3	2	2		3	-	3		
CO4	3	1	3	1	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	3		

CHE : EC : 406 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : DRUG CHEMISTRY

UNIT – I: NATURAL PRODUCTS AS LEADS FOR NEW DRUGS

Occurrence, Structure and therapeutic uses of Drugs acting on Central Nervous System

Morphine alkaloids (morphine, codeine, thebaine, heroin, pethidine)

Cannabinoids (9-cannabinol, Tetrahydrocannabinol)

Neuromuscular Blocking Agents (Curare, Decamethonium)

Vinca Alkaloids (Vincristin and Vinblastin), Taxol and Taxotere, podophyllotoxin, Etoposide, Teniposide.

UNIT – II: CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis.

Cardiac glycosides (ex: Digoxin, Digitoxin);

Antihypertensive drugs (ex: Methyl dopa, Clonidene hydrochloride);

Antiarrhythmic agents (ex: Quinidine sulfate);

Antisympathetic drugs (ex: Propranolol hydrochloride, Verapamil hydrochloride);

Vasopressor drugs (ex: Prenylamine, Buphenine).

UNIT – III: AUTACOIDS

Definition, Occurrence, Isolation, Nomenclature, Classification, Synthesis, Biosynthesis and Stereochemical structures of Prostaglandins. Structural elucidation of PGE_1 , PGE_2 ; Synthesis and biosynthesis of PGE_2 , $PGF_{2\alpha}$.

Structure and Biosynthesis of Thromboxane A2 and Prostacyclin (synthesis not expected).

UNIT – IV: ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis of Paracetamol, Aspirin (Antipyretic), Salol, Cinchophen, Antipyrene, Phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Tolmetin, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen.

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashitosh Kar
- 2. Medicinal Chemistry by D. Sriram, P. Yogeeswari
- 3. Medicinal Chemistry by David A. Williams, Thomas L. Lemke
- 4. Medicinal Chemistry by V. Alagarsamy
- 5. Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana
- 6. Natural Products Chemistry and Applications by Sujata V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, S. Meenakshi
- 7. Medicinal Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Madhu Chopra
- 8. Medicinal Chemistry by Balkishen Razdar
- 9. Advanced Practical Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutosh Kar
- 10. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products by O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 11. Chemistry of Natural Products by S. V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M. Sivakumar
- 12. Natural Products Chemistry by K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.

CHE	EC 40	6 B	Ele	ctroana	lytical	Techniq	ues	L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	Credits	5	
Pre-r	equisit	e: Unde	rstandi	ng of El	ectroan	alytical 7	Fechnic	lues					
	Cours	e Objec	ctives:										
•	To leas	rn abou	t the cla	ssificat	ion of e	lectroana	alytical	methods					
•	Detern	nination	of type	es of cui	rrents								
•	Princip	ole, inst	rumenta	ation, re	versible	e and irre	eversibl	e cyclic v	oltamn	nograms.			
Interpretation of Ion selective electrodes													
Cour	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to												
CO1	Abilit	y to inte	erpret p	otentior	netry a	nd condu	ctomet	ry					
CO2	Interp	retation	of resu	lts whi	le adhei	ring to D	C Polar	ography.					
CO3	Analy	sing an	d comp	iling the	e data a	nd result	s in pol	arograph	у.				
CO4	Famil	iarize T	ypes of	ion ser	sitive e	lectrodes	S.						
		Ν	Aappin	g of cou	ırse ou	tcomes v	with the	e progra	m outco	omes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	-	2	2	1	-	2	3	
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	2	-	2	2	2	1	3	
CO3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	2		3	2	3	
CO4	3	-	3	1	3	2	1	-	1	2	-	3	

CHE : EC : 406(B): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Unit I: Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods.

i) **Potentiometry-** Types of electrodes, Hydrogen gas, Calomel, Quin hydrone and glasselectrodes. Determination of pH. Potentiometric titrations.

ii) **Conductometry** – Definition of terms – conductivity, specific conductivity, cell constant. Mobility of ions, Conductometric titrations.

Unit II: D.C Polarography: Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types of Currents : Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation (derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents: Adsorption, Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.

Unit III: (i) A.C. polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography(V) Cyclic Voltammetry: Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.

Unit IV: Ion selective electrodes: Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes –metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick : Analytical Chemistry (Mc Graw Hill).

CHE-I	C- 401	0	rganon	netallic	Compou Chemis on-tran	stry &	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	
			mennsu	Eleme		SILIOII						
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing			on Comp	oounds,	Organo	metallic	Chemi	stry &	
			sition ele			1		U			2	
Course	e Objec	tives:										
						ent com						
						veral we						
						, Olefii						
						vledge o	on synth	etic app	olication	s of Or	gano–L	ithium,
0			ninium	-		oounds,	various	tunas	of read	tions of	motol	cluster
						onship a						
						s of nont						С Б.
									1105			
Course	e Outco	mes :A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able				
CO1	To Ga	in an ex	tensive	knowle	dge abo	ut dinitr	ogen co	mplexes	s of Ru(II), Os(II),Co(I)),
	Mo(0)	and dio	xygen c	omplex	es of I	r(I) and	Rh(I) an	nd on cy	clohept	atriene	and trop	ylium
	compl	exes of	oxidativ	ve, reduc	ctive elin	minatior	n reactio	ons				
CO2	To une	derstand	l mecha	nism, st	ereoche	mical as	pects ar	nd regen	eration	of catal	yst in ol	efin
	hydrog	genatior	n (Wilki	nson's c	catalyst)	, olefin o	oxygena	ation (W	acker p	rocess c	or Smidt	
						nd Fisch						
CO3						plexes ha					ltiple bo	nds and
004						or the p						
CO4						tures of				orazines	s, silicat	es
	carbid					r haloge						
						omes wit	-				1	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9		PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	1	2		2	-	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	-	2	2	-	2	-	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2		1	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	1	2	1	1	2

CHE IC 401: CORE THEORY: Co-ordination Compounds, Organometallic Chemistry and Chemistry of Non-transition Elements

UNIT -I: ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY OF TRANSITION ELEMENTS:

1.Dinitrogen complexes of Ru(II), Os (II),Co(I) and Mo(0)

2. Dioxygen complexes of Ir (I) and Rh (I)

3. Cycloheptatriene and Tropylium complexes –Oxidative addition and Reductive Elimination.

Insertion and Elimination reaction –Nucleophilic and Electrophilic attack of coordinated ligands.

UNIT -II: APPLICATIONS OF ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS 15 Hrs

Catalytic applications –Fischer –Tropsch synthesis, Olefin hydrogenation (Wilkinson catalyst).Olefin oxygenation (Wacker process or Smidt reaction) Olefin hydroformylation (Ziegler-NattaCatalysis). Synthetic applications of Organo–Lithium, –Magnesium and Aluminium compounds.Biological applications of organometallic compounds in medicine, agriculture and horticulture.

UNIT -III: METAL-TO METAL BONDS AND METAL ATOM CLUSTERS 15 Hrs

Introduction, metal carbonyl clusters –low –nuclearity (M and M) clusters, isoelectronic and isolobal relationships, High nuclearity, carbonyl clusters (HNCC'S), Hetero stomes in metal atom clusters, electron counting scheme for HNCC'S, HNCC'S of the Fe, Ru and Os group HNCC'S of the Cu, Rh and Ir group, HNCC'S of the Ni, Pd, and Pt group. Compounds with M-M multiple bonds, Major structural types, quadruple bonds, relation of clusters to multiple bonds and one dimensional solids.

UNIT –IV: CHEMISTRY OF NON-TRANSITION ELEMENTS 15 Hrs

General characteristics of the non-transition elements, special features of individual elements: Synthesis, properties and structure of their Halides and oxides, polymorphism of carbon, Phosphorus and Sulphur. Synthesis, properties and structure of boranes, carboranes, borazines, silicates, carbides, Sulphurnitrogen compounds, peroxo compounds of boron, carbon and sulphur, oxyacids of nitrogen, phosphorus, sulphur and halogens, inter halogens pseudo halides.

- 1. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Advanced In-organic chemistry VI Edition, 1999. John wiley & sons. Inc., New York.
- 2. James E. Huheey, Inorganic chemistry- Principles of structure and reactivity, IV Edition 1993. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
- 3. J.D. Lee, Concise Inorganic chemistry, V Edition 1996, ELBS, Chapman and Hall, London.
- 4. Concise Inorganic chemistry by J.D. Lee V Edition ELBS, Chapman and Hall, London.
- 5. Organometallic Chemistry by R.C. Mehrotra and Singh.

CHE-IO	C 402	In	strume	ntal M	ethods of	f Analy	sis	L-5,T-1	l,P-0	۷	4Credit	S		
Pre-re	quisite	e: Und	erstandi	ng of C	Organic S	pectros	copy an	d Appl	ications					
Cou	rse Ol	ojectiv	es:											
• (Gain so	ound kr	nowledg	ge in spo	ectroscop	oic meth	nods of	ICP-Al	ES, ICP-	MS, x-ra	y fluore	scence,		
S	spectro	scopic	techniq	ues and	their app	plication	ns							
					s like H					matogra	phy, Ca	apillary		
]	Electro	phores	is and S	upercri	tical Flui	d Chroi	natogra	aphy (S	FC).					
•]	Familia	arise wi	ith instr	umentat	tion, reso	lution a	and ioni	zation s	sources o	f GCMS	and LC	CMS.		
Course	e Outc	omes:	At the e	end of th	ne course	, the stu	ident w	ill be al	ble to					
C01	To understand the working principles, instrumentation and applications of ICP-AES and													
	ICP-MS, energy dispersive X-ray fluorescence (EDXRF), Wavelength dispersive X-ray													
	fluorescence (WDXRF).													
CO2	fluorescence (WDXRF).To understand the basic principles, procedure and components of the High-Performance													
					(HPLC),									
	Elect	trophor	esis (Cl	E), Supe	ercritical	Fluid C	hromat	ograph	y (SFC).					
CO3	To g	et kno	wledge	on inst	rumentat	tion and	d applic	cations	of GCM	S in dru	g analy	sis and		
	envii	ronmen	tal sam	ples ana	alysis.									
CO4	To in	nprove	the know	owledge	e about co	oulomet	tric tech	nniques	and their	analysis	of cation	ons (As		
	(III),	Fe (I	()) and	anions	(I- and	S2-)by	using	I2 libe	rations a	and Ce4	+ libera	tion in		
	solut													
				0	irse outo									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	-	2	1	-	1		
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	-	1	1	1		
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2		2	2	1	1	3		
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	1	1	3		

CHE-IC 402: CORE THEORY: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

UNIT –I SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS

15 Hrs

Emission Spectroscopy:

(i) ICP-AES: Principles, instrumentation, AES detectors, applications in the analysis of trace and toxic metals in water, geological and industrial samples.

(ii) ICP-MS: Principles, instrumentation, quadrupole mass spectrometers, applications

Fluorescence Spectroscopy:

i) Molecular Fluorescence Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory of fluorescence, phosphorescence, relation between intensity of fluorescence and concentration, Correlation of fluorescence with molecular structure, Fluorescence quenching, Instrumentation and applications.

ii) X-ray Fluorescence Spectroscopy: Principle, energy dispersive X-ray fluorescence (EDXRF), Wavelength dispersive X-ray fluorescence (WDXRF), applications.

UNIT – II: CHROMATOGRAPHIC METHODS

High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Principles, Stationary phases, Instrumentation, Solvent delivery system, sample introduction, gradient elution, columns and detectors.Partition Chromatography, adsorption chromatography, Gel permeation chromatography.

Capillary Electrophoresis: Principle, Electroosmotic flow, Instrumentation, Applications to separation of small ions, separation of Molecular Species, DNA sequencing

Supercritical-fluid chromatography: Supercritical-fluids, Instrumentation and Applications

UNIT -III: HYPHENATED TECHNIQUES

Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, basic instrumentation, resolution, Ionization sources- Electron impact and Chemical ionization, Mass Analyzers- Quadrupole Mass analyzer and Time- of- Flight Analyzer.

Gas Chromatography- Mass spectrometry: Introduction, GC – MS interface, processing of GC – MS data – ion chromatogram. Quantitative measurement – sample preparation, Selected ion monitoring – Application of GC-MS for Trace constituents. Drugs analysis, Environmental analysis and others.

Liquid chromatography- Mass spectrometry – Introduction – Instrumentation – liquid chromatography – Mass spectrometer Interface – Instrumental details – Processing LC-MS data – ion chromatograms, Sample preparation – selected ion monitoring. Application of LC-MS for Drug analysis, Environmental samples and others.

UNIT- IV: ELECTRO ANALYTICAL METHODS 15 Hrs

Anodic stripping voltammetry: principle, instrumentation, Hanging mercury drop electrode, application in the analysis of Pb and Cd in environmental samples, principle of cathode stripping voltammetry.

Coulometric analysis: principles of coulometric analysis with constant current, coulometric analysis with controlled potential, applications of coulometric methods for the analysis of cations-As (III), Fe (II) and I- and S₂- by using I₂ liberations and Ce⁴⁺ liberation in solutions

Ion Selective Electrodes: types of ion selective electrodes, basic properties, potentials and construction, calibration of ion selective electrodes, ion selective electrodes with fixed membrane sites, silver, lead, cadmium, sulfide, fluoride, cyanide and glass electrodes, applications in the analysis of air and water pollutants, principles of liquid membrane, gas sensing and enzyme based electrode

- 1. Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, John Laliley and Senes, New York, 6th Ed., 2007.
- 2. Analytical Chemistry Principles and Techniques, I.G. Harge, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Principles of Instrumental analysis, D.A. Skoog and J.L. Loacy, W.B. Saunders.
- 4. Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry, F. Serlie, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Vogels Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Basett, Denny Jebbary, 5th Ed. ELBs 1990.
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Willard Merrit, Dean, Stella Jr 6th Edition.
- 7. Separation methods, M.N Sastri, Himalaya Publishing Company, Mumbai.

CHE I	IC 403	T		-	ctical I:			•5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5			
D	•••		organic		U			• 1							
Pre-re	equisite	Under	standing	of Inor	ganic C	hemistry	y - Pract	ical.							
Cours	e Objec	ctives:													
• To 1	learn ab	out the	separatio	on meth	ods and	flame p	hotome	tric anal	ysis of p	pesticide	e residue	es.			
• Det	erminat	ion of tr	ansition	metal i	ons by p	olarogr	aphy.								
• Prin	 Principle, instrumentation, determination of metal ions By AAS. Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts and hydrogen bonding. 														
• Inte	Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts and hydrogen bonding.														
Cours	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able														
CO1	To understand the common laboratory techniques including separation techniques.														
CO2	Polar	Polarography, atomic absorption spectroscopy in both emission and absorption mode.													
CO3	To ga	in knov	vledge o	n imple	ementati	on of g	as chror	natograj	ohy and	HPLC	for sepa	ration			
	of mi	xtures.													
CO4	To Fa	miliariz	ze with i	nterpret	ation of	data to	structur	es by N	MR.						
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12			
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3			
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	_	3			
CO3	3	3	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	_	3			
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3			

CHE IC 403: CORE PRACTICALS: PRACTICAL - I-

Instrumental methods of analysis- II

- 1) Flame Photometry: Determination of Na and K, Ca and Li in Water and Soil.
- 2) TLC/Paper chromatographic separation.
- 3) Determination of Pesticide residues by gas chromatographic method
- 4) Polarography:a) Determination of E 1/2 of Zn and Cd; b) Determination of amounts of Zn and Cd
- 5) Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Determination of transition metal ions (Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Zn etc.) by AAS.
- 6) Separation of Metal ion by Solvent Extraction /Ion exchange.

II DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS

- 1. IR Interpretation of IR spectrum of alcohols, ketones, aldehydes and other standard materials
- 2. AAS: Demonstration of AAS Determination of Zn, Cd, Pb, Mn, Fe and Ni in effluents using AAS.
- 3. Spectrofluorimetry estimation of quinine and fluoroscene
- 4. Ion selective electrodes estimation of F⁻, S²⁻ and CN⁻ in effluents using ion selective electrode meter.
- 5. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry
- 6. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry behavior of Cd, Zn, Pb in a mixture.
- 7. Determination of Pb and Cd in samples using Anode stripping voltametr
- 8. Gas chromatography- Determination of pesticides
- 9. HPLC- Determination of pesticides
- 10. NMR
- 11. (a)Demonstration of NMR spectrometer and study of hydrogen bonding in a given alcohol or phenol.

(b)Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts of ethyl benzene, ethyl alcohol.

- 12. TGA, DTA, DSC Demonstration of TG, DTA and DSC and study of decomposition of calcium oxalate, calcium carbonate, copper sulfate, oxalic acid.
- 13. pH metry
- a. (a)Determination of alkalinity in a colored effluent using pH metric end point.
- b. (b)Determination of purity of commercial HCl, H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄ and CH₃COOH using pH metric end point

CHE IC	C 404		Р	roject V	Work		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite:	Inorga	nic Cher	nistry P	roject W	Vork			I					
• Io • A g	bility to athering	ation of o carry (g	·	pendent		-		-	-	n researd	-			
-	resentat		issertatio	n										
	Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able Ability to perform experiments, collection and evaluation of data													
CO1	Ability to perform experiments, collection and evaluation of data													
CO2	Interpretation of results while adhering to scientific principles of responsible and ethical behaviour.													
CO3	Analy disser	-	d compi	ling the	data and	d results	in a ch	ronologi	ical orde	er in the	form of	•		
CO4	Prepa	ration of	f dissert	ation.										
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	2	3	-	2	-	2	-	1	1	1		
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	3		
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	3	-	1	1	3		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	1		

CHE IC 404: PRACTIAL II/ PROJECT WORK

CHE-I	C-405A	Ins	strumen	tal Met	hods of	f Analys	sis I	3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits			
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Instr	umental	l method	ls of ana	alysis						
Cours	e Objec	tives:												
	n sound		0	-	-		s of IC	P-AES,	ICP-M	S, x-ray	/ fluore	scence,		
	ctroscop													
	omatogr								Chron	natograp	hy, Ca	pillary		
	ctrophor													
	niliarise			,						MS and	I LCMS			
	ic princi	*												
Cours	rse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1														
	energy dispersive X-fluorescence (EDXRF), Wavelength dispersive X-ray fluorescence (WDXRF).													
CO2	To understand the basic principles, procedure and components of the High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Gel Permeation Chromatography (GPC): Capillary Electrophoresis (CE),													
							atograph	iy (GPC)	: Capilla	ary Elect	trophores	515 (CE),		
CO3	-		id Chror ge on ins		•		tions of (CMS in	drug or	alveie or	d anying	nmontol		
COS	samples			uumema		applicat			anug an	lalysis al		minentai		
CO4				lge abou	t coulom	netric tec	hniques	and their	r analysi	is of cati	ons (As	(III), Fe		
			$(I^{-} and S^{2})$											
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	1		1		
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1		
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	1	1	3		
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	3		

CHE-IC 405A: CORE THEORY: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

UNIT –I SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS

15 Hrs

Emission Spectroscopy:

(i) ICP-AES: Principles, instrumentation, AES detectors, applications in the analysis of trace and toxic metals in water, geological and industrial samples.

(ii) ICP-MS: Principles, instrumentation, quadrupole mass spectrometers, applications

Fluorescence Spectroscopy:

i) Molecular Fluorescence Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory of fluorescence, phosphorescence, relation between intensity of fluorescence and concentration, Correlation of fluorescence with molecular structure, Fluorescence quenching, Instrumentation and applications.

ii) X-ray Fluorescence Spectroscopy: Principle, energy dispersive X-ray fluorescence (EDXRF), Wavelength dispersive X-ray fluorescence (WDXRF), applications.

UNIT – II: CHROMATOGRAPHIC METHODS

High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Principles, Stationary phases, Instrumentation, Solvent delivery system, sample introduction, gradient elution, columns and detectors.Partition Chromatography, adsorption chromatography, Gel permeation chromatography.

Capillary Electrophoresis: Principle, Electroosmotic flow, Instrumentation, Applications to separation of small ions, separation of Molecular Species, DNA sequencing

Supercritical-fluid chromatography: Supercritical-fluids, Instrumentation and Applications

UNIT –III: HYPHENATED TECHNIQUES

Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, basic instrumentation, resolution, Ionization sources- Electron impact and Chemical ionization, Mass Analyzers- Quadrupole Mass analyzer and Time- of- Flight Analyzer.

Gas Chromatography- Mass spectrometry: Introduction, GC – MS interface, processing of GC – MS data – ion chromatogram. Quantitative measurement – sample preparation, Selected ion monitoring – Application of GC-MS for Trace constituents. Drugs analysis, Environmental analysis and others.

Liquid chromatography- Mass spectrometry – Introduction – Instrumentation – liquid chromatography – Mass spectrometer Interface – Instrumental details – Processing LC-MS data – ion chromatograms, Sample preparation – selected ion monitoring. Application of LC-MS for Drug analysis, Environmental samples and others.

UNIT- IV: ELECTRO ANALYTICAL METHODS

Anodic stripping voltammetry: principle, instrumentation, Hanging mercury drop electrode, application in the analysis of Pb and Cd in environmental samples, principle of cathode stripping voltammetry.

Coulometric analysis: principles of coulometric analysis with constant current, coulometric analysis with controlled potential, applications of coulometric methods for the analysis of cations-As (III), Fe (II) and I- and S₂- by using I₂ liberations and Ce⁴⁺ liberation in solutions

Ion Selective Electrodes: types of ion selective electrodes, basic properties, potentials and construction, calibration of ion selective electrodes, ion selective electrodes with fixed membrane sites, silver, lead, cadmium, sulfide, fluoride, cyanide and glass electrodes, applications in the analysis of air and water pollutants, principles of liquid membrane, gas sensing and enzyme based electrode

Books Suggested

- 1) Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, John Laliley and Senes, New York, 6th Ed., 2007.
- 2) Analytical Chemistry Principles and Techniques, I.G. Harge, Prentice Hall.
- 3) Principles of Instrumental analysis, D.A. Skoog and J.L. Loacy, W.B. Saunders.
- 4) Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry, F. Serlie, Prentice Hall.
- 5) Vogels Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Basett, Denny Jebbary, 5th Ed. ELBs 1990.
- 6) Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Willard Merrit, Dean, Stella Jr 6th Edition.
- 7) Separation methods, M.N Sastri, Himalaya Publishing Company, Mumbai.

15 Hrs

CHE-I	[C-405B			rganic, hysical	0	,	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5		
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders					ganic, B	iophysi	cal Che	mistry				
Cours	Course Objectives:													
• Hig	 Highlighten metal complexes as oxygen carriers and electron transfer in biology. 													
• M	etal ion t	ranspor	t and sto	rage in	biologic	al syste	ms and	importa	nce of t	race met	als in b	iology.		
• Lea	arn physi	ologica	l functio	ons of ca	ırbohydı	rates, lip	ids, enz	ymes cl	assifica	tion, ste	reospec	ificity.		
• The	e basic c	oncepts	of biop	hysical	chemist	ry in bio	chemic	al reacti	ons, exe	ergonic	and end	ergonic		
	ctions.	•	1	-		-				-		C		
Cour	se Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course	the stud	ent will	he able	to					
CO1	Gain kı	nowledg	ge on me	etallo pro	oteins ir	n electro	n transf	er proce	sses.					
CO2	Know	he appl	ications	of trace	metal i	ons and	metal ic	ons as cl	nelating	agents i	n medic	cine.		
CO3	Achiev	e and de	evelop h	ighly st	ereosele	ctive sy	nthesis	of organ	ic comp	oounds a	and drug	s by		
	adoptin	g envire	onmenta	ully.				-	-			-		
CO4					f biopol	ymer re	actions	and to c	orrelate	free ene	ergy and	l		
	biopoly		rameters											
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	2	3	-	2	-	2	-	1	1	1		
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	3		
CO3	3	3	3	2	2		_	3	-	1	1	3		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	-		-	2	-	1		

CHE AC-405(B): (GENERIC ELECTIVE): BIOINORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I

15 Hrs

Metal complexes as oxygen carriers –Heme proteins –Hemoglobin and myoglobin –Non heme proteins –hemerythrin and hemocyanin – model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.Co-enzymes Vitamin B₁₂,carboxy peptidase and superoxidedismutase.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transfer processes –catalase –peroxidose –cytochromes and iron –sulphur proteins –synthetic models.

UNIT – II: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II: Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems, Metal ions in Biology, Molecular mechanism of ion transport across membranes: ionophores, photosynthesis.

Hydrolytic metalloenzymes: Carbonic anyhdrase, carboxy peptidase, calcium in control processes, calcium and muscle contraction, calcium and secretion, calcium in blood clotting mechanisms. Therapeutic uses of enzymes.

Importance of trace metals in biology: Metal ions as chelating agents in medicine, trace metal ions and metal and non-metal deficiency. Biological nitrogen fixation, in-vivo and in-vitro nitrogen fixation.

UNIT-III: BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Carbohydrates: Structure and biological functions of mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins, and glycolipids- Role of sugars in biological recognition-Blood group substances

Lipids: Essential fatty acids-structure and function of triglycerols, Glycerophospholipids, cholesterol, bile acids prostaglandins- composition and functioning of lipoproteins

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification, properties, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, enzyme inhibition- reversible and irreversible inhibition. Uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical laboratories.

UNIT-IV: BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY:

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions, hydrolysis of ATP, thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, chain configuration of bio polymers, and calculation of average dimensions. Membrane equilibrium, ion transport through cell membrane. dialosis and its function. Structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems, forces involved in bio polymer interactions, electrostatic forces, hydrophobic forces, molecular expansion, and dispersion forces.

- 1. M.N. Hughes, The Inorganic chemistry of Biological Processes, John wiley and Sons, New York 2nd Edition, 1981.
- 2. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao
- 3. Physical chemistry by Atkenes
- 4. Physical chemistry by Albertz.
- 5. Bio physical chemistry by Van Holde
- 6. Bio Physics by Narayanam
- 7. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 8. Chemistry of Natural Products, P.S. Kalsi, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 10. Natural products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, M.E. Wolff, John Wiley
- 12. Medicinal Chemistry, A. Kar, New Age International

CHE IO	C 406A		Dr	ug Che	mistry		L-	3,T-1,P	-2	4	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Drug	g Chemi	stry			I			
Cou	irse Ob	jectives	:									
• ′	Го learn	about t	he natur	al produ	icts as lo	eads for	new dru	ıgs				
•]	Determi	nation of	of cardio	vascula	r drugs							
• ′	Го study	Autaco	oids									
•]	Interpret	ation of	f Antipy	retics								
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Know a	bout na	tural pro	oducts.								
CO2	Know I	nterpre	tation of	cardiov	vascular	drugs.						
CO3	Know t	he Ana	lyzing al	oout pro	stagland	dins.						
CO4	Know	the De	finition	, Class	ification	, Nom	enclatur	e, Stru	cture a	nd Syn	thesis of	of anti
	inflamn	2	0									
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	3
CO3	3	3		3	-	3	-	2	-	3	-	3
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3

CHE : AC : 406 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : DRUG CHEMISTRY

UNIT - I: NATURAL PRODUCTS AS LEADS FOR NEW DRUGS

Occurrence, Structure and therapeutic uses of Drugs acting on Central Nervous System

Morphine alkaloids (morphine, codeine, thebaine, heroin, pethidine)

Cannabinoids (9-cannabinol, Tetrahydrocannabinol)

Neuromuscular Blocking Agents (Curare, Decamethonium)

Vinca Alkaloids (Vincristin and Vinblastin), Taxol and Taxotere, podophyllotoxin, Etoposide, Teniposide.

UNIT – II: CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis.

Cardiac glycosides (ex: Digoxin, Digitoxin);

Antihypertensive drugs (ex: Methyl dopa, Clonidene hydrochloride);

Antiarrhythmic agents (ex: Quinidine sulfate);

Antisympathetic drugs (ex: Propranolol hydrochloride, Verapamil hydrochloride);

Vasopressor drugs (ex: Prenylamine, Buphenine).

UNIT – III: AUTACOIDS

Definition, Occurrence, Isolation, Nomenclature, Classification, Synthesis, Biosynthesis and Stereochemical structures of Prostaglandins. Structural elucidation of PGE_1 , PGE_2 ; Synthesis and biosynthesis of PGE_2 , $PGF_{2\alpha}$.

Structure and Biosynthesis of Thromboxane A2 and Prostacyclin (synthesis not expected).

UNIT – IV: ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis of Paracetamol, Aspirin (Antipyretic), Salol, Cinchophen, Antipyrene, Phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Tolmetin, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen.

- 13. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashitosh Kar
- 14. Medicinal Chemistry by D. Sriram, P. Yogeeswari
- 15. Medicinal Chemistry by David A. Williams, Thomas L. Lemke
- 16. Medicinal Chemistry by V. Alagarsamy
- 17. Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana
- Natural Products Chemistry and Applications by Sujata V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, S. Meenakshi
- 19. Medicinal Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Madhu Chopra
- 20. Medicinal Chemistry by Balkishen Razdar
- 21. Advanced Practical Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutosh Kar
- 22. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products by O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 23. Chemistry of Natural Products by S. V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M. Sivakumar
- 24. Natural Products Chemistry by K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.

CHE	IC 406]	B	Elec	troanal	ytical 7	Techniqu	ies	L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	Credit	5	
Pre-requisite: Understanding of Electroanalytical Techniques													
 Course Objectives: To learn about the classification of electroanalytical methods 													
•	To lear	n abou	t the cla	ssificat	ion of e	lectroana	alytical	methods					
•	Detern	nination	of type	es of cu	rrents								
•													
•	Interpr	etation	of Ion s	selective	e electro	odes							
Cours	se Outo	comes:	At the e	end of th	he cours	se, the stu	ıdent w	ill able to)				
CO1	Abilit	y to int	erpret p	otentio	metry a	nd condu	ctometi	y					
CO2	Interp	retation	n of resu	lts whi	le adhei	ring to D	C Polar	ography.					
CO3	Analy	sing an	d comp	iling th	e data a	nd result	s in pol	arograph	у.				
CO4	Famil	iarize T	ypes of	ion ser	nsitive e	lectrodes	5.						
		Ν	Aappin	g of cou	urse ou	tcomes v	with the	e progra	m outco	omes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	_	2	_	2	-	3	
CO3	3	3	-	3	_	3	-	2	-	3	-	3	
CO4	3	-	3	_	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	

CHE : IC : 406(B): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Unit I: Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods.

i) **Potentiometry-** Types of electrodes, Hydrogen gas, Calomel, Quin hydrone and glasselectrodes. Determination of pH. Potentiometric titrations.

ii) Conductometry – Definition of terms – conductivity, specific conductivity, cell constant. Mobility of ions, Conductometric titrations.

Unit II: D.C Polarography :. Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types of Currents : Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation(derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents: Adsorption,Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.

Unit III: (i) A.C. polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography(V) Cyclic Voltammetry: Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.

Unit IV: Ion selective electrodes: Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes –metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick : Analytical Chemistry (Mc Graw Hill).

	OC- 40	1	Org	anic syr	nthesis 1	I	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	
Pre-re	equisite	: Unders	standing	of Orga	nic syn	thesis						
Cours	e Obje	ctives:										
				applicati pecial be			Phosph	norus, S	ulfur ar	nd Silic	on reag	ents in
	· •			ctions c emistry			•	compo	unds, a	aromatic	e comp	ounds,
• Unde	erstand	the con	ncept o	f pericy	yclic re	eactions,	, detern		of all	lowed	and for	bidden
		-		stereoch	•	-						
	•	·		ctions, S	Stereosp	pecific p	olymers	s, Therr	noplasti	cs, Fibe	ers, Elas	tomers
and I	on exch	ange res	sins.									
Cours	e Outco	omes :A	t the end	d of the o	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
Cours CO1				d of the only a second se						nd Silic	on reage	ents
	Famili Learn	arize wi about p	th the ur	nique rea c reactio	activity ons of c	of Boro arbonyl	n, Phosp	ohorus, s	Sulfur a	d carbo	nyl deri	vatives
CO1	Famili Learn olefins	arize wi about pl , conjug	th the ur hotolytic gated di	nique rea c reactio ienes CO	activity of cons of constant o	of Boro arbonyl gain kno	n, Phosp compor	ohorus, s unds, co e in the	Sulfur a	d carbo	nyl deri	vatives
CO1 CO2	Famili Learn olefins forbido	arize wi about pl , conjug len of cl	th the ur hotolytic gated di nemical	nique rea c reactio ienes CO reactions	activity ons of c O ₃ :To g s <i>viz.</i> , c	of Boro arbonyl gain kno ycloadd	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and	ohorus, s unds, co e in the d	Sulfur a onjugate determ	d carbo	nyl deri of allo	vatives wed o
CO1	Familia Learn olefins forbida Learn	arize wi about pl , conjug len of ch the meth	th the ur hotolytic gated di nemical nods of	nique rea c reactio ienes CO	activity ons of c O ₃ :To g s <i>viz.</i> , c	of Boro arbonyl gain kno ycloadd	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and	ohorus, s unds, co e in the d	Sulfur a onjugate determ	d carbo	nyl deri of allo	vatives wed o
CO1 CO2	Familia Learn olefins forbida Learn and co	arize wi about pl , conjug len of cl the meth ndensati	th the ur hotolytic gated di nemical nods of p on	nique rea c reactio ienes CC reactions preparati	activity of consolid of consolid consol	of Boron arbonyl gain kno ycloadd perties,	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and and ind	bhorus, s unds, co in the d ustrial a	Sulfur a onjugate determ opplicati	d carbo nination	nyl deri of allo various a	vatives owed or additior
CO1 CO2 CO3	Familia Learn olefins forbida Learn and co	arize wi about pl , conjug len of cl the meth ndensati arize wi	th the ur hotolytic gated di nemical nods of p on th the ur	nique rea c reactio ienes CC reactions preparati nique rea	activity of O_3 : To g s viz., co ion, pro	of Boron arbonyl gain kno ycloadd perties, of Boron	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and and ind n, Phosp	bhorus, s unds, co e in the d ustrial a bhorus, s	Sulfur a onjugate determ opplicati Sulfur a	d carbo nination ions of v nd Silice	nyl deri of allo various a	vatives owed of additior
CO1 CO2 CO3	Famili Learn olefins forbidd Learn and co Famili	arize wir about pl , conjug len of ch the meth ndensati arize wir Ma	th the ur hotolytic gated di hods of p on th the ur apping o	nique rea c reaction ienes CO reactions preparation nique rea of cours	activity of consolid of consol	of Boron arbonyl gain kno ycloadd ycloadd perties, of Boron omes wit	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and and ind n, Phosp th the p	bhorus, s unds, co in the d ustrial a bhorus, s rogram	Sulfur a onjugate determ opplicati Sulfur a	d carbo nination ions of v nd Silico nes	nyl deri of allo various a	vatives owed or addition
CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Familia Learn olefins forbidd Learn and co Familia	arize wi about p , conjug len of cl the meth ndensati arize wi Ma PO2	th the ur hotolytic gated di nemical nods of p on th the ur apping of PO3	nique rea c reaction reactions preparation nique rea of cours	activity of O_3 : To g s viz., co ion, pro	of Boron arbonyl gain kno ycloadd perties, of Boron omes wi t PO6	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and and ind n, Phosp th the p PO7	ohorus, s unds, cc e in the d ustrial a ohorus, s rogram PO8	Sulfur a onjugate determ opplicati Sulfur a	d carbo nination ons of v nd Silico nes PO10	nyl deri of allo various a	vatives owed o addition ents PO12
CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Familia Learn olefins forbidd Learn and co Familia PO1 3	arize wi about pl , conjug len of cl the meth ndensati arize wi Ma PO2 3	th the ur hotolytic gated di nods of p on th the ur apping of PO3 3	nique rea c reaction ienes CO reactions preparati nique rea of cours PO4 3	activity of consolid on solid on	of Boron arbonyl gain kno ycloadd perties, of Boron mes wit PO6 3	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and and ind n, Phosp th the p PO7 -	ohorus, s unds, co in the d ustrial a ohorus, s rogram PO8 2	Sulfur a onjugate determ opplicati Sulfur a outcon PO9 -	d carbo nination ons of v nd Silice nes PO10 2	nyl deri of allo various a	vatives owed of addition ents PO12 1
CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Familia Learn olefins forbidd Learn and co Familia	arize wi about p , conjug len of cl the meth ndensati arize wi Ma PO2	th the ur hotolytic gated di nemical nods of p on th the ur apping of PO3	nique rea c reaction reactions preparation nique rea of cours	activity of consolid of consol	of Boron arbonyl gain kno ycloadd perties, of Boron omes wi t PO6	n, Phosp compor owledge ition and and ind n, Phosp th the p PO7	ohorus, s unds, cc e in the d ustrial a ohorus, s rogram PO8	Sulfur a onjugate determ opplicati Sulfur a	d carbo nination ons of v nd Silico nes PO10	nyl deri of allo various a	vatives owed o addition ents PO12

CHE OC-401: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SYNTHESIS-I

UNIT-I: Chemistry of Organo Boran, Phophorus, Sulfur and Silicon reagents 15Hrs

Electronic structure and bonding in Boron, Phosphorus, Sulphur and Silicon compounds-Their reactivity and applications in Organic Synthesis.

Boron Reagents-Hydroboration-Organoboranes in the formation of C-C bonds, alcohols, amines, halogen and carbonyl compounds-Free radical reactions of organoboranes.

Phosphorus Reagents- Formation of carbon-carbon double bonds-Functional group transformations – deoxygenation reactions-reactivity as electrophiles- conversitoon of alcohols to alkyl halides, Witting reaction and nucleophiles - Corey-Winters reaction, Michaelis-Arbusov reaction-Perkow reaction and Mitsnobu reaction.

Sulphur Reagents- Sulphur ylides, stabilized and non-stabilized – Preparation and reactivity Pummerer reaction – sulphonyl carbanions-Julia reaction

Silicon reagents-Peterson's olefination, influence of trialkyl silyl reagents in electrophilic reactions, aryl silanes, alkenyl silanes, alkynyl silanes, allyl silanes.

UNIT-II: PHOTOCHEMISTRY

15Hr

Photochemical energy, photochemical excitations, Franck-Condon principle, electronic transitions, Jablonski diagram, singlet and triplet states, energy transfer in photochemical reactions - photosensitization reactions and quantum yield.

Photochemistry of carbonyl compounds - Norrish Type-I and Norrish Type-II reactions, Photo Reduction and Paterno-Buchi reaction. Photochemistry of α , β -unsaturated ketones, enones, dienones and p-benzoquinones.

Photochemistry of unsaturated systems (olefins), cis-trans isomerization and dimerization reactions, Photochemistry of conjugated dienes - 1,3-butadiene, aromatic compounds, Photoaddition (1,2- & 1,4-additions) and Photosubstitution reactions of benzene derivatives. Photo-Fries rearrangement and Barton reaction.

UNIT III: PERICYCLIC REACTIONS

Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3 butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene and allyl and pentadienyl system. Classification of pericyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann correlation diagrams. FMO and PMO (Mobius Huckel) approach. Electrocyclic reactions-Conrotatory and disrotatory. 4n, 4n+2 and allyl systems. Cycloadditions-antarafacial and suprafacial additions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketene, 1,3 dipolar cycloadditions and cheleotropic reactions.

Sigmatropic rearrangements - Suprafacial and antarafacial shifts of H, Sigmatropic shifts involving carbon moieties, 3,3 and 5,5 Sigmatropic rearrangements. Claisen, Cope and Oxy-Cope rearrangements. Ene reaction

UNIT IV: SYNTHETHETIC POLYMERS

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

Polymer Reactions-Addition and condensation polymerization processes- Bulk, Solution, Suspension and Emulsion polymerization.

Stereospecific Polymers-Preparation and significance- classification of polymers based on physical properties-Thermoplastics-Thermosetting plastics-Fibers and elastomers- General applications.

Preparation of Polymers-Preparation of Polymers based on different types of monomers Industrial applications-olefin polymers-Diene polymers-nylons-Glyptal resins-Urea-formaldehyde, phenol-formaldehyde and melamine resins- Epoxy resins - Ion exchange resins.

Book References:

- 1. Modern Synthetic Reactions, H.O. House, W.A Benjamin.
- 2. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, W. Carruthers, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J Sundberg, Plenum.
- 4. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie
- 5. Advanced Organic Chemistry Part A & B, F.A Carey and R. J Sunderg, Plenum Press.
- 6. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 7. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8. Modern Synthetic Reactions, H.O. House, W.A. Benjamin.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O.P. Agrawal, Vols., 1 & 2, Goel Pubs.
- 10. Natural Products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Principles of biochemistry, A.L. Lehninger worth publishers
- 12. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao

CHE-O	C 402		Or	ganic S	ynthesis	s II		L-5,T-1	l,P-0	4	Credit	S		
Pre-re	quisit	e: Und	erstandi	ng of C	rganic S	ynthesi	S							
Cou	rse O	bjectiv	es:											
• Use disconnection approach and retrosynthetic analysis and control of stereochemistry to														
design efficient multi-step syntheses involving different types of disconnection approaches														
Applications to synthesis complex naturally occurring compounds														
 Familiarize with synthesis and pharmacological properties of antimalarials and antibiotics 														
•	 Fairmanize with synthesis and pharmacological properties of antimatarials and antibiotics Understand structure and synthesis of proteins and nucleic acids 													
Cours	e Outo	comes:	At the e	end of th	ne course	, the stu	ident w	ill be al	ole to					
CO1					zation ar			ion of t	functiona	l groups	and the	e concept		
CO2	Ŭ				ulation o	. .		tes for r	aturally	occurrin	a druge			
			<u> </u>			•			•		-			
CO3			-			-	-	-			malarial	s and to		
	-				unctioni	-	-							
CO4	-		0				on, pro	perties	structu	re & co	onforma	tion and		
	biolog				des/prote									
		Ν	Aappin	g of coı	irse outo	comes v	vith the	e progra	am outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	1	_	_	_	1	-	2		
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	1	1	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	-	2	3		

CHE OC-402: CORE THEORY: ORGANIC SYNTHESIS-II

UNIT-I: DESIGNING OF ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Disconnection Approach-Classification of organic reactions. Functionalisation and interconversion of functional groups, formation of carbon-carbon single and double bonds, general strategy, disconnection and synthon approach, retrosynthetic analysis, key intermediates and starting materials in designing a synthesis, linear and convergent synthesis, reconnections. The importance of the order of events in organic synthesis, one group C-X and two group C-X disconnections, chemoselectivity, reversal of polarity, cyclisation reactions, amine synthesis.

Protecting Groups-Principles of protection of alcohol, amine, carbonyl and carboxyl groups.

One Group C-C Disconnections-Alcohols and carbonyl compounds, regioselectivity. Alkene synthesis, use of acetylenic compounds in organic synthesis.

Two Group C-C Disconnections-Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-difunctionalised compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensations, 1,5-difunctionalised compounds, Michael addition and Robinson annulation.

UNIT II: MULTI STEP SYNTHESIS

Multi step synthesis of some complex naturally occurring compounds involving through retrosynthetic analysis and control of stereochemistry, Longifolene, Taxol, Juvabione, Fediricamycine A.

UNIT III: ANTIMALARIALS AND ANTIBOTICS

Antimalarials: Synthesis and activity of Quinoline group – Quinine, Plasmoquine and Chloroquine – Acridine group – Quinacrine – Guanidine group – Paludrine.

Antibiotics: Synthesis and activity of Penicillin, Chloramphenicol and Streptomycin - Broad spectrum

15 hrs

15 Hrs

15 hrs

antibiotics – Tetracyclines, Novobiocin. Chemotherapy: Structure – activity relationships.

UNIT-IV: BIOMOLECULES

Peptides and Proteins-Methods of peptide synthesis, sequence determination, structure of oxytocin, proteins-classification, structure, conformation and properties. Nucleic acids- Nucleosides, Nucleotides, DNA and RNA, structure and conformations, replication, translation of genetic material, genetic code, gene expression, gene mutation, protein synthesis.

Book References:

- 1) Modern Synthetic Reactions, H.O. House, W.A Benjamin.
- 2) Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, W. Carruthers, Cambridge University Press.
- 3) Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J Sundberg, Plenum.
- 4) Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M Coxon, Blackie
- 5) Advanced Organic Chemistry Part A & B, F.A Carey and R. J Sunderg, Plenum Press.
- 6) Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry C.K. Inglod, Cornell University Press.
- 7) Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- 8) Modern Synthetic Reactions, H.O. House, W.A. Benjamin.
- 9) Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O.P. Agrawal, Vols., 1 & 2, Goel Pubs.
- 10) Natural Products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11) Principles of biochemistry, A.L. Lehninger worth publishers
- 12) A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao

CHE (DC 403	Spe	ectral Id	ore pra lentifica Compo	ation of	Organi		5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5
Pre-re	equisite:	Unders				ntificatio	on of or	ganic co	mpound	ls		
 Pre-requisite: Understanding of Spectral identification of organic compounds Course Objectives: Spectral identification of organic compounds by UV by calculating λ max values Identification of absorption bands by IR and ascertain to the functional groups Unambiguous assignment of structures by interpreting NMR values Predict the characteristic cleavage processes by Mass. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to 												
	1				course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
			x values									
CO2	Ascerta	in func	tional gi	oups.								
CO3	Interpre	et the sp	bectral d	ata to th	e struct	ure and s	stereoch	emistry	of the r	nolecule	es.	
CO4	Analys	se the fr	agmenta	ation pat	tern of t	he mole	cules.					
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	_	3
CO3	3	3	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	_	3
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	_	3

CHE OC 403: PRACTICAL-I

Spectral identification of organic compounds by UV, IR, NMR (¹H & ¹³C) & Mass spectroscopy.

DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS

- 1 IR Interpretation of IR spectrum of alcohols, ketones, aldehydes and other standard materials
- 2 AAS: Demonstration of AAS Determination of Zn, Cd, Pb, Mn, Fe and Ni in effluents using AAS.
- 3 Spectrofluorimetry estimation of quinine and fluoroscene
- 4 Ion selective electrodes estimation of F^- , S^{2-} and CN^- in effluents using ion selective electrode meter.
- 5 Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry
- (a) Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry behavior of Cd, Zn, Pb in a mixture.
- (b) Determination of Pb and Cd in samples using Anode stripping voltametr
- 6 Gas chromatography- Determination of pesticides
- 7 HPLC- Determination of pesticides
- 8 NMR

a). Demonstration of NMR spectrometer and study of hydrogen bonding in a given alcohol or phenol.b). Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts of ethyl benzene, ethyl alcohol

- 9 TGA, DTA, DSC Demonstration of TG, DTA and DSC and study of decomposition of calcium oxalate, calcium carbonate, copper sulfate, oxalic acid.
- 10 pH metry
- a) Determination of alkalinity in a colored effluent using pH metric end point.
- b) Determination of purity of commercial HCl, H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄ and CH₃COOH using pH metric end point

CHE O	C 404		Practica	al II: Pr	oject W	ork	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Organ	ic Chen	nistry P	roject V	Work						
Course	e Objec	tives:										
•]	dentific	cation of	probler	n by lite	erature s	urvey						
• 1	Ability (to carry	out inde	penden	tly with	compet	ency in	research	n design	and syn	thesis	
•]	Interpre	tation of	f spectra	l data to	the stru	ictures of	of the m	olecules	5			
• (Commu	nication	of resea	arch res	ults thro	ugh pre	sentatio	ns and p	oreparati	on of di	ssertatio	on
Course	e Outco	omes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
<u> </u>	T1 /	<u>c</u> .1	1.1	. 11	1 1*		1 1	. 1	,		1 •	.1
CO1	Identi proble	• •	roblem,	to colle	ct the lif	terature	and und	erstand	ing para	meters t	o desigr	n the
CO2		-	riments	to synth	esize th	e molec	ules wit	h desire	d stereo	chemist	ry adop	ting
<u> </u>		rn techn	-		1 1 /	1						
CO3			iterpreta					5.				
CO4	Prese	ntation of	of the da	ta in the	e form o	f dissert	ation.					
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	3	-	2	2	2	-	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	2	3

CHE OC 404: PRACTIAL II/ PROJECT WORK

CHE-O	C-405A	A Het	terocycl	es and I	Natural	Produc	ets I	L-3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits	5		
Pre-requisite: Understanding of Heterocycles and Natural Products														
Course Objectives:														
	• Familiarize with Hantzsch- Widmann nomenclature of Fused heterocycles. Synthesis and													
	reactivity of five membered heterocycles with two hetero atoms													
	• Understand synthesis and reactivity of benzofused five membered and six membered													
	 Gain knowledge on structural elucidation, synthesis and biosynthesis of steroids and hormones 													
		0				•		•						
			on stru	ctural e	elucidati	on, syn	thesis	and bio	synthes	is of f	lavonoi	is and		
	lavonoi		1	1 6.1		(1 (1	4 '11	1 11						
Cours	e Outco	omes: A	t the end	1 of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to					
CO1	Familia	arize wit	th the sy	nthetic	routes of	f five m	embered	d hetero	cycles v	vith two	heteroa	toms		
	and to j	justify tl	he site o	f										
CO2	Acquir	e knowl	edge on	the syn	thetic m	ethodol	ogies of	benzof	used and	d six me	mbered			
	heteroc	ycles ar	nd the ef	fect of										
CO3	Familia	arize wit	h the stu	ructural	elucidat	tion and	synthes	is of nat	urally o	occurring	g steroid	ls and		
	hormor	nes												
CO4	Know a	about is	olation,	structura	al deterr	nination	and syn	nthesis of	of flavor	noids an	ld			
	isoflavo													
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	2	1	3		
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	1	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	1	3		

CHE : OC-405(A) : (GENERIC ELECTIVE): HETEROCYCLES AND NATURAL PRODUCTS

UNIT-I: NOMENCLATURE AND FIVE MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES 15 HRS

Systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch-Widman nomenclature) for fused and bridged heterocycles, Five membered heterocycles with two heteroatoms: Synthesis and reactions of pyrazole, imidazole, isoxazole, oxazole, isothiazole and thiazole

UNIT-II: BENZOFUSED FIVE MEMBERED AND SIX MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES 15 HRS

Benzofused five membered heterocycles: Synthesis and reactions of Benzopyrazoles, Benzimidazoles and Benzoxazoles

Six Membered heterocycles with two or more heteroatoms: Synthesis and reactions of diazines (pyridazine, pyrimidine & pyrazine) and triazines (1,2,3-, 1,2,4- 1,3,5- triazines)

UNIT-III: STEROIDS AND HORMONES

Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton, Diel's hydrocarbon and stereochemistry. Isolation, structure determination and synthesis of Cholesterol (total synthesis not expected), Bile acids, Androsterone, Testosterone, Estrone, Progesterone. Biosynthesis of steroids.

15 HRS

UNIT-IV: FLAVONOIDS AND ISOFLAVONOIDS

Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination. Isolation and synthesis of Apigenin, Luteolin, Kaempferol, Quercetin, Butein, Daidzein, Biosynthesis of flavonoids and isoflavonoids: Acetate Pathway and Shikimic acid Pathway. Biological importance of flavonoids and isoflavonoids.

Reference Books:

- 1. Heterocyclic chemistry Vol. 1-3, R.R. Gupta, M.Kumar and V. Gupta, Springer Verlag.
- 2. The Chemistry of Heterocycles, T. Eicher and S. Hauptmann, Thieme.
- 3. Heterocyclic Chemistry, J.A. Joule, K. Mills and G.F. Smith, Chapman and Hall.
- 4. Heterocyclic Chemistry, T.L. Gilchrist, Longman Scientific Technical.
- 5. Contemporary Heterocyclic Chemistry, G.R. Newkome and W.W. Paudler, Wiley-Inter Science.
- 6. An Introduction to the Heterocyclic Compounds, R.M. Acheson, Jonn Wiley.
- 7. Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry, A.R. Katritzky and C.W. Rees, eds. Pergamon Press.
- 8. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 9. Introduction to Flavonoids TA Geissman.

				(C	ompulse	ory Four	dation)					
CHE-0	OC-405I	3		0	· ·	organic	:, L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5
				ophysic								
Pre-r	equisite	Unders	standing	of Bioi	norgani	c, Bioorg	ganic, B	liophysi	cal Che	mistry		
Cours	se Objec	tives:										
• Hig	ghlighten	metal o	complex	es as ox	ygen ca	rriers an	d electr	on trans	fer in b	iology.		
• M	etal ion t	ranspor	t and sto	rage in	biologic	al system	ms and	importa	nce of the	race met	als in b	iology.
• Lea	arn physi	ologica	l functio	ons of ca	rbohydı	rates, lip	ids, enz	ymes cl	assifica	tion, ste	reospeci	ificity.
• The	e basic c	oncepts	of biop	hysical	chemist	ry in bio	chemic	al reacti	ions, ex	ergonic	and end	ergonic
rea	ctions.											
Cours	se Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stude	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Gain ki	nowledg	ge on me	etallo pr	oteins ir	electro	n transf	er proce	sses.			
CO2	Know	the appl	ications	of trace	metal i	ons and	metal io	ons as cl	nelating	agents i	n medic	cine.
CO3			-		ereosele	ctive sy	nthesis	of organ	ic comp	oounds a	und drug	gs by
		0	onmenta									
CO4			•		f biopol	ymer rea	actions	and to c	orrelate	free ene	ergy and	l
	biopoly		rameters									
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	_	2	_	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	_	3	3	3

CHE AC-405(B): (GENERIC ELECTIVE): BIOINORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I

15 Hrs

Metal complexes as oxygen carriers –Heme proteins –Hemoglobin and myoglobin –Non heme proteins –hemerythrin and hemocyanin – model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.Co-enzymes Vitamin B₁₂,carboxy peptidase and superoxidedismutase.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transfer processes –catalase –peroxidose –cytochromes and iron –sulphur proteins –synthetic models.

UNIT – II: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II: Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems, Metal ions in Biology, Molecular mechanism of ion transport across membranes: ionophores, photosynthesis.

Hydrolytic metalloenzymes: Carbonic anyhdrase, carboxy peptidase, calcium in control processes, calcium and muscle contraction, calcium and secretion, calcium in blood clotting mechanisms. Therapeutic uses of enzymes.

Importance of trace metals in biology: Metal ions as chelating agents in medicine, trace metal ions and metal and non-metal deficiency. Biological nitrogen fixation, in-vivo and in-vitro nitrogen fixation.

UNIT-III: BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Carbohydrates: Structure and biological functions of mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins, and glycolipids- Role of sugars in biological recognition-Blood group substances

Lipids: Essential fatty acids-structure and function of triglycerols, Glycerophospholipids, cholesterol, bile acids prostaglandins- composition and functioning of lipoproteins

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification, properties, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, enzyme inhibition- reversible and irreversible inhibition. Uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical laboratories.

UNIT-IV: BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY:

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions, hydrolysis of ATP, thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, chain configuration of bio polymers, and calculation of average dimensions. Membrane equilibrium, ion transport through cell membrane. dialosis and its function. Structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems, forces involved in bio polymer interactions, electrostatic forces, hydrophobic forces, molecular expansion, and dispersion forces.

- 1. M.N. Hughes, The Inorganic chemistry of Biological Processes, John wiley and Sons, New York 2nd Edition, 1981.
- 2. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao
- 3. Physical chemistry by Atkenes
- 4. Physical chemistry by Albertz.
- 5. Bio physical chemistry by Van Holde
- 6. Bio Physics by Narayanam
- 7. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 8. Chemistry of Natural Products, P.S. Kalsi, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 10. Natural products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, M.E. Wolff, John Wiley
- 12. Medicinal Chemistry, A. Kar, New Age International

CHE O	C 406A		Dr	ug Che	mistry		L-	3,T-1,P	-2	40	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Drug	g Chemi	stry						
Co	ırse Ob	jectives	:									
		-	he natur	al produ	icts as le	eads for	new dru	ıgs				
•	Determi	nation c	of cardio	vascula	r drugs							
• '	To study	Autaco	oids									
•	Interpret	tation of	f Antipy	retics								
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Know a	about na	tural pro	oducts.								
CO2	Know I	interpret	tation of	cardiov	ascular	drugs.						
CO3	Know t	he Anal	lyzing al	oout pro	stagland	lins.						
CO4	Know	the De	finition	, Classi	ification	, Nom	enclatur	e, Strue	cture a	nd Syn	thesis of	of anti-
	inflamr	2	U									
		Ma	apping o	of cours	e outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	3
CO3	3	3		3	-	3	-	2	-	3	-	3
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3

CHE : OC : 406 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : DRUG CHEMISTRY

UNIT - I: NATURAL PRODUCTS AS LEADS FOR NEW DRUGS

Occurrence, Structure and therapeutic uses of Drugs acting on Central Nervous System

Morphine alkaloids (morphine, codeine, thebaine, heroin, pethidine)

Cannabinoids (9-cannabinol, Tetrahydrocannabinol)

Neuromuscular Blocking Agents (Curare, Decamethonium)

Vinca Alkaloids (Vincristin and Vinblastin), Taxol and Taxotere, podophyllotoxin, Etoposide, Teniposide.

UNIT – II: CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis.

Cardiac glycosides (ex: Digoxin, Digitoxin);

Antihypertensive drugs (ex: Methyl dopa, Clonidene hydrochloride);

Antiarrhythmic agents (ex: Quinidine sulfate);

Antisympathetic drugs (ex: Propranolol hydrochloride, Verapamil hydrochloride);

Vasopressor drugs (ex: Prenylamine, Buphenine).

UNIT – III: AUTACOIDS

Definition, Occurrence, Isolation, Nomenclature, Classification, Synthesis, Biosynthesis and Stereochemical structures of Prostaglandins. Structural elucidation of PGE_1 , PGE_2 ; Synthesis and biosynthesis of PGE_2 , $PGF_{2\alpha}$.

Structure and Biosynthesis of Thromboxane A2 and Prostacyclin (synthesis not expected).

UNIT – IV: ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis of Paracetamol, Aspirin (Antipyretic), Salol, Cinchophen, Antipyrene, Phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Tolmetin, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen.

- 25. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashitosh Kar
- 26. Medicinal Chemistry by D. Sriram, P. Yogeeswari
- 27. Medicinal Chemistry by David A. Williams, Thomas L. Lemke
- 28. Medicinal Chemistry by V. Alagarsamy
- 29. Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana
- Natural Products Chemistry and Applications by Sujata V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, S. Meenakshi
- 31. Medicinal Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Madhu Chopra
- 32. Medicinal Chemistry by Balkishen Razdar
- 33. Advanced Practical Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutosh Kar
- 34. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products by O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 35. Chemistry of Natural Products by S. V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M. Sivakumar
- 36. Natural Products Chemistry by K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.

CHE	OC 40	6B	Elect	troanal	ytical T	Techniqu	ies	L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	Credits	3		
Pre-r	equisit	e: Unde	rstandi	ng of El	ectroan	alytical T	Геchniq	ues						
	Course Objectives:													
•	• To learn about the classification of electroanalytical methods													
•	Determination of types of currents													
•	• Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms													
•	 Interpretation of Ion selective electrodes 													
Cour	Sourse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to													
CO1														
CO2	Interp	retation	n of resu	ılts whi	le adher	ring to D	C Polar	ography.						
CO3	Analy	sing an	d comp	iling th	e data a	nd result	s in pol	arograph	y.					
CO4	Famil	iarize T	ypes of	ion ser	nsitive e	lectrodes	5.							
		Ν	Aappin	g of cou	arse ou	tcomes v	with the	e progra	n outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO3	3	3	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	-	3		
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3		

CHE : OC : 406(B): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Unit I: Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods.

i) **Potentiometry-** Types of electrodes, Hydrogen gas, Calomel, Quin hydrone and glasselectrodes. Determination of pH. Potentiometric titrations.

ii) **Conductometry** – Definition of terms – conductivity, specific conductivity, cell constant. Mobility of ions, Conductometric titrations.

Unit II: D.C Polarography: Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types of Currents : Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation (derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents: Adsorption, Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.

Unit III: (i) A.C. polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography(V) Cyclic Voltammetry: Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.

Unit IV: Ion selective electrodes: Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes –metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick : Analytical Chemistry (Mc Graw Hill).

CHE-P	C- 401		Ele	ctroche	emistry		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	40	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Elec	trochem	nistry						
Cours	e Objec	tives:										
• Study	/ industr	ial elect	trochem	istry, co	orrosion	and met	hods of	prevent	ion			
• Learr	n about e	electrocl	hemical	batterie	s and ce	ells and t	heir per	forman	ce			
• Study	on elec	tro kine	etics and	electro	capillar	y pheno	mena ai	nd elect	okineti	c effect		
• Fami	liarize p	olarogra	aphy tec	hniques	and che	emical p	assivity					
Cours	e Outco	mes :A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Know t	ne techni	iques of a	lenositic	n of met	als, throw	ving nov	ver simu	Itaneous	discharg	e of cati	one and
COI			osion pro			ais, uno	ang pov	ver sinnu	nancous	uischarg		ons and
CO2			i		eries, fue	el cells a	nd nickel	l-cadmiu	m batter	ies.		
CO3						s, sedim					etals and	zeta
005	potentia		uncar dot	uble laye	a system	is, seamin		potentiai	, nun po			i Zeta
CO4			ochemica	l parame	eters; fan	niliarize	mixed lig	gand syst	ems and	l reversib	le syster	ns.
				•		mes wit					,	
						T	-	Ŭ		1		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	1	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3

CHE PC-401: CORE THEORY: ELECTROCHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: Industrial Electrochemistry

Deposition of metals, Factors influencing physical nature of electrodeposited metals – current density, concentration of electrolyte, temperature, colloidal matter, electrolyte and basis metal. Throwing power, simultaneous discharge of cations. Separation of metals by electrolysis. Electrochemical passivity. Passivity and current density. Chemical passivity. Theories of passivity. Mechanical passivity. The corrosion of metals. Hydrogen evolution type of corrosion, corrosion in presence of depolarizer. Differential oxygenation corrosion. Methods of corrosion protection.

UNIT- II: Electrochemical Devices:

Batteries- their performance – characteristics – considerations in the selection and applications, Chemistry of primary batteries - Zinc - Carbon, Mercuric oxide, silver oxide and lithium cells - Solid electrolyte cells.

Chemistry of secondary batteries – Lead acid, Nickel cadmium batteries, Water activated batteries, Fuel cells – Their thermodynamics- performance

UNIT-III: Electrokinetic's and Electro capillary phenomena: 15 Hrs

Electrical double layer, Helmholtz - Perrin, Gouy - Chapman and Stern theories of electrical double layer. Lipmann equation.

Electrokinetic effect: Electro osmosis, Electrophoresis, streaming potential, sedimentation potential and their relation to zeta potential. Determination of zeta potential from electrophoresis measurements. Tiselius apparatus. Electro capillary curves, Null points of metals and their experimental determination.

15 Hrs

15 Hr

UNIT-IV: Advances in Polarography:

(A) Polarography of Metal Complexes

Reversible, Diffusion-controlled systems, Determination of Formulae and Stability, Constants of Complexed Metal Ions, Determination of Stability Constants and Coordination Numbers of metal complexes, Calculation of Individual Complex, Stability Constants, Mixed Ligand Systems- the Method of Schaap and Mcmasters

(B) Polarography of organic compounds

Structural Effects, Nature of Electroactive group, Steric Effects, substituent Effects.

- 1. S. Glasstone. An introduction to Electrochemistry. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. P.T.K. Kissinger, W.R. Heinemann. Laboratory Techniques in Electro analytical Chemistry, Marsal Debber, Inc.
- 3. Willard, Merit. Instrumental methods of analysis, Welowarth Publiching Co.,
- 4. L. Antropov. Theoretical Electrochemistry. Mir Publications.
- 5. Silbey, Alberty, Bawendi. Physical chemistry. Jhon-Wiley & sons. 4th edition-2006.
- 6. V.S. Bagotsky. Fundamental of Electrochemistry. Jhon Wiley & Sons. 2nd editions-2006.
- 7. Introduction to polarography and allied Technique by Dr.K. Zutshi

CHE	-PC 40	2 T		•	cs, Polyı Chemis		ıd	L-5,T-1	l,P-0	4	4Credit	s		
Pre-re	equisite	e: Und	erstandi	ing of T	hermody	namics	, Polyn	ners and	Solid-st	ate Chen	nistry			
Cou	Course Objectives:													
•	• To learn thermodynamic Properties of fluids, phase equilibria and flash calculations.													
•	Thermodynamic properties of liquids, activity and activity coefficients.													
•	Polymer structures, morphology and properties.													
•	To get knowledge on concept of solid state chemistry and super conductance.													
Cours	Se Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to													
CO1	Derive Gibbs Duhem equation and to calculate fugacity and chemical potential.													
CO2	Calculate excess free energy and entropy, to draw Hildebrand curves and to correlate excess													
	functions and activity coefficients													
CO3	Learn	morph	ology, T	Гm and	Tg point	s and to	calcul	ate trans	sition ten	nperature	es and to	oidentify		
	cross	linking	in poly	mers.										
CO4	Identi	fy mag	netic pr	operties	of solid	s, magn	etic ma	terials,	supercon	ductors a	and BC	S theory		
		N	Jonnin	g of oor	urse outo	Domos N	with the	nrogr	monto	omos				
	DO1			0							DO11	DO12		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	3		
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2		
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	1		

CHE PC-402: CORE THEORY: THERMODYNAMICS, POLYMERS AND SOLID STATE **CHEMISTRY**

UNIT-I: Thermodynamic properties of fluids:

Thermodynamic relationship residual properties - systems of variable composition- ideal and non-ideal behaviour - fugacity-fugacity coefficient in solutions- Phase equilibrium of low to moderate pressuresdew point-bubble point and flash calculations.

15 Hrs **UNIT – II: Thermodynamic properties of 'Liquid Mixtures**

Activity and activity coefficients-excess free energy-excess enthalpy-excess volume-excess entropyrelation between excess functions and activity coefficients -Application of Gibbs-Deuhem equationregular solutions -van Laar theory and Scachard-Hildebrand theory.

UNIT-III: Polymers- structure and properties

Morphology and order in crystalline polymers, configuration of Polymer chains, crystal structures and polymers, Stain induced morphology, morphology of chrystalline polymers, crystallisation and meltingpolymer structure and physical properties, crystalline melting point, T_m-melting point of homogeneous series, effect of chain flexibility and other steric factors- entropy and heat of fusion, the glass transition temperature, Tg, relationship between Tm and Tg effects of molecular weight, diluents, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking.

UNIT-IV: Solid State Chemistry

Magnetic properties of solids- Classification of magnetic materials, Magnetic Susceptibility, Langevin diamagnetism, Weiss theory of para magnetism. Electronic properties of metals, insulators and semiconductors: Electronic Structure of solids, Band theory, band Structure of metals, insulators and

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

semiconductors. Electrons, holes and Excitons. The temperature dependence of conductivity of extrinsic semiconductors. Photo conductivity and photovoltaic effect –P-n-Junctions. Super conductivity: Occurence of superconductivity. Destruction of Superconductivity by magnetic fields-Meisner effect. Types of superconductors. Theories of super conductivity BCS theory.

- 1. J.M. Pransnitz. Molecular Thermodynamics of Fluid Phase Equilibrium. Prentice. Hall
- 2. Kuriocose and Rajram. Thermodynamics
- 3. Smith and Van Ners. Chemical Thermodynamics.
- 4. R.C. Srivastava, Subi. K. Saha. Thermodynamics-A care course. Prentice-Hall of India Pvt, Ltd,. 3rd edition-2007.
- 5. Silbey, Alberty, Bawendi. Physical chemistry. Jhon-Wiley & sons. 4th edition-2006.
- 6. F. W. Billmeyer, Jr.: Text Book of Polymer Science. Wiley Interscience.
- 7. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.: polymer Science. New Age international Publishers.
- 8. Solid State chemistry by M.G. Arora.
- 9. Solid State Chemistry by Wiley.

CHE F	PC 403	In		ore pra				5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits			
D	• •4		0		•	ractical		• 1						
Pre-re	quisite	Unders	standing	of Inor	ganic C	hemistry	- Pract	ical.						
Course	e Objec	tives:												
•]	Learn p	otention	netric tit	rations	of mixtu	are of ac	ids							
•]	Determi	nation of	of electro	ode pote	ential by	, polarog	raphy							
• (Determination of electrode potential by polarographyGain knowledge on interpretation of data from IR, AAS, HPLC and GC													
•]	 Determination of alkanility and purity by pH metry 													
	- Determination of arkaninty and purity by primetry													
Course	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able													
CO1	To perf	orm titr	ation of	mixture	e of hali	des and	to draw	potenti	ometry o	curves				
CO2	To lea	rn amph	nerometr	ic titrati	ions and	l mixture	es by po	larograp	ohy					
CO3	To Cor	relation	of data	obtaine	d from I	R, AAS	, HPLC	and GC	2					
CO4	To Det	erminat	ion of al	kanility	and put	rity by p	H metry	ý						
		M	apping	of cours	se outco	omes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	1	2	3	-	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	3	3		
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	3	-	2	-		2	3		
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	3		

CHE PC 403: CORE PRACTICALS: PRACTICAL - I-

- 1. Potentiometry: a) Titration of mixture of acids
 - b) Titration of mixture of halides
 - c) Titration of ferrous ammonium sulphate with potassium dichromate
 - d) Redox titrations
 - e) Solubility of Sparingly soluble salt.
 - f) Formula and instability constant of a complex
 - g) Dissociation constant of acetic acid
- 2. Polarography: a) Determination of E1/2 of Zn and Cd
 - b) Determination of Zn and Cd in mixture
 - c) Amperometric titration.

II DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS

- 1. IR Interpretation of IR spectrum of alcohols, ketones, aldehydes and other standard materials
- 2. AAS: Demonstration of AAS Determination of Zn, Cd, Pb, Mn, Fe and Ni in effluents using AAS.
- 3. Spectrofluorimetry estimation of quinine and fluoroscene
- 4. Ion selective electrodes estimation of F^- , S^{2-} and CN^- in effluents using ion selective electrode meter.
- 5. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry
- 6. Polarography and Anode stripping voltametry behavior of Cd, Zn, Pb in a mixture.
- 7. Determination of Pb and Cd in samples using Anode stripping voltametr
- 8. Gas chromatography- Determination of pesticides
- 9. HPLC- Determination of pesticides

10. NMR

- 11. (a)Demonstration of NMR spectrometer and study of hydrogen bonding in a given alcohol or phenol.
- 12. (b)Interpretation of NMR chemical shifts of ethyl benzene, ethyl alcohol.
- 13. TGA, DTA, DSC Demonstration of TG, DTA and DSC and study of decomposition of calcium oxalate, calcium carbonate, copper sulfate, oxalic acid.
- 14. pH metry
 - a. Determination of alkalinity in a colored effluent using pH metric end point.
 - b. Determination of purity of commercial HCl, H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄ and CH₃COOH using pH metric end point

CHE P	C 404		Р	roject V	Work		L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Physic	al Chem	istry Pr	oject W	ork						
Cours	e Objec	tives:										
•	Identific	ation of	f problei	n by lite	erature s	urvey						
		-	oblem i	ndepend	lently							
	Interpret											
			of research						reparati	on of di	ssertatio	on
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able				
CO1	To iden	tify resea	arch prob	olems and	d to colle	ect reseat	ch litera	ture				
CO2	To prop	ose hypo	othesis of	f a reseai	ch probl	em						
CO3	To perfo	orm rese	arch exp	eriments								
CO4	To anal	yse the d	lata and c	conclude	the resea	arch out	comes					
		Ma	apping o	of cours	se outco	mes wi	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	-	2	-	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	3

CHE PC 404: PRACTIAL II/ PROJECT WORK

CHE-P	C-405A		Cl	nemical	Kinetic	es	Ι	3,T-1,	P-2	4	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Cher	mical ki	netics						
Cours	e Objec	tives:										
			geneous								lication	S
	-		stry, che				-					
			rochem				· 1	hemical	and iso	tope eff	ects	
			ical read									
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	d of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Draw sk	crabal pH	I diagrar	n and to	separate	unimole	cular and	l bimoleo	cular rea	ctions		
CO2	Study la	ws of pl	notochen	nistry, to	derive s	tern-volr	ner equa	tion				
CO3	Identify	chromo	potentio	metry po	oints and	to invest	tigate kir	netic curi	rents and	l isotopic	effects	
CO4	Learn p	hotochei	nical thr	esholds,	chemilu	ninescer	nce					
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	3		2	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2

CHE PC-405A : (GENERIC ELECTIVE): CHEMICAL KINETICS

UNIT – I: Catalysis

Homogeneous catalysis: Steady state and equilibrium treatments of acid-base catalysis. Skrabal P^{H} diagrams, Protolytic and Prototropic mechanism. Acidity functions, Zucker, Hammett, Bunnett and Yates hypothesis in the elucidation of the mechanism. Enzyme catalysis – influence of concentration, P^{H} and temperature. **Heterogeneous Catalysis:** Mechanism of interface reactions, application of transition state theories to unimolecular and bimolecular surface reactions

UNIT – II: Photochemistry:

Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, laws of photochemistry, Quantum yield, types of excitations, Fate of excited molecule, transfer of excitation energy, kinetics of unimolecular and bimolecular photophysical process, Stern-Volmer equation, Kinetics of photochemical reaction rate constants and life times of reactive energy states, determination of rate constants of reactions, effect of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions.

UNIT-III: Electrochemical relaxation methods, Photochemical methods, Isoptopic effect 15 Hrs

Electrochemical relaxation methods:Introduction , advantages of Electrochemical transient (or) relaxation techniques, application of these methods, various types of perturbation of a system, pulse polarography, chronopotentiametry, investigation of kinetic currents by chronopotentiometry.

Photochemical methods: Introduction , phenomena of ISC, fluorescence and phosphorescence, experimental arrangement of fluorescence measurements. Example of quenching reactions.

Isotopic Effects: Equilibrium isotope effects, equilibria in solution, primary kinetic isotopic effects semiclassical treatments, Quantum-mechanical Tunneling, Reactions of the Type $H+H_2$, Transfer of H^+ , H and H^- reactions of Huonium, Isotope effect with Havier atoms.

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

Unit-IV: Photo Chemical and Radiation Chemical Reactions 15 Hrs

Photochemical reactions photochemical primary process, reactions of electronically excited states of species, photo chemical thresholds, laws of photochemical equivalence, rotating-sector technique, multi photon excitation, photosensitization, radiation chemical primary process, chemiluminiscence.

- 1. K.K. Rohatgi Mukerjee. Fundamentals of Photochemistry.
- 2. C. Kalidas. Principles of fast reactions techniques and Applications.
- 3. V. Yegnaramam, C.A. Basha And G. Prabhakar Rao : Applications of Electrochemistry.
- 4. Keith J.Laidler: Chemical Kinetics.
- 5. J. Dalton: A New System of Chemical Philosophy.
- 6. Chemical Kinetics:Keith J.Laider.

				(C	ompulse	ory Four	ndation)					
CHE-I	PC-405B		Bioinor	Ú ý	0	,	L-	5,T-1,P	-0	4	Credits	5
_				ysical (
Pre-r	equisite:	Unders	standing	of Bioi	norgani	c, Bioor	ganic, B	iophysi	cal Che	mistry		
Cours	se Objec	tives:										
• Hig	ghlighten	metal c	complex	es as ox	ygen ca	rriers ar	d electr	on trans	fer in bi	iology.		
• M	etal ion t	ranspor	t and sto	rage in	biologic	al syste	ms and	importa	nce of ti	ace met	als in bi	iology.
• Lea	arn physi	ologica	l functio	ons of ca	ırbohydı	rates, lip	ids, enz	ymes cl	assificat	tion, ste	reospec	ificity.
• The	e basic c	oncepts	of biop	hysical	chemist	ry in bio	chemic	al reacti	ons, exe	ergonic	and end	ergonic
	ctions.			•		-				C		C
Cours	se Outco	mes. A	t the end	d of the	course	the stud	ent will	he able	to			
CO1	Gain kı	nowledg	ge on me	etallo pro	oteins ir	n electro	n transf	er proce	esses.			
CO2	Know	the appl	ications	of trace	metal i	ons and	metal ic	ons as ch	nelating	agents i	n medic	ine.
CO3	Achiev	e and de	evelop h	ighly st	ereosele	ctive sy	nthesis	of organ	ic comp	ounds a	nd drug	s by
		0	onmenta									
CO4	Unders	tand the	rmodyn	amics o	f biopol	ymer re	actions	and to c	orrelate	free ene	ergy and	l
	biopoly		rameters									
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	h the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	3	-	2	-	2	-	1	1	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2		_	3	_	1	1	3
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	_		_	2	_	1

CHE PC-405(B): (GENERIC ELECTIVE): BIOINORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I: BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I

15 Hrs

Metal complexes as oxygen carriers –Heme proteins –Hemoglobin and myoglobin –Non heme proteins –hemerythrin and hemocyanin – model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.Co-enzymes Vitamin B₁₂,carboxy peptidase and superoxidedismutase.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transfer processes –catalase –peroxidose –cytochromes and iron –sulphur proteins –synthetic models.

UNIT – II: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II: Metal ion transport and storage in biological systems, Metal ions in Biology, Molecular mechanism of ion transport across membranes: ionophores, photosynthesis.

Hydrolytic metalloenzymes: Carbonic anyhdrase, carboxy peptidase, calcium in control processes, calcium and muscle contraction, calcium and secretion, calcium in blood clotting mechanisms. Therapeutic uses of enzymes.

Importance of trace metals in biology: Metal ions as chelating agents in medicine, trace metal ions and metal and non-metal deficiency. Biological nitrogen fixation,in-vivo and in-vitro nitrogen fixation.

UNIT-III: BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Carbohydrates: Structure and biological functions of mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins, and glycolipids- Role of sugars in biological recognition-Blood group substances

Lipids: Essential fatty acids-structure and function of triglycerols, Glycerophospholipids, cholesterol, bile acids prostaglandins- composition and functioning of lipoproteins

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification, properties, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, enzyme inhibition- reversible and irreversible inhibition. Uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical laboratories.

UNIT-IV: BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY:

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic and endergonic reactions, hydrolysis of ATP, thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, chain configuration of bio polymers, and calculation of average dimensions. Membrane equilibrium, ion transport through cell membrane. dialosis and its function. Structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems, forces involved in bio polymer interactions, electrostatic forces, hydrophobic forces, molecular expansion, and dispersion forces.

- 1. M.N. Hughes, The Inorganic chemistry of Biological Processes, John wiley and Sons, New York 2nd Edition, 1981.
- 2. A Text book of Biochemistry, A.V.S.S. Rama Rao
- 3. Physical chemistry by Atkenes
- 4. Physical chemistry by Albertz.
- 5. Bio physical chemistry by Van Holde
- 6. Bio Physics by Narayanam
- 7. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2, I. L. Finar, ELBS.
- 8. Chemistry of Natural Products, P.S. Kalsi, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 10. Natural products Chemistry K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.
- 11. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, M.E. Wolff, John Wiley
- 12. Medicinal Chemistry, A. Kar, New Age International

CHE P	C 406A		Dr	ug Che	mistry		L-	3,T-1,P	-2	40	Credits	
Pre-re	quisite:	Unders	standing	of Drug	g Chemi	stry						
Co	urse Ob	jectives	:									
	To learn	-		al produ	ucts as le	eads for	new dru	ıgs				
•	Determi	nation o	of cardio	vascula	r drugs							
• '	To study	Autaco	oids		_							
•	Interpret	ation of	f Antipy	retics								
Cours	e Outco	mes: A	t the end	l of the	course,	the stud	ent will	be able	to			
CO1	Know about natural products.											
CO2	Know I	nterpre	tation of	cardiov	ascular	drugs.						
CO3	Know t	he Ana	lyzing al	oout pro	stagland	dins.						
CO4	Know			, Classi	ification	i, Nom	enclatur	e, Stru	cture a	nd Syn	thesis of	of anti-
	inflamn		<u> </u>									
		Ma	apping	of cours	se outco	mes wit	th the p	rogram	outcon	nes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	_	2	-	2	_	2	-	3
CO3	3	3		3	-	3	-	2	-	3	-	3
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3

CHE : PC : 406 (A): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : DRUG CHEMISTRY

UNIT - I: NATURAL PRODUCTS AS LEADS FOR NEW DRUGS

Occurrence, Structure and therapeutic uses of Drugs acting on Central Nervous System

Morphine alkaloids (morphine, codeine, thebaine, heroin, pethidine)

Cannabinoids (9-cannabinol, Tetrahydrocannabinol)

Neuromuscular Blocking Agents (Curare, Decamethonium)

Vinca Alkaloids (Vincristin and Vinblastin), Taxol and Taxotere, podophyllotoxin, Etoposide, Teniposide.

UNIT – II: CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis.

Cardiac glycosides (ex: Digoxin, Digitoxin);

Antihypertensive drugs (ex: Methyl dopa, Clonidene hydrochloride);

Antiarrhythmic agents (ex: Quinidine sulfate);

Antisympathetic drugs (ex: Propranolol hydrochloride, Verapamil hydrochloride);

Vasopressor drugs (ex: Prenylamine, Buphenine).

UNIT – III: AUTACOIDS

Definition, Occurrence, Isolation, Nomenclature, Classification, Synthesis, Biosynthesis and Stereochemical structures of Prostaglandins. Structural elucidation of PGE₁, PGE₂; Synthesis and biosynthesis of PGE₂, PGF_{2 α}.

Structure and Biosynthesis of Thromboxane A2 and Prostacyclin (synthesis not expected).

UNIT - IV: ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS

Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Structure and Synthesis of Paracetamol, Aspirin (Antipyretic), Salol, Cinchophen, Antipyrene, Phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Tolmetin, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen.

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashitosh Kar
- 2. Medicinal Chemistry by D. Sriram, P. Yogeeswari
- 3. Medicinal Chemistry by David A. Williams, Thomas L. Lemke
- 4. Medicinal Chemistry by V. Alagarsamy
- 5. Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana
- 6. Natural Products Chemistry and Applications by Sujata V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, S. Meenakshi
- 7. Medicinal Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Madhu Chopra
- 8. Medicinal Chemistry by Balkishen Razdar
- 9. Advanced Practical Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutosh Kar
- 10. Chemistry of Organic Natural Products by O. P. Agarwal, Vols., 1 & 2, Geol Pubs.
- 11. Chemistry of Natural Products by S. V. Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M. Sivakumar
- 12. Natural Products Chemistry by K.B.G. Torssell, John Wiley, 1983.

CHE	PC 406	6 B	Ele	ctroana	lytical	Techniq	ues	L-5,T-1,	P-0	4	Credits	5		
Pre-r	equisit	e: Unde	rstandi	ng of El	ectroan	alytical T	Fechnic	lues						
	Course Objectives:													
•	• To learn about the classification of electroanalytical methods													
•	• Determination of types of currents													
•	• Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms													
 Interpretation of Ion selective electrodes 														
Cour	Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will able to													
CO1														
CO2	Interpretation of results while adhering to DC Polarography.													
CO3	Analy	sing an	d comp	iling th	e data a	nd result	s in pol	arograph	y.					
CO4	Famil	iarize T	ypes of	ion ser	sitive e	lectrodes	s.							
	L	Ν	Aappin	g of cou	irse ou	tcomes v	with the	e progra	m outco	omes				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	2	3		
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	3		
CO3	3	3	_	3	-	3	-	2	_	3	-	3		
CO4	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	3		

CHE : PC : 406 (B): (OPEN ELECTIVE) : ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES Unit I: Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods.

i) **Potentiometry-** Types of electrodes, Hydrogen gas, Calomel, Quin hydrone and glasselectrodes. Determination of pH. Potentiometric titrations.

ii) Conductometry – Definition of terms – conductivity, specific conductivity, cell constant. Mobility of ions, Conductometric titrations.

Unit II: D.C Polarography :. Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types ofCurrents : Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation(derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents: Adsorption, Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.

Unit III: (i) A.C. polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography(V) Cyclic Voltammetry: Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.

Unit IV: Ion selective electrodes: Ion-sensitive electrodes –types of ion sensitive electrodes –metal based cation and anion sensitive electrodes, solid membrane electrodes. Liquid ion-exchange electrodes, gas sensing membrane electrodes.

- 1. H.W. Willard, LL. Merrit and J.A. Dean: Instrumental Methods of Analysis. Affiliated East-West).
- 2. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (ELBS).
- 3. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West: Principles of Instrumental Analysis (Holt, Rinehart and Wilson).
- 4. J.G. Dick : Analytical Chemistry (Mc Graw Hill).