

SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY - TIRUPATI
B.S.c., (Honours) in PHYSICS (MINOR)
FIRST YEAR – II SEMESTER
(W.E.F. Academic Year 2023 - 24)

COURSE1:MECHANICSANDPROPERTIESOFMATTER

Theory

Credits:3

3hrs/week

COURSEOBJECTIVE:

The course on Mechanics and Properties of Matter aims to provide students with a fundamental understanding of the behaviour of physical systems, both in terms of mechanical motion and in terms of the properties of matter

LEARNINGOUTCOMES:

1. Students will be able to understand and apply the concepts of scalar and vector fields, calculate the gradient of a scalar field, determine the divergence and curl of a vector field.
2. Students will be able to apply the laws of motion, solve equations of motion for variable mass systems
3. Students will be able to define a rigid body and comprehend rotational kinematic relations, derive equations of motion for rotating bodies, analyze the precession of a top and gyroscope, understand the precession of the equinoxes
4. Students will be able to define central forces and provide examples, understand the characteristics and conservative nature of central forces, derive equations of motion under central forces.
5. Students will be able to differentiate between Galilean relativity and the concept of absolute frames, comprehend the postulates of the special theory of relativity, apply Lorentz transformations, understand and solve problems

UNIT-I VECTOR ANALYSIS

9hrs

Scalar and vector fields, gradient of a scalar field and its physical significance. Divergence and curl of a vector field with derivations and physical interpretation. Vector integration (line, surface and volume), Statement and proof of Gauss and Stokes theorems.

UNIT-II MECHANICS OF PARTICLES

9hrs

Laws of motion, motion of variable mass system, Equation of motion of a rocket. Conservation of energy and momentum, Collisions in two and three dimensions, Concept of impact parameter, scattering cross-section, Rutherford scattering-derivation.

UNIT-III MECHANICS OF RIGID BODIES AND CONTINUOUS MEDIA

9hrs

Definition of rigid body, rotational kinematic relations, equation of motion for a rotating body, Precession of a top, Gyroscope, Precession of the equinoxes. Elastic constants of isotropic solids and

their relations, Poisson's ratio and expression for Poisson's ratio. Classification of beams, types of bending, point load, distributed load.

UNIT-IVCENTRALFORCES

9hrs

Central forces, definition and examples, characteristics of central forces, conservative nature of central forces, conservative force as a negative gradient of potential energy, equations of motion under a . Derivation of Kepler's laws. Motion of satellites

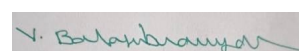
UNIT-VSPECIALTHEORYOFRELATIVITY

9hrs

Galilean relativity, Absolute frames. Michelson-Morley experiment, The negative result. Postulates of special theory of relativity. Lorentz transformation, time dilation, length contraction, addition of velocities, mass-energy relation.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. BScPhysics -TeluguAkademy, Hyderabad
2. Mechanics- D.S.Mathur,SulthanChand&Co,New Delhi
3. Mechanics-J.C.Upadhyaya,Ramprasad&Co.,Agra
4. PropertiesofMatter-D.S.Mathur,S.Chand &Co,NewDelhi,11thEdn.,2000
5. PhysicsVol. I-Resnick-Halliday-Krane,Wiley,2001
6. PropertiesofMatter– Brijlal&Subrmanyam,S.Chand&Co.1982
7. DynamicsofParticles andRigidbodies–AnilRao,Cambridge UnivPress,2006
8. Mechanics-EMPurcell, McGrawHill
9. UniversityPhysics-FWSeas,MW Zemansky&HDYoung,NarosaPublications, Delhi
10. CollegePhysics-I.T. BhimasankaramandG.Prasad.HimalayaPublishingHouse.
11. Mechanics,S.G.Venkatachalapathy,MarghamPublication,2003.



BOS Chairman

SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY - TIRUPATI
B.S.c., (Honours) in PHYSICS (MINOR)
FIRST YEAR – II SEMESTER
(W.E.F. Academic Year 2023 - 24)
COURSE1:MECHANICSANDPROPERTIESOFMATTER

Practical

Credits:1

2hrs/week

COURSEOBJECTIVE:

To develop practical skills in the use of laboratory equipment and experimental techniques for measuring properties of matter and analyzing mechanical systems.

LEARNINGOUTCOMES:

1. Mastery of experimental techniques: Students should become proficient in using laboratory equipment and experimental techniques to measure properties of matter and analyze mechanical systems.
2. Application of the or y to practice: Students should be able to apply theoretical concepts learned in lectures to real-world situations, and understand the limitations of theoretical models.
3. Accurate recording and analysis of data: Students should be able to accurately record and analyze experimental data, including understanding the significance of error analysis and statistical methods.
4. Critical thinking and problem solving: Students should be able to identify sources of error, troubleshoot experimental problems, and develop critical thinking skills in experimental design and analysis.
5. Understanding of physical principles: Students should develop an understanding of the physical principles governing mechanical systems and the properties of matter, including elasticity, viscosity, and thermal expansion.

Minimum of 6 experiments to be done and recorded

1. Viscosity of liquid by the flow method (Poiseuille' smethod)
2. Young' smodulus of the material of a bar (scale)by uniform bending
3. Young' smodulus of the material a bar(scale)by non-uniform bending
4. Surface tension of a liquid by capillaryrise method
5. Determination of radius of capillary tube by Hgthread method
6. Viscosity of liquid by Searle's visco meter method
7. Bifilar suspension–moment of inertia of a regular rectangular body.
8. Determination of moment of inertia using Fly-wheel
9. Determination of the height of a building using a sextant.
10. Rigidity modulus of material of a wire-dynamic method (torsional pendulum)

SEMESTER-II
COURSE1:MECHANICSANDPROPERTIESOFMATTER STUDENT
ACTIVITIES

Unit I: Vector Analysis
Activity: Field Mapping

Students can choose a physical field (e.g., temperature, magnetic field) and create a field map by taking measurements at different points. They can then calculate the gradient of the field and analyze the variations. This activity helps them understand the concept of gradient in a scalar field.

Unit II: Mechanics of Particles
Activity: Collision Experiments

Students can set up simple collision experiments using marbles, carts, or other objects. They can measure the initial and final velocities, masses, and analyze the momentum conservation. By varying the conditions (e.g., masses, initial velocities), they can observe the effects on the collision outcomes.

Unit III: Mechanics of Rigid Bodies and Continuous Media
Activity: Balancing Act


Students can experiment with balancing various objects (e.g., rulers, books) on different points to understand the concept of center of mass and stability. They can analyze the equilibrium conditions and explore how the position of the center of mass affects the stability.

Unit IV: Central Forces
Activity: Pendulum Motion

Students can investigate the motion of a simple pendulum by varying its length and measuring the time period. They can analyze the relationship between the period and the length, and discuss the concept of centripetal force and its role in circular motion.

Unit V: Special Theory of Relativity
Activity: Time Measurement

Students can perform a time measurement experiment using simple devices like water clocks or sand timers. They can compare the measured time between two events at different relative speeds and discuss the concept of time dilation.



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